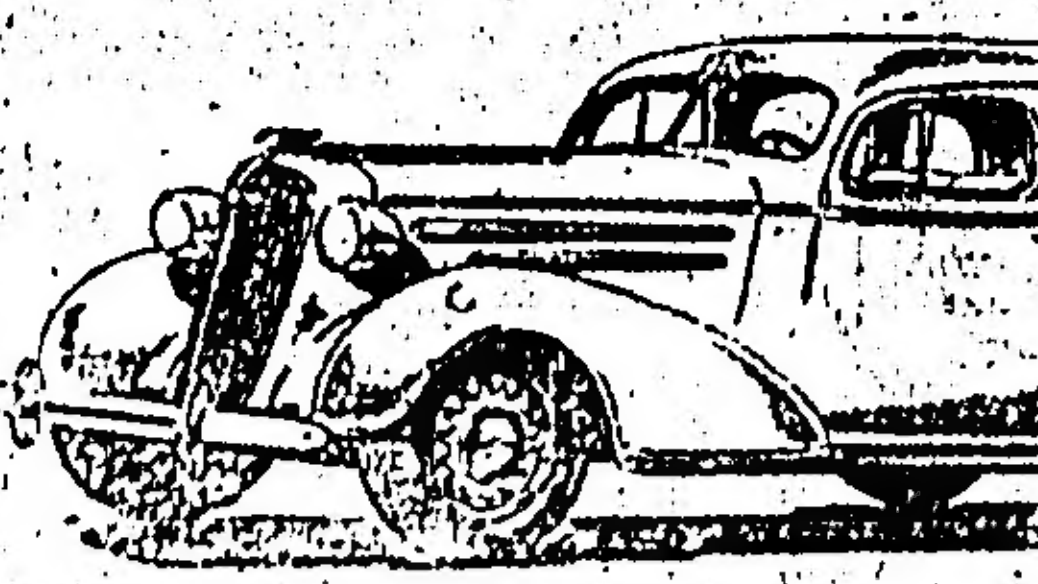


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KING CONFERS WITH BROTHER PRINCES

Baldwin Spends Hours At Belvedere Conference MYSTERY PLANE ON URGENT MISSION TO CANNES

There have been no sensational developments with respect to the British crisis during the last 24 hours, although lengthy conferences at Fort Belvedere between His Majesty the King and his Prime Minister, Mr. Stanley Baldwin, have given rise to the suggestion that a climax is at hand.

It is believed that the Duke of York, Heir Presumptive, also attended the conference at Fort Belvedere. The Duke of Kent was present.

Major Alexander Hardinge, the King's Private Secretary, went to call on the Archbishop of Canterbury during the evening, and Sir John Simon, the Home Secretary, waited at No. 10 Downing Street at a late hour against the Prime Minister's return.

Meanwhile, public notice had been caught by the mysterious flight of a closely-guarded aeroplane from Croydon to Cannes, with three passengers aboard. It is suggested in some quarters that His Majesty may fly to Cannes to discuss the situation with Mrs. Ernest Simpson before taking a final decision as to their future relationship.

Informal Talks At Downing Street

London, Dec. 8. Informal consultations were continued to-day both at Downing Street and at Fort Belvedere in connection with the situation arising from the question of the King's marriage. No statement has been made, and the Prime Minister has not attended the House of Commons. In his absence the Home Secretary replied this afternoon to an enquiry by Mr. C. R. Attlee, Opposition leader.

Sir John Simon said: "The Prime Minister has asked me to express his regret at not being able to reply in person. He has, however, nothing to add to the statement which he made yesterday."

Mr. Attlee then asked: "Can the Right Honourable gentlemen give an indication as to when the House will receive further information?"
"No, Sir, I must leave the Prime Minister to do that," said Sir John.

This morning Sir John Simon and Sir Samuel Hoare were with Mr. Baldwin at No. 10 for nearly two hours. In the afternoon Lord Halifax called, and later Mr. Baldwin left by car for Fort Belvedere, accompanied by Mr. Monckton, Attorney General to the Duke of Cornwall, and Sir Eric Mielville, Secretary to the Duke of York. When they arrived the Duke of Kent, who had called at Fort Belvedere before lunch, had not yet left.

A general exchange of views on the constitutional question took place at a meeting of the Parliament Labour party at the House of Commons to-day. There was a full attendance. While no resolution was submitted and no official statement made, it is understood the party decided at this stage to do nothing that would in any way embarrass the Government.

The Duke and Duchess of York returned to their residence at 145 Piccadilly this morning after spending the week-end at the Royal Lodge, Windsor Great Park—British Wireless.

Important Talks At Belvedere

London, Dec. 8. Important discussions are apparently proceeding at Fort Belvedere, the King's residence, where Mr. Stanley Baldwin, the Prime Minister, arrived by motor car at 5.30 p.m., accompanied by Mr. W. T. Monckton, K.C., financial adviser to the Duke of Cornwall, and Sir Eric Mielville, Secretary to the Duke of York. It is understood that Sir Eric Mielville, the Duke of York's private secretary, was also present.

The Duke of Kent had been with His Majesty for some time when the Duke of York's car entered the back gates of Fort Belvedere at 6.30 p.m. with an unidentified occupant.

Simon Awaits Prime Minister's Return

After dining with the King, the Duke of York and the Duke of Kent,

HEIR CONFERS WITH MONARCH, SAYS RUMOUR



His Royal Highness the Duke of York

Mr. Baldwin left Fort Belvedere at 10.15 p.m. To No. 10 Downing Street, the Prime Minister's official home, came Sir John Simon, at 11.30 p.m. The Home Secretary arrived before the Prime Minister and waited for him.

After dinner, says another source, Mr. Baldwin returned to Downing Street from Fort Belvedere, and there will be no further meetings to-night. An ordinary meeting of the Cabinet will be held at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Meanwhile, Major Alexander Hardinge, Private Secretary to the King, drove to Lambeth Palace from Buckingham Palace during the evening to see the Archbishop of Canterbury.

Eden Will Remain in London

Mr. Anthony Eden, the Foreign Secretary, has decided not to attend the League of Nations Council meeting at Geneva on Thursday and Great Britain will be represented by Lord Cranborne.—Reuter.

Lengthy Conversations At Belvedere

London, Dec. 8. The Prime Minister, Mr. Stanley Baldwin, conferred at great length with King Edward to-day. He spent several hours at Fort Belvedere and apparently dined there while the King weighed his problem.

The Duke of York is believed to have been present at the conversations, as his car was seen to enter the grounds by the rear entrance.

The King's tragic romance is apparently, swiftly approaching a climax. It has been authoritatively suggested that a decision will be reached to-morrow night. Other sources said it might come to light to-morrow.—(Continued on Page 5.)

THREE ON MYSTERY FLIGHT

HURRY TO CANNES FROM CROYDON USING KING'S PLANE?

London, Dec. 8.

Much curiosity is being exhibited here regarding a mysterious aeroplane which left Croydon this morning for Cannes. After an hour's delay, owing to bad weather conditions, the aeroplane flew on from Le Touquet, Paris, despite the storm, which was still un-
diminished.

The occupants are stated to be three men. One report says they are Home Office officials.

A cordon of gendarmes guarded the aerodromes, both at Le Bourget and at Lyons, where the plane was expected to refuel. Nobody was allowed to approach the landing fields.—Reuter.

Off For Marseilles

Lyons, Dec. 8. The mystery plane from Croydon, on route to Cannes, departed for Marseilles after refueling here.—Reuter.

Passengers Identified

Marseilles, Dec. 8. A plane from Croydon, England, carrying three passengers, landed here to-day. Its occupants are expected to remain here until to-morrow. Marseilles is only 90 miles from Cannes by road.

The passengers are reported to be a Mr. Kierulff, Mr. Theodore Goddard, Mrs. Ernest Simpson's solicitor, and a clerk.

While the pilot and wireless operator of the plane remained at the airport, the three passengers drove to Marseilles by taxi. The plane is remaining at the airport until to-morrow.

Leave For Cannes

The three passengers of the plane from Croydon, it was announced later, after dining at a local hotel, left by motor car for Cannes.—Reuter.

Mrs. Simpson Well

Cannes, Dec. 8. Lord Brownlow, who is Lord-in-Waiting to His Majesty the King, and who yesterday issued on Mrs. Ernest Simpson's behalf a statement which has been interpreted in the London press as a renunciation of that lady's love for His Majesty, to-day issued a further announcement. Mrs. Simpson, he said, would remain at Cannes over Christmas.

He added that Mrs. Simpson was keeping well.—Reuter.

King's Plane?

Paris, Dec. 8. A mysterious plane, believed to belong to King Edward, passed through Paris en route to Cannes from Croydon to-day, piloted by Capt. C. J. Almon and carrying three passengers, including two members of the law firm of Theodore Goddard.—(Continued on Page 5.)

MADRID PREPARES TO MEET ATTACK

FOREIGN TROOPS TO FIGHT FOR CITY

ARTILLERY ACTIVE

Madrid, Dec. 8.

At daybreak to-day Leftist military authorities moved fresh shock troops into the front lines. This is believed to be a sure sign that the anticipated "big attack" is at hand and that the Leftists have word of it.

Furthermore, Madrid was subjected to a shattering artillery bombardment throughout the night, in which the Rightists' batteries concentrated their fire on the north-western sections of the defenders' lines. Apparently they are attempting to pave the way for an infantry attack in that direction.

In the last few days the Rightists have moved up many carloads of arms and munitions and 40 new aero-
planes.

Meanwhile, the Leftists are feverishly entrenching themselves and have hurriedly erected barbed wire entanglements at weakened points.

The Catalan authorities at Barcelona estimate there are 27,000 foreign volunteers assisting the Leftists. The majority of these have been despatched to the front to reinforce the Foreign Brigade, which has suffered heavy losses.

It is believed that the impending battle for Madrid will largely be fought between two foreign armies.

INTERNATIONAL FORCE

Reliable quarters state that the Leftist international force includes 6,000 Frenchmen, 8,000 anti-Fascist Italians, 1,200 anti-Nazi Germans, 800 Belgians and 200 Poles. No mention is made of Russian troops, who have been previously reported in Spain in large numbers.

General Francisco Franco, the rebel leader, is reported to have a backbone of a new offensive army, 22,000 Germans, 14,500 Italians and 300 Irish Fascists.—United Press.

AIR RAIDS CONTINUE

Madrid, Dec. 8.

Quiet conditions still prevail on all fronts around Madrid, except that the bombardment of the capital continues. Insurgent planes carried out a number of raids to-day.

It is reported that a well-equipped Government column is harassing Toledo.

An aeroplane in the service of the Foreign Embassy was shot between Madrid and Toulouse, at Pastrana, and two newspaper correspondents were injured and a Red Cross representative wounded.—Reuter Bulletin Service.

TROOPS FROM MOROCCO

Gibraltar, Dec. 8.

It is reported that three French steamers are en route for Alicante carrying troops for the insurgents from Morocco.—Reuter Bulletin Service.

HOPE OF SETTLING DISPUTE

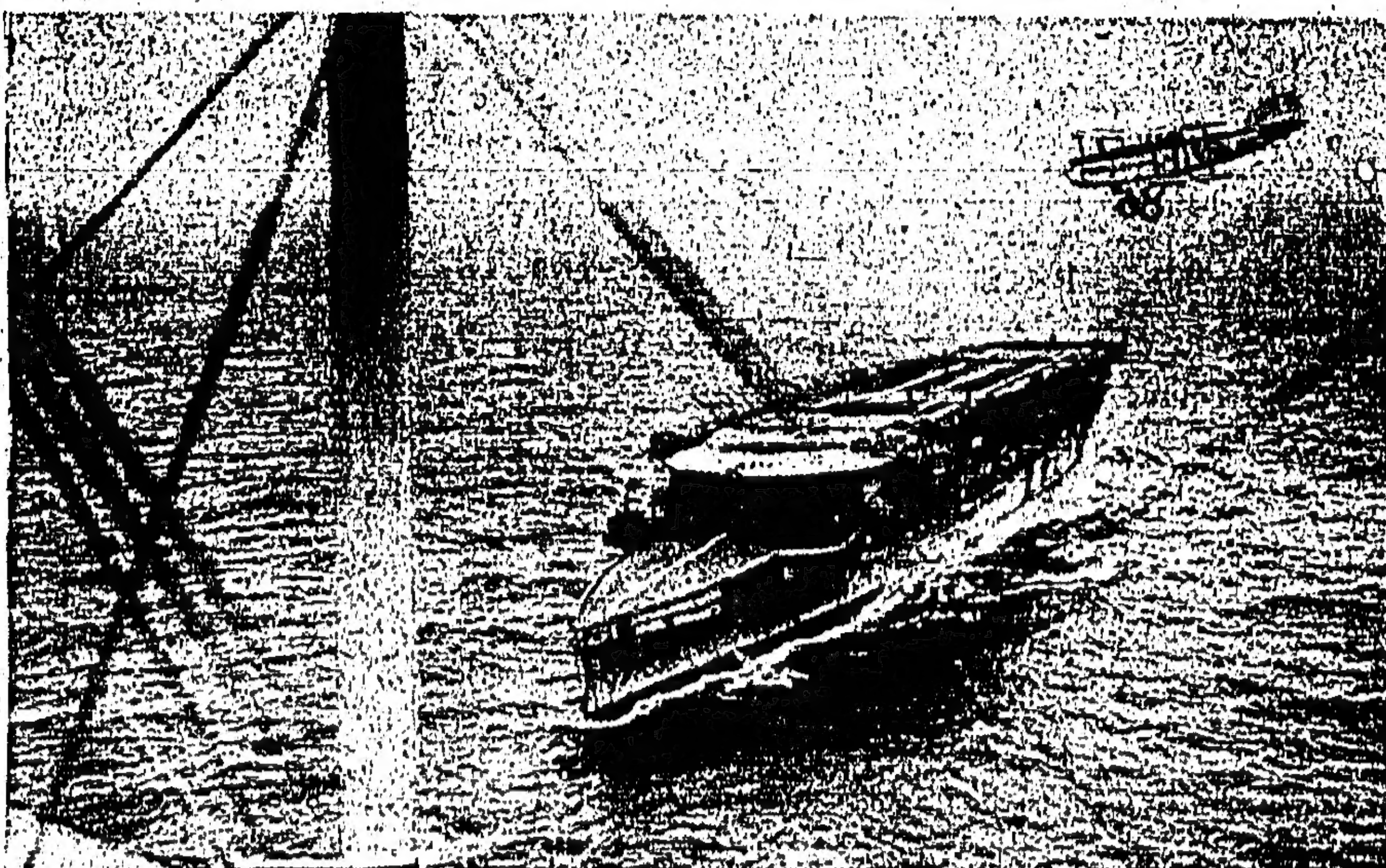
SCHOONER OWNERS MAY COMPROMISE AND THUS END LONG STRIKE

San Francisco, Dec. 8. Reports of negotiations between schooner operators and the Masters, Mates and Pilots' Association have spread hopes of peace on the American waterfront by Christmas-time, since an agreement would permit resumption of schooner operations and smash the ship-owners' united front, thus completing the first step in the campaign of Mr. F. W. McGraw, of the Labour Department, to drive a diplomatic wedge.—United Press.

LABOUR TURMOIL

Waltham, Wis., Dec. 8. Circuit Judge O. M. Davidson has asked Governor La Follette to send militia to Racine to halt "anarchy" existing there, due to the J. I. Case and Company dispute with its employees.—United Press.

BRITAIN'S EYES IN MEDITERRANEAN



With repeated crises developing in the Mediterranean, the activities of British warships there have been the cause of comment and criticism in recent months. One of the most important units of the Mediterranean Fleet is H.M.S. Furiosus, above, whose brood of fighting planes broadens the horizon of watchful men-o'-war.

PRESIDENT QUEZON ON VISIT

WITH LARGE PARTY OF FRIENDS



President Manuel Quezon of the Philippines arrived in Hongkong this morning aboard the C.P.S. liner Empress of Japan. He is accompanied by a large party of friends, including a number of members of the Assembly and Ministers of his Cabinet.

President Quezon was still in bed when friends went aboard the liner at 8.45 a.m. and some 20 or 30 people were received by him before he rose. Later he left the ship and proceeded to the Peninsula Hotel where he and his party will be staying while in Hongkong.

The President's plans have not been announced as yet and this morning he refused to see Press representatives, an interview being arranged for a later date. It is understood, however, that President Quezon will proceed to Canton on Friday for a few days and will board the Empress of Asia on December 16 and return to Manila without proceeding further north, as was expected.

Carried as freight aboard the Empress of Japan was the President's car which immediately the ship docked was unloaded onto the wharf and prepared for the road here with new licence plates.

TURN BACK TO BLUM

COMMUNISTS NOT DESERTING

Paris, Dec. 8. The threat hanging over the Blum Government, since the Communists abstained from voting on a confidence division on December 6, which the Government won narrowly, has now been averted.

The Secretary-General of the Communist Party, M. Thorez, has announced that the deputies of his political persuasion will in future support the Government as in the past.—Reuter.

40 PERISH AS BUILDING COLLAPSES

Women, Children Chief Victims

Liebau, Dec. 8. Forty people were killed and over a hundred injured at a meeting of a Catholic society at Liebau, when a school building collapsed, owing to overcrowding.

Most of the victims are women and children.—Reuter.

FLOODS RAVAGE ANATOLIA

OVER 300 PERISH; THOUSANDS STARVE

50,000 LEFT HOMELESS

Istanbul, Dec. 8. Over 300 persons have been drowned in a flood disaster at Odun, South Anatolia, thousands are injured and 50,000 homeless.

The survivors are suffering from cold and starvation, and are wondering aimlessly about, practically un-
clothed.

The whole of the cotton and orange plantations of the once fertile area are destroyed.—Reuter Bulletin Service.

Big Output Of Aircraft

CHINA IS AMERICA'S BEST CUSTOMER

Washington, Dec. 8. The Bureau of Air Commerce reported to-day that American manufacturers had produced 2,197 planes in the first nine months of 1936, an increase of 68 per cent. compared with last year's output.

Of the total, 873 were military machines.

China is America's biggest customer in the aeroplane market, taking 112 planes since the beginning of 1936. The Argentine has purchased 41, Mexico 33, Canada 27, Japan five, and Russia and Spain one each.—United Press.

BRITISH FINANCES

London, Dec. 8. Exchequer returns show that the total ordinary revenue amounts to £240,079,408 compared with £240,099,538 at the corresponding date of last year. Total ordinary expenditure is £284,640,288, compared with £212,186,310 at the corresponding date of 1935.—British Wireless.

PARIS TO TUNIS ON FIRST HOP

PERAUD AND DENIS SET FAST PACE

HEADING FOR TOKYO

Tunis, Dec. 8. On a sky-trail few have flown, which leads them from Paris to Tokyo, Jean Peraud and Gilbert Denis, two brilliant French pilots, arrived here from Paris to-day, having completed this first leg of their long flight in something less than seven hours.

Starting from Paris at 8.36 a.m., they set their powerful machine down in this African city at 3.15 p.m. the same day.

They are attempting to lower the record for the flight and thus qualify for the prize of 400,000 francs which the Ministry of Transport is offering.

The daring young aviator, Japy, who arrived at Hongkong recently on his ill-fated race to Tokyo from Le Bourget, was alone on his adventure. He scarcely slept at all during his flight—which probably accounted for the fact of his flying into a mountain side when nearing his goal in Japan. But Peraud and Denis are both competent at the controls, and while one rests the other can still drive their roaring plane along the course prescribed.—Reuter.

MERMOZ STILL MISSING

Paris, Dec. 8. Germany has ordered the aircraft carrier Dorn to join in the search for the French flier Mermoz, missing over the Atlantic on a mail route test flight.

The freighters Crichton and Jean Louis Dreyfus have also sent wireless reports that they are searching for the lost aviator.—United Press.

Girl Guilty In "Dope" Trial

MARIA WENDT FACES LONG PRISON TERM

Los Angeles, Dec. 8. A Federal Court jury has found Maria Wendt, a 21-year-old girl, guilty of smuggling \$100,000 worth of narcotics into the United States, cleverly concealed in the compartments of trunks.

The girl was arrested in San Pedro aboard a Japanese ship, and though it is known she had accomplices, she alone was taken. It was suggested in defense that she was merely the innocent tool of unscrupulous "dope runners."

Since she has been in custody, Maria Wendt has twice attempted to take her own life, the last time by swallowing poison.—United Press.

He will thank you for this Pullover

YOU NEED

9 ozs LEE'S FLEETKNIT Wool Shade 24.

One pr each No 4 and No 8 Double Century Knitting Needles.

MEASUREMENTS

Width all round at under-arm, 36 inches.

ABBREVIATIONS

K knit, p purl, tog together, sts stitches, beg, beginning.

BACK

Using No 8 needles cast on 64 sts and knit in rib of k 1, p 1 for 3 1/2 inches.

Using No 4 needles knit across row, increasing 1 st every 8th st (72 sts). Purl back.

Now begin pattern. 1st and 2nd rows.—K 3, p 3. Repeat from * to end of row. 3rd row.—K 2, p 3, * k 1 p 3. Repeat from * to end of row. 4th row.—P 1, k 3, * p 3, k 3. Repeat from * until 2 sts remain, p 2. 5th row.—K 1, p 3, * k 3, p 3. Repeat from * until 2 sts remain, k 2. 6th row.—P 2, k 3, * p 3, k 3. Repeat from * until 1 st remains, p 1. 7th and 8th rows.—* p 3, k 3. Repeat from * to end of row. 9th row.—Same as 6th row. 10th row.—Same as 5th row. 11th row.—Same as 4th row. 12th row.—Same as 3rd row. These 12 rows form the pattern.

Work in pattern until work measures about 12 inches from the beg, then shape the armholes as follows:

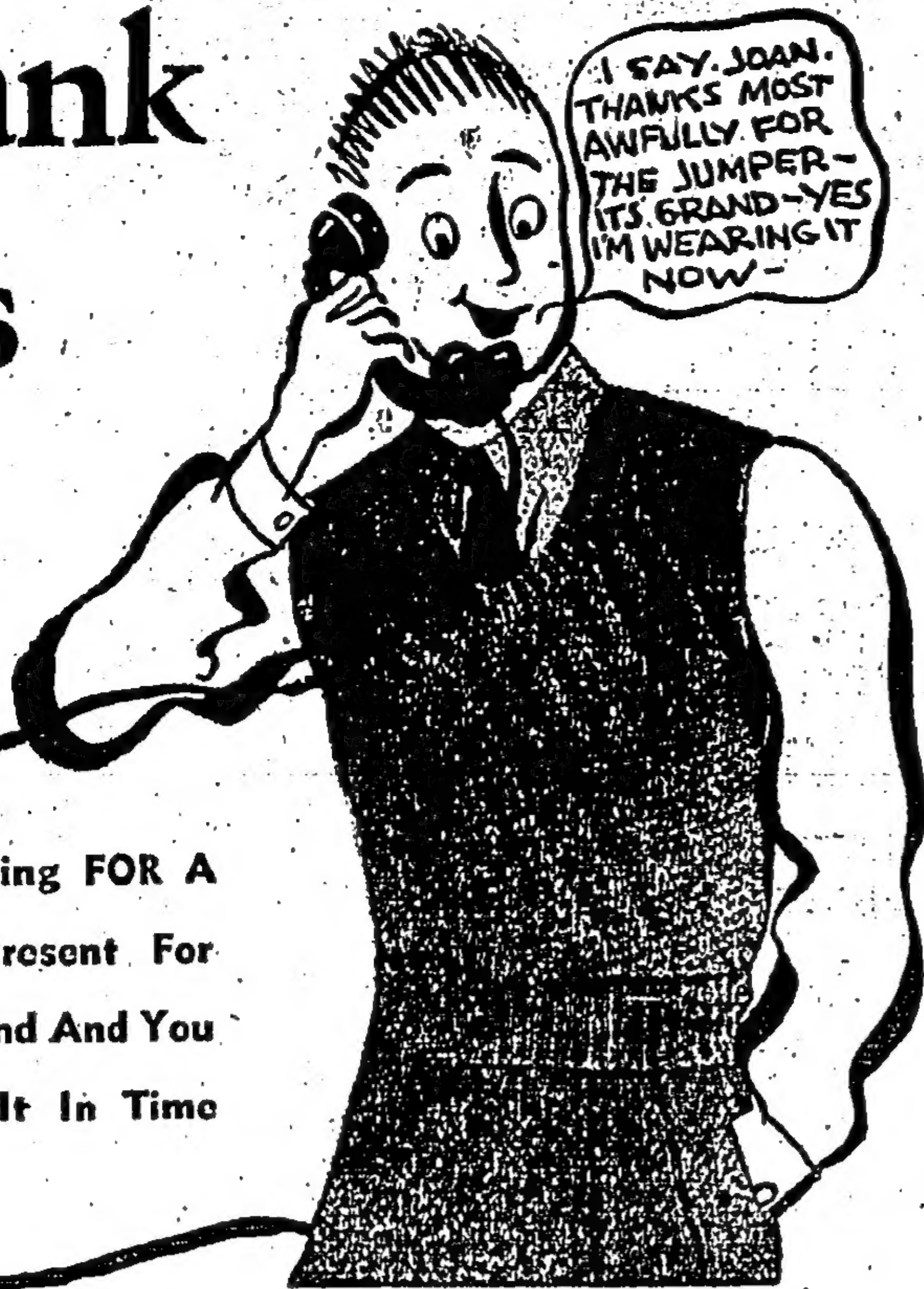
Cast off 6 sts at the beg of the next 2 rows, then k 2 tog at the beg only of the next 6 rows, being careful to keep to the pattern. There should now be 54 sts of the needle.

Continue knitting in pattern without shaping until armhole measures 8 1/2 inches measured on the straight.

Then k 15 sts in pattern, cast off 24 k 15 sts in pattern to end of row. Shape shoulder by casting off 5 sts on armhole side until all the stitches have been cast off.

Join wool to neck side of other shoulder and work in pattern, casting off 5 sts on armhole side until all the stitches have been cast off.

Just The Thing FOR A Christmas Present For The Boy Friend And You Can Finish It In Time



Put baby to sleep on his tummy

DISTRIBUTING medical aid to a depression-ridden community gives a soft-hearted doctor the creeps; especially if he believes that the State should support medicine as it supports public librarians and garbage men.

In 1920 Dr. Fraser, well known New York mother-and-child specialist, found that depressions didn't stop people having babies or children getting ill—they did more of each, in fact—but it did stop them paying for the privilege.

Getting all the time more State-support-for-hospital-conscious, there were just about two places a man like Dr. Fraser could go: to Soviet Russia or to a remote tropical island.

No sympathiser with the Communist cause, Dr. Fraser chose the latter. Drawing out of the bank such money as he still had left, marrying a woman who had a feeling for islands, he set sail for Hawaii. That's where I found him.

He's settled down Here

HE has built himself a little house on a hill with a view of the two-mile-distant sea. His wife makes you soup from the pulp of the green coconut, bakes paw-paws and mangoes, serves sucking pig with pol.

Poi, explained Dr. Fraser, is a food that I should take plenty of. It is very rich with calcium, and with plenty of calcium for the mother the old saying a tooth for a child no longer holds good.

... is the advice **MOLLY CASTLE** was given by a doctor in Honolulu

Luckily for you, calcium is found in other foods: milk, cheese, raw leafy vegetables.

Telling me what to Do

DR. FRASER must have been a very solicitous doctor. He made me sit in a big chair with my feet up while he gave me hints on baby care. A small, sunburned, almost naked baby about eight months old crawled sturdily around the floor, proved that he knew what he was talking about.

His own son is never known to cry. When he bumps his head he looks surprised and goes on crawling. He doesn't even cry—or sing—for his supper. He would sleep right through from tea to breakfast, and did, in fact, until his weight chart proved the advisability of waking him up for a ten o'clock meal.

One of the reasons why he doesn't cry (though goodness knows in that paradise there seems very little reason why he should) is because he hasn't got the habit. From birth he has lain on his stomach instead of on his back, explained Dr. Fraser, and there were a lot of good reasons for that.

Reasons for not Crying

FOR one thing a baby lying on its front very rarely gets colic. A reason less to cry. Another reason, instead of kicking around wasting muscular energy on the air, if he pushes at all he starts quite soon being strong enough to push himself up. That gives him good exercise, strengthens his back and is an entertaining pastime.

The third reason is that unless there's something pretty wrong with him, something, maybe, in the shape of a good sharp pin or an excessive attack of hunger, it isn't really worth while to cry. It's too much trouble in that position. Try it.

That sounded fine, I admitted. Just so long as the baby doesn't smother himself. He'd laid a good many thousand babies on their frontage, said Dr. Fraser, and never known one that had. They didn't need a pillow, of course; another reason why their backs turned out so good and straight.

EVENING FROCKS for a Gay Season

NOW that the period of Court mourning is over, the autumn dance season will begin in earnest.

Evening dresses in fine net embroidered with velvet dots and other designs are being shown by Arlene, 199-207, Knightsbridge.

Artelle uses the finest and loveliest materials, and while evening dresses are important just now, she is also showing attractive suits, trimmed with fine furs for the late autumn and winter.

For the evening she uses bright red wide-mesh net embroidered with fine net leaves, with red taffeta to hem the wide skirt and for the foundation.

Among several black evening frocks is one of fine piece lace. The deep flounce has a beading of pleated tulle and is caught in front with a flat bow of pale pink ostrich feather with long black feather ends.

With a black velvet dress is worn a spray of crimson roses matching the shade of the cross-laced upper part of the full-length coat which goes with it. From the waist downwards, this coat is of black velvet.

EVENING dress with new pepum in black and white chine taffeta opening over an underdress of green velvet.



NEW PARLOPHONE RECORDS EXPECTED ON 10th., INST., PER S.S. RAJPUTANA

- F 575 (I Want a Lot of Love. Valaida (Trumpet Queen).
(I Must Have That Man. Valaida (Trumpet Queen).
F 581 (Arguments. Clapham & Dwyer, The Radio Favourites.
F 583 (Serenade Criolla. Tango. Robert Renard's Orch.
(Flowers from Tucuman. Tango. Robert Renard's Orch.
F 577 (Popular Melodies No. 2. Harold Ramsay, Organ.
F 579 (Careless Rapture. Sol. Patricia Rossborough.
(Over Sho Goes. Sol. Patricia Piano.
R2263 (Good Morning, Mrs. Barlow. RONALD FRANKAU.
(I'd Give Everything I've Got. RONALD FRANKAU.
F 590 (Shoe Shino Boy. S.F.T. Nat Gonella's Orch.
(Chinese Laundry Blues. F.T. Nat Gonella's Orch.
F 589 (I've Found a New Baby. Harry Roy's Tiger.
(I Left My Sugar. Ragamuffins.

"SWING TIME" RECORDS

- F 587 (A FINE ROMANCE. F.T. Harry Roy's Orch.
(The Way You Look To-night. F.T. Harry Roy's Orch.
F 570 (BOJANGLES OF HARLEM. F.T. Nat Gonella's Orch.
(PICK YOURSELF UP. F.T. Nat Gonella's Orch.

TSANG FOOK PIANO COMPANY.
Marina House, 19 Queen's Road, C.
Tel. 24648.



WHEN BAD WEATHER CONFINES CHILDREN TO THE HOUSE THEY ARE APT TO GET CONSTIPATED AND "OUT-OF-SORTS."

Baby's Own Tablets
CORRECT THESE TROUBLES
KEEP THE CHILDREN
REGULAR, CHEERY AND
IN PERFECT HEALTH.



Cinnamon Cake for Colds

FEW people enjoy taking cinnamon, even though it prevents colds, but if the housewife can produce some delicious Cinnamon Cakes she is killing two "birds" with one stone.

For a small cinnamon cake the following are the necessary ingredients:

HONG KONG SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN.

NOTE THIS DATE—

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10.

SALE OF WORK AT THE

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL HALL.

ALL DAY—11.30 A.M.—5.30 P.M.

There will be:

Woolworth Specialties, Xmas Cards

and Presents, White Elephant Stall,

Delicious Home Produce, Attractive

Knitted Garments, etc.

REAL VALUE FOR MONEY.



FASHION'S FAVOURITE



Kayser* Mir-O-Kleer* stockings. Sheer, shimmering silken beauties that look fragile as bubbles, yet give that long desired wear. Clear as moonlight and lavishly silken. Sheer and service weights in new shades for afternoon and evening wear.

KAYSER
MIR-O-KLEER STOCKINGS

*Trade Mark

COUNT THE
"TELEGRAPHS"
EVERYWHERE

DEMOCRACY HAS GREATER MAN-POWER

If It Came To A World Struggle With Dictatorships

COULD MOBILISE THRICE AS MANY SUPPORTERS

London, Nov. 24.

European democracies still held a sizeable superiority of strength in armies, manpower, air forces and fleets over dictatorships despite extensive militarization of totalitarian states, a *United Press* survey to-day revealed.

Totalitarian states exclusive of Russia and Turkey could place approximately 2,768,000 soldiers in the field in a fortnight.

Democracies could, however, mobilize 7,140,000 men.

Any pre-determined alignment of European powers during another world war would be virtually impossible. The positions of Russia and Turkey might be uncertain, Russia presumably would be on the side of France as long as the Franco-Soviet pact was in force and both parties adhered. Also, democracies-dictatorship and semi-dictatorships might be interspersed as to sides.

Totalitarian states probably could act together more quickly than democratic nations in event of war. Dictatorships could presumably strike quickly in an attempt to make smashing gains at the outset, making special raids on factories, supplies and lines of communications.

Nations under dictatorships have populations totalling 318,600,000 including Russia and Turkey and 136,100,000 without these two countries. Democratic states have a combined population of 174,770,000.

Democratic powers hold a marked superiority on the sea. The British fleet alone is rated as the equal of Europe's combined sea forces. In the air democracies can more than match combined totalitarian aviation armadas. This slight edge will be increased as Britain rapidly expands its air forces featuring fast bombers which are almost the equal of pursuit planes in fighting capabilities.

Britain has an estimated 1,950 fighting planes, France 3,000, Russia 3,200, Poland 850, Belgium 255, Czechoslovakia 687, Netherlands 101, Yugoslavia 550, Germany 2,000, and Italy 3,800. Many of these airplanes are no longer suitable for first line service purposes.

European democracies also possess the world's three largest empires, namely British, French and Dutch. Strongest nations in the lineup of European democracies are Great Britain, France, Czechoslovakia, Poland, Yugoslavia, Netherlands, Belgium, Roumania and the Scandinavian countries.

Germany, Italy, Portugal, Bulgaria and Austria are the most powerful dictatorships exclusive of Russia and Turkey. Competent neutral observers believe Britain continues the most potent power in Europe because of the British Empire, the financial and industrial strength of Great Britain, the British fleet and her expanding air armadas. Britain's second line of defence composed of Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa is another important asset. While Britain has a standing army of about 340,000, it is estimated 1,000,000 Territorial could be placed in action within a fortnight.

Britain rapidly is becoming one of the strongest nations in the world from a military standpoint. During the past year \$1,000 a minute has been spent in armaments. This expenditure is expected to approximate \$1,500 a minute during the coming year.

France has a standing army of about 800,000. An estimated 4,000,000 soldiers could be mobilized and thrown into action in less than a month. France has 1,600 tanks and the world's longest and strongest line of forts. Poland's standing army numbers 280,000 with another 800,000 men eligible for immediate mobilization. Ten highly mechanized army corps form the spearhead of Poland's army. Russia has Europe's largest standing army and air force. The Soviet army contains 1,350,000 regular soldiers. Plans to mobilize an estimated additional 1,000,000 are understood to be prepared. The Soviet army has 1,700 tanks and many underground munitions factories and supply warehouses. Lines of communication and furnishing spare parts and reserve equipment still continue major problems for Soviet military leaders.

Figures about Italy's and Germany's manpower in case of a war are somewhat uncertain. Mussolini has stated Italy has 8,000,000 fighting men. Competent military observers believe not more than 3,500,000 of these men actually are fit for front line duty. The task of Italy trying to feed, clothe, transport and maintain an army of 970,000 now under colours during peacetime has been a tremendous one.

Germany is estimated to have 600,000 soldiers bearing arms, although large numbers of Nazi youths serve in various semi-military organizations. Germany's biggest problem for the moment in rapidly expanding Hitler's army is lack of officers.

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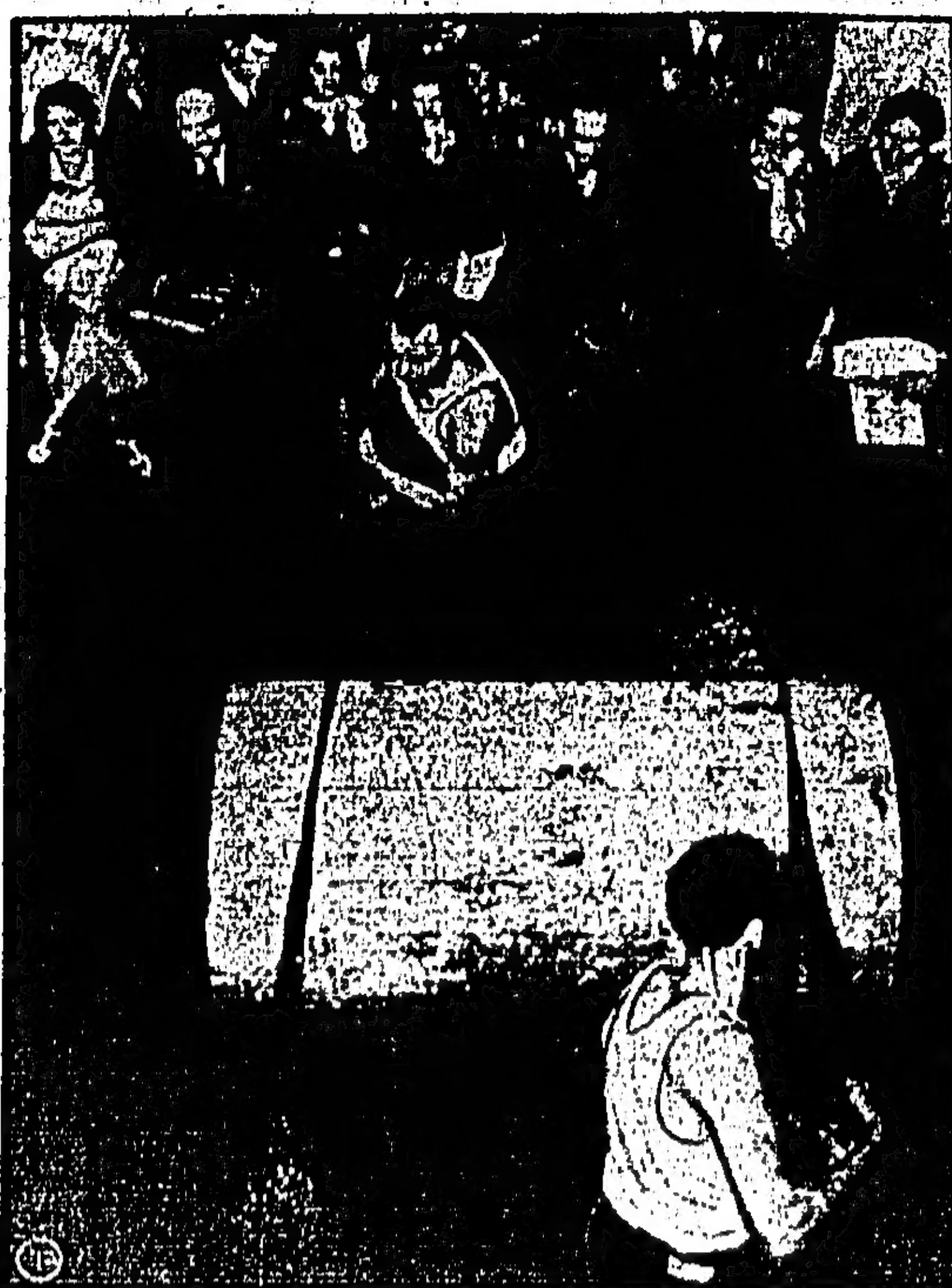
The Soviet army contains 1,350,000 regular soldiers. Plans to mobilize an estimated additional 1,000,000 are understood to be prepared. The Soviet army has 1,700 tanks and many underground munitions factories and supply warehouses.

Lines of communication and furnishing spare parts and reserve equipment still continue major problems for Soviet military leaders. Figures about Italy's and Germany's manpower in case of a war are somewhat uncertain.

Mussolini has stated Italy has 8,000,000 fighting men. Competent military observers believe not more than 3,500,000 of these men actually are fit for front line duty.

The task of Italy trying to feed, clothe, transport and maintain an army of 970,000 now under colours during peacetime has been a tremendous one. Germany is estimated to have 600,000 soldiers bearing arms, although large numbers of Nazi youths serve in various semi-military organizations.

Germany's biggest problem for the moment in rapidly expanding Hitler's army is lack of officers.



Sawdust flew and saws smoked when outstanding log buckers got together at Eureka, in California, to settle a world's championship. When the brawny arms of Paul Searles, American champion, had driven a saw through a 32-inch log in 2 minutes 57.2 seconds, the title was his. Pushing him all the way was Allan Heyd, the Canadian champion. Searles is shown facing the camera with Heyd in the background. Finals of the contest were held as a feature of the Pacific Logging Congress.

Lord Carnarvon In Midnight Trip To Marry

By A Special Correspondent

New York, Nov. 28.

THE mysterious on-and-off romance of the Earl of Carnarvon and Mrs. Tanis Montagu, former wife of the Hon. Drogo Montagu, was solved for puzzled New York society to-day by Mrs. Montagu herself.

Lord Carnarvon, after they had made a midnight dash to Baltimore to marry, had told his friends that there was a hitch in their plans. This was repeated to Mrs. Montagu.

To me she said: "The marriage is not off. It has merely been postponed for a few weeks."

Mrs. Montagu revealed that she has cancelled her passage back to London on Saturday. She will not return for her brother's wedding until the following Saturday.

When I saw Lord Carnarvon to-day, all he would say was: "My wedding is not called off; it is merely postponed."

Called On 'Phone

An intimate friend of Mrs. Montagu to-day told me this behind-the-scenes story of their romantic plans.

"Mrs. Montagu called me on election-day [Tuesday] and said she had planned to go to Harrison—New York's Gretna Green—to get married. She asked if I would go with her."

"Then she called again and said that she had changed her mind. Later she told me they were going to Baltimore on Tuesday night. Would I go with her?"

"They went to Baltimore and arrived about mid-night. Then something went wrong."

"Mrs. Montagu called me the next morning and said they had not been married, and that she had hurried back to New York by the first train. Apparently it could not be arranged at the British Consulate on such short notice."

Mrs. Montagu went to the theatre alone last night, but she had lunch with Lord Carnarvon at one of New York's smart restaurants to-day.

Lord Carnarvon is 38. Mrs. Montagu, who is the youngest daughter of Mr. Benjamin Seymour Guinness, is 28.

ANN HARDING IN QUEUE AT HOSPITAL

A small cardboard slip is filed away among thousands like it at Guy's Hospital. It is signed by Ann Harding and the Ann Harding is the Ann Harding, the film star.

Miss Harding woke in London one morning recently to find she could hardly move her right hand. During the morning the pain increased. She was afraid she would be prevented from working on the film she is making at Denham.

She telephoned her doctor. He was away for the day. She tried another, with no better luck.

So she jumped into a car and drove to Guy's.

The private clinic of the hospital was closed, so she took her place in the line with the other "casualties" at the free out-patients department.

Her wrist, which was sprained, was treated.

She offered to pay—she earns about £50,000 a year—but was told there was no fee.

A donation would be welcome if she chose. She chose.

HEAVEN FOR SALE

Vienna, Nov. 24.

Ion Glicherie, former church sexton, was arrested and charged with trying to turn Heaven into a real estate development, the Bucharest press reported. He attempted to sell Heavenly space to peasants at 15 cents a square yard.—*United Press*.

WATSON'S

WORM BONBONS

9 cts.
Each

THE IDEAL & SAFE WORM CURE

Viyella Pyjamas



A New Standard
of Values
in

'Viyella' Pyjamas

In this distinguished range, each design has been selected by a committee of experts and the patterns cut under the guidance of a leading West End authority on men's wear.

You will appreciate at once the style and finish of these pyjamas, and the fineness of quality which gives 'Viyella' its leading popularity.

From all good stores throughout the East. If any difficulty, please write Wm. Hollins & Co., Ltd., Viyella House, Nottingham, England.



GAPEB3

Viyella



For a Radiant
Complexion

"HAZELINE" SNOW maintains the attractive bloom of youth. Smooths and tones the skin, long delaying the appearance of wrinkles. An ideal base for face powder.

"HAZELINE" SNOW
(Trade Mark)

Glass jars from all Pharmacies and Stores



BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO.
(INCORPORATED IN THE NETHERLANDS)
LONDON AND SHANGHAI



GET READY NOW

The Christmas Social Season will begin and the smart Men and Women will be ready for it with a freshly cleaned and pressed wardrobe. Garments that have been packed away for any length of time need the freshening treatment of "ZORIC" Drycleaning to look their best.

THE STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

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for the
Hongkong Telegraph

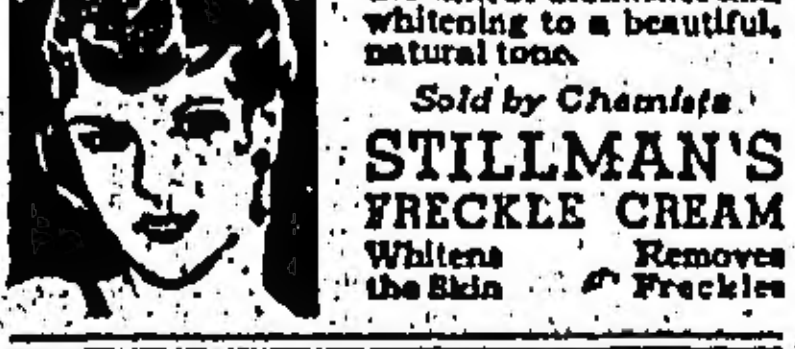
WM. FARMER & Co.
Victoria Hotel Building,
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Whitens Your Skin
Secretly and Quickly

No longer need you admit the fact that your skin is not as light and attractive as it should be. One jar of Stillman's will make you equally charming. Continued applications will surprise you, convince you that there is only one beauty secret, only one whitener that works alone cannot cause the skin to become even whiter.

Stillman's is the oldest, largest selling skin beautifying cream in the world and is accepted by society as the best cream for clearing the skin of blemishes and whitening to a beautiful, natural tone.



Sold by Chemists
STILLMAN'S
FRECKLE CREAM
Whitens
the Skin
Freckles

H. M. Hodges, P.O. Box 1871,
Shanghai.

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ADVERTISEMENTS25 Words \$1.50
for 3 days prepaid

TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE on the Peak. Six rooms, two bathrooms, drying room, constant hot water, ample servants' quarters, large garden. To let on long lease. Apply "Box No. 350, "Hongkong Telegraph."

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.

HOLLAND-OOST AZIE LIJN, N.V. (HOLLAND-EAST ASIA LINE)

From: ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG, GENOA, AND OTHER PORTS.

"ZUIDERKERK".

having arrived from the above ports, consignees of cargo by her are notified that all goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous godowns of the Holt's Wharf whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 15th December, 1936, 4 p.m. will be subject to rent.

All brokers, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the godown where they will be examined at by Holt's Wharf.

Consignees are requested to apply for a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable cargo is being examined.

Claims against the steamer must be presented in writing within ten days after arrival of steamer, otherwise they will not be recognized. No Fire Insurance will be effected by the undersigned in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be counter-signed by.

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN, N.V. Agents, Hongkong, 7th December, 1936.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ST. GILES SCHOOL.

Owing to unavoidable alterations in the sailing dates of the "Taksang", the Boarders of St. Giles British School will now be leaving Tientsin on the a/s "Sandviken" on December 16th, arriving Shanghai, December 18th; Swatow, December 22nd; Hongkong, December 23rd; Canton, December 24th.

THE HONG KONG SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN.

What to do to help a child.

Anyone knowing of a child who has been assaulted, neglected, or ill-treated in a manner likely to cause unnecessary suffering or injury to health, or knowing of a parent who is seeking advice on any matter concerning a child, would be doing an act of kindness by communicating at once with—

The Hon. Secretaries, H.K.S.P.C. c/o G.P.O. Box No. 513, Hongkong, or the Inspector, 49, Pokfulam Road, 1st floor; or the Inspector, Violet Peel Health Centre, Wan-chai; or the Inspector, 12, Sai Young Chol Street, 1st floor, Kowloon.

All further steps will be taken, and expenses borne, by the Society. The Informant's name will be kept strictly private, except in cases where malice is proved.

Nineteen cases of Diphtheria with seven deaths, five cases of Typhoid (one imported), two cases of Puerperal fever and 65 deaths from Tuberculosis, were reported to the local Health authorities last week. On Monday, five cases of Diphtheria were also reported.

COUNT THE
"TELEGRAPHS"
EVERYWHERE

TRANSPORTATION

IF you are moving house —
IF you are leaving Hong Kong by steamer —
IF you are expecting a shipment to arrive from home —
IF you require your household effects packed and shipped —
IF you want them cleared through the Customs and delivered in England —
IF you have any Transportation work of any kind which you want executed efficiently & promptly

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THE BAGGAGE TRANSFER SERVICE
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Investment Bankers and Brokers in Securities and Commodities
Daily New York and London Stock Exchange Service
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IN LONDON

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Hongkong Telegraph

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LONDON, E.C.2.

SELFRIDGES

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the London Representatives are—
REUTERS, LTD.
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24, Old Jewry.



Inspect our large and varied range of
Perfumeries, Toiletries and Fancy Goods
which make ideal and appropriate gifts.

GIFTS AT \$2 AND LESS

We have made up attractive parcels of
Seasonable Gifts in special Christmas pack-
ings at \$2.00, \$3.00, \$5.00 and up.

These parcels consist of carefully thought
out gifts—appreciated gifts—and solve the
question of price.

GIFTS AT \$5 AND LESS

Call and make an early inspection of these
parcels, for we can assure you that they will
be very much appreciated.

The
GRAND DISPENSARY

Limited
OPPOSITE KING'S THEATRE

CINEMA
NOTES

"We Went to College," the current
screen attraction at the King's
Theatre, must have been expressly
designed to make people forget their
troubles for here is a picture which
keeps its audience laughing from
its opening shot to its final fade-
out.

Charles Butterworth, Walter
Abel, Hugh Herbert, Una Merkel
and Edith Atwater are the principals
in an outstanding all-comedy cast.
Individually these players have
provided the comedy high-light of
many a film production; collectively
they supply a barrage of laughter
and good humour impossible to
resist. Lampooning the gay old
grad who returns to his college
reunion and attempts to recapture
the irresponsibility and madcap
antics of his undergraduate days,
the story presents the predicament
of a staid business man attending
the reunion with his wife and who
finds himself embarrassed by the
advances of a former campus "crush"
who is now a professor's wife.
Charles Butterworth, as a college
pal who finally helps the business
man out of his predicament, has
never been in a funnier role,
playing his "life of the party"
characterization for all it is worth.
Abel gives an excellent portrayal as
the business man, and Una Merkel
is ideally cast as the wife of the
professor who tries in vain to live
up her bored campus life with a
harmless flirtation. The amusing
Hugh Herbert as the professor, adds
character to the fun, and
Edith Atwater, a new-comer from
the stage, is splendid as Abel's wife.
Joseph Santley's direction takes
every advantage of the hilarious
situations. Here is a picture which
provides a treat for every member
of the family. And you don't have
to be a college grad to enjoy "We Went
to College."

"Grand Jury"

A refreshing novelty in cinema
heroes is characterized by Fred Stone
in "Grand Jury," his newest picture,
commencing to-day at the Queen's
Theatre. Most leading characters
are selected because they suggest
colour, excitement and romance be-
fore the story even starts: ace pilots,
soldiers of fortune, men about town.
Now comes Stone with a composite
characterization of America's Mr.
Taxpayer—just one of the 127 mil-
lions. And it is a refreshing sur-
prise to find how much colour, ex-
citement and romance are embodied
in an average man who takes his
duties as a citizen seriously. Stone
plays a voter who dares to do some-
thing about freeing himself and his
fellows from the yoke of racketeer-
ing, instead of merely complaining
about it. The film takes him into

unique and thrilling adventures
when he finds that due to a grand
jury's incompetence he has to go it
alone in his fight against organized
crime. Owen Davis, Jr. and Louise
Latimer (the lovers of "Bunker
Bean" and "Murder on a Bridge
Path") add youthful romance to the
excitement that arises when a big
shot mobster throws all his forces
against Stone. Directed by Albert
S. Rogell, RKO Radio's "Grand Jury"
has also Frank M. Thomas, Russell
Hicks, Harry Jans and Guinn Wil-
liams in support of Fred Stone.

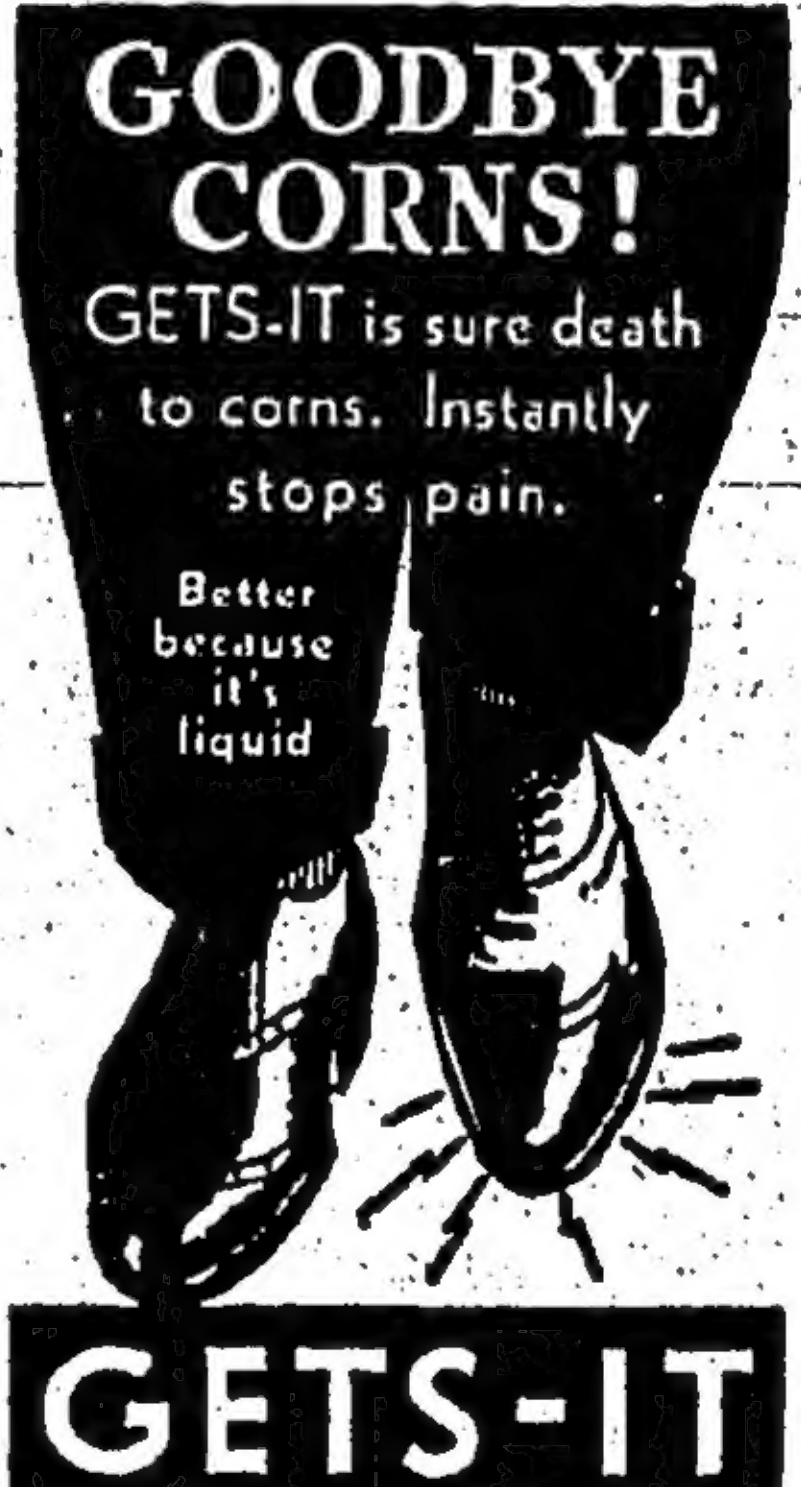
"Next Time We Love" starring
Margaret Sullivan, is the offering
which begins a two-day run at the
Majestic Theatre to-day. Based on
the novel by Ursula Parrott, the film
has been produced by Universal as a
modern romantic drama with set-
tings in New York, Russia, Siberia,
China, Rome and Switzerland. The
story concerns a young couple, im-
pulsively married, who try to pursue
individual careers. The husband's
wanderings around the world, the
wife's longing, the love of another
man for the wife, the tempestuous
conflict of emotions against a back-
ground of threatening world upheaval
combine to make the narrative a
stirring recital. There is a play
within a play, portraying Margaret
Sullivan as the star of a decade on
Broadway. The dialogue, preserv-
ing the rich qualities of the novel,
has been given new treatment by
the director, Edward H. Gribble.
The cast includes, besides Miss
Sullivan, James Stewart who has
appeared in "Rose Marie," Ray Mil-
land, remembered for his work in
"Gilded Lily," "The Glass Key" and
"Four Hours to Kill," Grant Mitchell,
popular favourite of more than 200
screen hits; Anna Demetrio who
scored in "A Night at the Opera" and
"The Crusades"; Robert McWade,
another outstanding actor in count-
less successes. The picture was
photographed by Joseph Valentine
who did the camera work for
"Seventh Heaven."

"They Met in a Taxi"
Chester Morris, Fay Wray, Lionel
Stander and Raymond Walburn, as
excellent a quartet of actors as any in
Hollywood, battle and love their way
through an hour of the grandest
screen entertainment this reviewer
has seen this season in Columbia's
"They Met in a Taxi," which is
showing to-day at the Alhambra.

The story revolves about the colour-
ful eccentricities of a beautiful dress
model, posing as a beautiful belle-
bride, who turns out to be not a
bride at all, but a girl accused of the
theft of a valuable necklace. Among
those whom Miss Wray involves in
her strange adventure are Chester
Morris, who billets her in his apart-
ment when she appeals to him for
aid, and Morris's two pals, the
nimble-fingered Lionel Stander and
Raymond Walburn, a newspaperman
writing a society gossip column.
"They Met in a Taxi" is farce
her strange adventure, agreeably
concocted with just enough spice to
keep every audience on its toes.

QUEEN'S &
ALHAMBRA
FRIDAY

Here Comes Romance
on Wings!

Christmas
Advertising

Advertisers requiring addi-
tional space in the "South
China Morning Post" and
"The Hongkong Telegraph"
during the month of
December, are requested to
make their reservations as
early as possible. In the
interests of advertisers, we
hope to distribute adver-
tising evenly throughout the
month, and in order to assist
us, co-operation is invited.

Directed by Alfred Green, from the
Saturday Evening Post story by
Octavus Roy Cohen, the film has
freshness and charm. The per-
formances of Morris and Miss Wray are
superb in the starring roles, lend-
ing a decided charm to the robust,
comedy-drama. Lionel Stander and
Raymond Walburn give their usual
excellent performances, while Ken-
neth Harlan, Ward Bond, Henry
Mollison and Ed Le Saint do splendid-
ly in the supporting roles.

POST OFFICE.

CHRISTMAS AIR MAIL FOR GREAT BRITAIN
BY "IMPERIAL AIRWAYS SERVICE"

The Christmas Air Mail for Great Britain by "Imperial Airways Service" will be closed in the General Post Office and Kowloon Central Post Office on Friday, December 11, by the R.M.A. Dorado as follows:
Registered 8.00 p.m. December 10.
Ordinary 8.30 a.m. December 11.
This mail is due to arrive at London on December 21.

POSTAL ANNOUNCEMENT

On and after December 5, the letter box at the Canton Steamship Wharf will be abolished. Correspondence intended to go by the night steamer to Canton after the mail has closed in the General Post Office at 6 p.m. must be posted at the Sheungwan Post Office up to the following times:

Weekdays 9.30 p.m.
Sundays and Holidays 8.00 p.m.

RADIO OFFICE ANNEKE OPENED

The public is hereby notified that an annex to the Radio Office is now open on the first floor of the General Post Office Building to deal with Radiotelegrams to or from ships and aircraft, steamer advices of vessels passing the lighthouses and Broadcast Receiving Licences.

The office will remain open day and night. Access to this office is obtained through the main entrance to the G.P.O. Building at the corner of Pedder Street and Des Voeux Road. A night bell is provided to attract attention of the constable on duty during the hours when the main entrance doors are closed.

Telegrams other than those mentioned above should be handed in to the main Radio Office on the ground floor of the P. & O. Building as heretofore.

VIA SIBERIA ROUTE

Letters and postcards for Europe and South America are forwarded "via Siberia" if so superscribed.

INWARD MAILS.

Straits	Barents	December 9.
Manila	Empress of Japan	December 9.
Java	Tjisadane	December 9.
Japan	Anjo Maru	December 10.
Straits and Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London, 12th November and London Parcels—London date, 5th November.	Rajputana	December 10.
Shanghai and Foochow	Shantung	December 10.
Swatow	D'Artagnan	December 11.
Haiphong	G. G. Paul Doumer	December 11.
Japan and Shanghai	Ranchi	December 11.
Straits	Philippines	December 12.
Haiphong	Canton	December 13.
Japan	Dakar Maru	December 14.
Shanghai	Antenor	December 15.
Straits	Cremer	December 15.
Japan	Malacca Maru	December 15.
Shanghai	Fred. Doumer	December 15.
Straits	Terukuni Maru	December 15.
Canada, U.S.A., Japan and Shanghai (Vancouver B.C., 26th November)	Emp. of Asia	December 16.
Calcutta and Straits	Kutsang	December 16.
Amoy	Santhia	December 17.
Japan and Shanghai	Suwa Maru	December 18.

OUTWARD MAILS.

For	Per	Date and Time.
Manila	Benarty	Wed., Dec. 9, 1.30 p.m.
Swatow	Selan	Wed., Dec. 9, 3 p.m.
Amoy	Taiyuan	Wed., Dec. 9, 3.30 p.m.
Straits	Lemaitre	Wed., Dec. 9, 4 p.m.
Formosa	Chaksang	Wed., Dec. 9, 4.30 p.m.
Amoy	Talamba	Wed., Dec. 9, 5 p.m.
Straits	Van Heutz Thurs.	Dec. 10, 11.30 a.m.
Air Mail for Canton and Districts	C.N.A.C. plane	Thurs., Dec. 10, 12.30 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O. and K.F.O.	Dec. 10, Noon.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 12.30 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 5 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 7 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 8 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 10 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 11 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 12 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 1 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 2 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 3 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 4 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 5 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 6 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 7 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 8 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 9 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 10 p.m.
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Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 5 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 6 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 7 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 8 p.m.
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Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 10 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 11 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 12 p.m.
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Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 3 p.m.
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Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 3 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 4 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 5 p.m.
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Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 7 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 8 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 9 p.m.
Reg. Letters	G.P.O.	Dec. 10, 10 p.m.
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TRA ENERGY ALL DAY

UNITED STATES MAY REVIVE CONSTRUCTION OF DIRIGIBLES

Washington, December 1.

Inspired by Germany's success with trans-Atlantic dirigible operations, United States officials are planning legislation which will enable the United States to resume activity in dirigible enterprises.

Commerce Department officials in charge of aeronautics have formulated tentative proposals which probably will be submitted to Congress at its next session in January, so that a United States company can enter Zeppelin operating field.

The Company probably will be the International Zeppelin Transport Corporation, which has been in existence seven years, but was dormant during the depression and the period of public disappointment with dirigibles that followed the disasters to the Akron, Macon and other such ships.

The most active dirigible promoters expect that the International Zeppelin Corporation will arrange to co-operate fully with the Deutsche Zeppelin-Reederei for service between the two countries.

The first step from the viewpoint of the American company is to get some kind of governmental subsidy, since the proposed Zeppelin operation will not be self-supporting in the early stages.

Dirigible men hope that Congress will authorize them to get the same treatment as ocean shipping lines; namely governmental aid in meeting the difference between cost of construction at home and abroad, and direct benefits for carrying mail and operating overseas.

The many successful flights of the Hindenburg between Germany and the United States this year are generally regarded as reviving interest here in dirigible. The flights went far to overcome popular distrust of dirigibles which arose when the Akron and Macon sank according to some commentators. The question was widely asked, why can't the United States accomplish in due time success measurable to that of Dr. Eckener and his aides.

Additional encouragement to try came from the Federal Aviation Commission's special report to the Department of Commerce. It suggested that "as a course of immediate action."

TO CONSTRUCT AIRSHIPS

"That the national policy toward airships should be to undertake further construction and operation of rigid airships in commercial and naval service and this policy should be immediately publicized, recognized and vigorously prosecuted."

It also recommended that "as soon as enabling legislation and adequate private and federal funds can be obtained" an east coast terminal should be constructed for use on trans-Atlantic lines; and an airship built to alternate with a foreign service.

If Congress extends the same treatment to the Zeppelin company as to shipping lines, it will enable them to get from the government, both construction and operating funds. However, it is likely that the construction would be undertaken by the Goodyear-Zeppelin company, an adjunct of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company of Akron, Ohio. That company built the Akron and Macon. It has an arrangement with the German Zeppelin company regarding patents and processes. It also has many German-trained construction experts. It is purely a construction company and would either sell or lease any airships to the International Zeppelin Corporation.

There is considerable discussion about the United States line leasing one or two dirigibles from the Germans until such time as ships could be built in the United States. Thus the International Zeppelin Corporation might lease the LZ-130 after it is placed in operation. It would alternate with a German controlled ship in flights between Germany and the United States. The difficulty with this plan is that the German line is said to need it to replace the Graf Zeppelin on contracted South American flights.

Final decision whether to submit legislation to Congress is understood to depend on the scope of activity which the International Zeppelin Corporation agrees to undertake, and partly on its success in locating a proper terminal for the proposed line. The three most prominent suggested sites so far are Morristown, New Jersey, not far from New York; Baltimore, Maryland and Alexandria, Virginia, near this city. Local governmental and trade groups are asked to help provide funds for a hangar and a final decision will not be reached until it is known which place will offer the most attractions.



He's won two cocoanuts and a bottle of 'squash! It's the cocoanuts' turn next. A study at the Kowloon Tong Anglican Church Garden Cafe.

Conscription For All If War Came

PLAN BEFORE GOVERNMENT

By GUY EDEN

CONSCRIPTION for every one in the country in the event of Britain being involved in war is being considered by the Government.

The plan is that, immediately on the outbreak of hostilities, every one should place himself or herself at the service of the State, and that the Government should have the right to decide whether they should go into the fighting forces or remain in industry.

Those drafted into industry would be paid on a scale to put them on an equal footing with the fighting services. Heads of businesses, ranking as, say, generals, would receive a general's pay, those below would have pay and rank graded according to position in the industry.

In other words, it is proposed to organise the whole nation into a vast machine to deal with an emergency.

The proposal, which is, I understand, already before the Committee of Imperial Defence, was put forward by the Royal Commission on the Private Manufacture of Arms, in a report presented to the Cabinet some weeks ago and issued over the week-end.

NEW RULES FOR SUB. WARFARE

MERCHANT VESSELS' PROTECTION

Representatives of Great Britain and all the Dominions, the United States, Japan, France and Italy met at the Foreign Office last month to sign the protocol relating to the rules of submarine warfare set forth in Part IV. of the 1930 Treaty of London.

The effect of this protocol is not only to prolong for an indefinite period the rules governing submarine warfare, but to bring within their scope the great Powers—France and Italy—which had not previously been bound by them.

Germany is already a party to the rules by virtue of her renunciation of "unrestricted" submarine warfare in the notes exchanged when the Anglo-German naval treaty was concluded last year.

Russia is expected to adhere in the near future, and the British Government hopes eventually to bring in all the remaining maritime Powers to give the new rules a world-wide application.

Mr. Anthony Eden, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, and Sir Samuel Hoare signed the protocol on behalf of the British Government.

EXCEPTIONAL IMPORTANCE

Both the British Government and Admiralty attach exceptional importance to the protocol, which they regard as a big step in the direction of humanising warfare at sea. The essential rules are as follows:

"In their action with regard to merchant ships, submarines must conform to the rules of International Law to which surface vessels are subject."

"In particular, except in the case of persistent refusal to stop on being duly summoned, or of active resistance to search, a warship, whether surface vessel or submarine, may not sink or render incapable of navigation a merchant vessel without having first placed passengers, crew and ship's papers in a place of safety."

"For this purpose the ships' boats are not regarded as a place of safety unless the safety of the passengers and crew is assured, in the existing sea and weather conditions, by the proximity of land, or the presence of another vessel which is in a position to take them on board."

While the value of the protocol is fully recognised in naval circles, it is pointed out that its logical counterpart is a convention forbidding aircraft attack on merchant ships. No aircraft now existing, or likely to exist in the near future, is capable of stopping and searching a merchant vessel, still less of placing those on board in safety.

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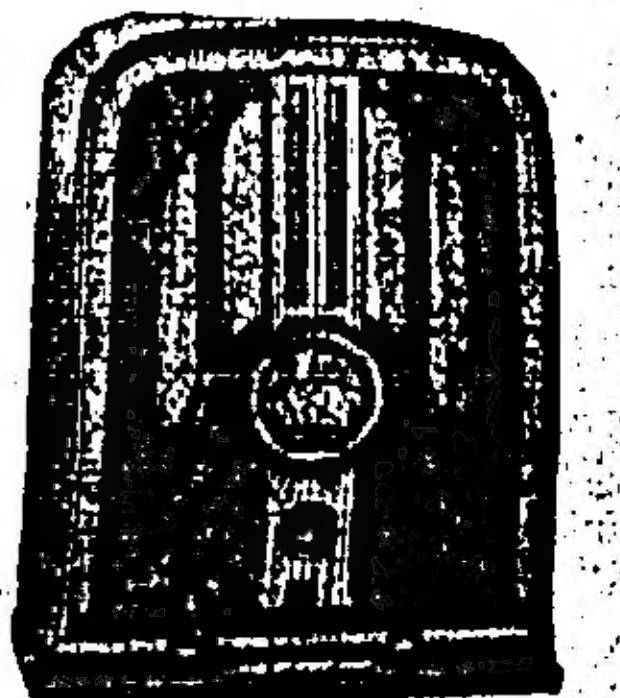
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various local firms and stores for
their valuable contributions and
to the public for their whole-
hearted support towards their
Annual Fete.

DEATH.

CALDECOTT.—At Worthing, Sussex,
on Monday, December 7, 1936,
the Rev. Andrew Caldecott, aged
83 years.

The
Hongkong Telegraph.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1936.

BRITAIN ALIVE
TO NECESSITIES

Mr. Winston Churchill is
irrepressible. There are occa-
sions, however, when the House
of Commons gets a little tired
of his outbursts and of his in-
satiable curiosity, as when he
persisted in putting questions
after the Premier's statement on
the attitude of the Government
in the present constitutional
crisis. Although still ploughing
a lonely furrow, Mr. Churchill
every now and then figures in
the House in vigorous criticism
of the Government. He has, in
this connection, repeatedly made
charges of lack of expedition in
pushing on with national re-
armament. His motives may be
partly patriotic, but they are
also obviously decidedly political.
Recently, Mr. Baldwin gave a
detailed reply to some of these
criticisms, pointing out that
past delays in the matter of re-
armament were largely due to the
reluctance of the Government
to act in advance of public
opinion, which was strongly
pacifist in its views. It is easy
for Mr. Churchill and for others
who think along the same lines
to be wise after the event, but
nothing is to be gained at this
stage by raking up the past. It
is the future that matters. On
this aspect of the question, Mr.
Baldwin has assured Parliament
that, on the whole, British re-
armament is making good pro-
gress and that he is satisfied at
the manner in which the
Minister for Co-Ordination of
Defences is discharging his
manifold duties. Clearly, Mr.
Baldwin can speak on this issue
with a fuller knowledge of the
facts than Mr. Churchill can. In
these matters, democracies start
with a heavy handicap when
compared with dictatorships, but
the task has to be fully dis-
charged if democracy in Britain
is to survive. At the moment,
the Government does not favour
the creation of a Ministry of
Supply, but its decision on this
point is apparently not final. In
any course of time, the very
magnitude of the task may show
the desirability of a division of
labour at the head, as well as

Ex-Crown Prince
of Spain on the
"Penalty of being
Royal"

by

Alfonso de Bourbon, Count of

COVADONGA

eldest son of ex-King Alfonso, now in
exile in the United States

"If only I were a
king or a prince"—
people say some-

times—"I'd be so happy!
Royalty has everything a
man could wish to have—
money, power . . ."

I can't help smiling at such
ideas. Commoners envy royalty,
and yet we royalty quite often
envy commoners! Why is it
that we human beings can never
be satisfied with what we
actually have?

Being born a member of
royalty has any number of ad-
vantages, true, but then, do
people ever stop to think of all
we have to give up and put up
with just because of our birth?

I don't need to look far for
an example. I simply take my
own life.

Born Crown Prince of Spain,
I was brought up strictly, as
befits a man who some day was
to be the ruler of 25 million
people. It was not until 1931,
when revolution ousted me from
my country, that I thought I
would be able to face life as
other men do.

I had always liked people of
all kinds, wanted to mix with

them, be their friend. I had
wanted to do the things they
did, share their thoughts, their
ideals.

And yet the station of my
birth didn't allow me to do that.
Heir to the throne, for the sake
of my own people's dignity and
prestige I had to keep a Crown
Prince's attitude. I couldn't
afford to be a mere man.

It was when my
duty to my people
was ended by their own wish in
1931 that I thought I could
enjoy an average man's life.
But no; even in exile I had to
face what some people might
call "the penalty of being
royal."

My sickness, which in spite of
being called by the papers "the
Bourbon curse" is nothing but
an unfortunate inheritance, was
widely publicised.

Had I been just the son of a
commoner, my sufferings would
have been endured just by my
family and myself. But even
that I had to share with the
world because I was royalty.

I fell in love. After all,
whether royal or commoner, we
are all human, and I have the
right to love like other men.
However, my romance had to
make the headlines in the news-
papers all over the world; again,
just because I was royalty.

I TRAVELLED, and then a private citizen would be,
just because I happen to be his
son, and because I am expected
to see that the attends to pay-
questions about every possible
subject; politics, family rela-
tions, love affairs, tastes, the
food I ate, the wines I drank.

All this sort of thing is
amusing for a while, but it even-
tually wears you down. You
are afraid to move, to speak, be-
cause you never know how the
move or the words are going to
be twisted.

There seems to be no privacy
of any kind. It is like living in
a glass house.

I want to be human, honest,
sincere, like other men, and
yet I cannot do it without
giving the wrong impression.

I have been called extra-
vagant, crazy, madcap; but what
have I done that is not done
daily by hundreds of thousands
all over the world? But I was
royal, and my life, it seems, was
not my own to do with as I
pleased.

I HAVE met girls in
my life. All men
do. And I would have liked to
think many a time that those
who seemed to like me did so
because of myself personally,
not because of who I was. I
felt that were I just a man
maybe they would not have
bothered to be nice to me.

It is an awful sensation of
inferiority that this feeling
gives a man. He can never be
sure of the sincerity of people
approaching him.

And then, even in financial
questions. People all over have
their tight moments. There are
instances in life when even the
richest man has to face a dif-
ficult situation.

I am not rich, and I am a
man. My father, very kindly,
gives me an allowance. He
does not have to do it, and it
is only his kindness that
prompts him to do so. He does
as much as he can, and I appre-
ciate it very deeply.

Yet, when I have to pay
alimony, I am charged higher

That is unfair! My life is
just my own. My problems
should not be forced upon my
family; it is my duty to face
them alone and to try to handle
them as best I can.

Both father and mother have
done a great deal for me, and I
will never impose on them to do
more than they have done. I
am a man, a grown-up man,
ready to work and to earn my-
self a man's position in this
world. Why can't I be given a
fair chance?

PEOPLE have often
wondered what
happened to the crown jewels
so widely publicised in the
papers. Why haven't I sold
them?

Well, the crown jewels exist,
undoubtedly. And I have them.
I have not sold them because
I have not the right to sell what
is not mine. The Toison de
Oro, for instance, is mine as
long as I live, but at my death
it will return to my father. I
have it as if in trust.

These jewels helped me raise
some money which I needed at a
given moment: they were the
security I offered; the friend
whose signature backed me in a
bank loan.

Many people do that time and
time again, and yet no one
even bothers to talk privately
about it. However, I am not
one of them, and so I cannot
live my life like them in privacy.
I am royal, hence "public pro-
perty."

Young boys and young girls
may dream of what they call
the happiness of being royal,
may dream of being a "hand-
some prince" or a "beautiful
princess." But they should
realise that all the glitter and
glamour of royalty's life hides
quite often the suffering of men
and women who, yearning to be
human, are obliged to face the
"penalty of being royal."

DEMOCRACY IN DANGER

Leaders Who Do
Not Always Lead

By "An Old Stager"

SOME sincere disciples of en-
lightened democracy are becom-
ing a little anxious. The arresting
political phenomenon of the present
century is the challenge that free
democracies are unmistakably re-
ceiving from a form of autocratic
dictatorship as rigid and rigorous as
any that existed in what we call the
Dark Ages. The way in which some
of the democracies are reacting to
this challenge does not
inspire immense confidence in the
probable outcome of the Homeric
conflict.

It is the legitimate boast of the
people of this country that Britain
has been the cradle and remains the
citadel of the democratic idea. But
impartial observation compels one
serious comment on this claim.

Within quite recent years there has
come a profound and significant
change in the spirit of our de-
mocratic dream. The most vital of
the altered factors is not the exten-
sion of the franchise to both sexes
and every adult and reputable sane
citizen, though that in itself is of
most reconducive effect. The vital fac-
tor is that nowadays our democracy
is tending to direct its policies as
well as select its leaders.

Formerly the working of the de-
mocratic system in this country was
roughly that the electors chose one
or other of two established schools

throughout the manufacturing
side of the Government's pro-
gramme. The nation's industrial
resources are great; there need
be little fear on that score. But
the very vastness of these re-
sources makes it urgent that co-
ordination be prevented. These
considerations, it cannot be
doubted, are well realised by the
Government, whose critics may
rest assured that there will be
no slackening of effort until the
final objective is reached.

of political thought, each with its
accredited spokesmen and chief
apostles, and, once an election was
completed, the latter had the shaping
of their party's policy and the direc-
tion of the national affairs.

Orders From Below

Through the House of Commons
the voting democracy could, still
retain some measure of control over
those leaders, but the inspiration of
policy came, not from below, but
from above.

The epoch of Gladstone and Dis-
raeli marked the zenith of this
period. Outstanding statesmen gave
a lead to the country, and, once their
outlook had been endorsed, were
almost autocrats of democracy.

All that has very largely changed
in our time. Whether because there
are fewer outstanding leaders of
political thought, or because there
are immeasurably more electors, the
process has almost been reversed.
It is now the tendency for the
electors to dictate policy, and for the
leaders of democracy merely to
carry out instructions.

Nobody would go the length of
admiral the Laval-Hoare, place
terms as an equitable settlement of
Abyssinia's ravished territories. But
international politics is not founded
on human equity, and by now it
must be obvious, even to the most
emotional and fanatical supporter of
the League of Nations Union, that in
destroying that peace possibility we
have hurried the unfortunate Abys-
sinians out of the frying pan into the
furnace.

It may have been a very gratifying
gesture of moral equity on our part,
but it amounted to a crucifixion of
the material interests of those on
whose behalf it was supposed to be
made. Or, if we had larger interests

than merely the future of Ethiopia
in mind, we must ask ourselves how
far we may be justified in sacrificing
a brave but primitive people on the
altar of European security.

Mob Rule

To dispassionate onlookers it may
seem that we deliberately drove the
naus into Abyssinia in panic fear
that later on we might ourselves be
nailed to a military cross. But this
is rather beside the point at the
moment, which is the changing atti-
tude of our enfranchised heritage of
free democracy.

What is apparent in this country,
the home of Western democracy, is
that the influence of leadership
weakens whilst the weight of popu-
lar sentiment gathers momentum.
The old so-called "governing
class," equally divided between the
instinct to conserve and the
ambition to progress, have practically
disappeared. They no longer exer-
cise the old controlling decision in
the shaping of democratic policies.

In fact, the episode of the rejected
peace terms might not unfairly be
described as a surrender to mob rule.
In this instance the mob was very
likely right in its emotional reactions,
but it was demonstrably futile in its
logic. We had no right to turn down
any peace proposals unless we were
really prepared to do something
more to help Abyssinia than express
our deep moral sympathy and pass
pious but ineffectual resolutions.

The real issue was that of peace
or war. We had either to fight the
European aggressors in East Africa,
or do our utmost to secure for a de-
luded Abyssinia better terms than
now appear likely to be offered to
those unfortunate people. We were
morally criminal if we made them
a pawn in the struggle for inter-
national disarmament, which is very
much what we are doing.

German Efficiency

Macaulay's gibe at the Puritans,
who put down bear-baiting not be-
cause it gave pain to the bear, but

because it caused pleasure to the
spectators, comes appositely to mind.
Was the moral indignation that re-
flected those peace proposals really
inspired by horror at the pain they
might inflict on the Abyssinians, or
by a fear that their acceptance might
weaken the bulwark, against a
future emergency in which we our-
selves might be involved?

I leave the League of Nations
Union emotionalists to answer that
question.

The important question is how
far dictatorship's open challenge to
free democracy can be successfully
countered by a leadership that chops
and changes in the currents of popu-
lar sentiment. If the control and
direction of the democracies is less
efficient than that of the dictator-
ships, the answer must be tragically
certain.

Efficiency will be the final test in
this struggle. And only an ostrich
could pretend, by assuming a gro-
tesque attitude, that at present the
democratic States are displaying the
more genuine efficiency in grappling
with the special problems of the
epoch.

Even observers who hate and de-
test the tyranny and the outlook of
Nazi Germany are forced to admit
that the Germans are showing far
better results in dealing with their
unemployed youth than we are.
Young Germany, whilst our youth is
being drilled in pure academic
pacifism, is being trained to healthy
open-air life and taught supreme
patriotism.

How is this going to affect things
if and when it comes to a practical
test of the two systems?

Feet of Clay

On the one hand we have young
Oxford, by no means chanting a solo
theme, assuring us it will not fight in
any circumstances whatever, and
neither for King nor country. On
the other we see a virile young Ger-
man, exulting in its health and
strength, and dedicated to the de-
fence, and even the aggrandisement,
of the newly-modelled German Em-
pire. There may be two opinions as
to the better of these two contrasting
attitudes in human ethics, but there
can be only one as to the result if
over the two come to the test of
(Continued on Page 5.)

Four Hongkong Artists

THEY CATCH THE BEAUTY OF OUR COLONY

By E. M. BARRETT

DURING the last three months an opportunity has been given to the Hongkong public to see the work of several young Chinese artists who are working here in Hongkong.

But for the encouragement and help given by the Working Artists' Guild it is possible that none of these exhibitions would have been held, and it is certain also that the genuine and kindly interest taken by H.E. the Governor has helped enormously in making them a success.

Several one-man shows have been held, and though the attendance has not been very large at any of them, those who did visit them were astonished at the quality and charm of the exhibits, and those among the visitors who had any claim to be themselves artists were, I believe, humbled to think that they had been unaware that such excellent work was being done here in Hongkong and still more that two at least of the exhibitions were entirely self-taught and that of them without the means which would enable them to give anything beyond their spare-time to their art.

And yet one wonders if Luis Chan for instance had been able to give all his time to painting would he have done as well?

There is a certain fierceness and defiance in his work which lends a glamour to everything that he produces. Here is a man who will paint, whatever the conditions of his life. Whatever hardship it may entail he will find the time and the money to put paint on canvas. He paints like a knight going into battle. He does not, one feels, love painting, but he loves his life.

You would not say of Luis Chan that he pored over his canvas like a lover but that he used his brush or his palette knife like a rapier or a broad sword; cut, thrust and slash, carving out the beauty and colour that he will, despite all odds, cut for himself from life.

If a good fairy filled Luis Chan's pockets so that he could go to Europe to study, what would happen?

Impossible to say. He might achieve greatness or in discovering that thinking he had nearly reached the mountain top he was in reality still climbing the lower slopes, he might fall into despair and go no further. But I believe that he would make good, because I believe that every canvas he paints is a battlefield. Disillusionment regarding his own genius would, if it came, be just one more of the forces which has been driving him on. He is in the service of his art. It is not hardship that, if one is an admirer of his art, one must fear for Luis Chan, but too much praise which may weaken the fierceness of his attack. Nearly everything that he does is vivid and arresting. Much of it is poor, some of it astonishingly good. He draws with vigour and assurance, colours boldly and attacks any subject which interests him without consideration of its technical difficulties.

A "Luis Chan" purchased now may possibly be an investment that will bring in a good return. It will certainly be a picture to which you will turn your eyes again.

And in contrast there was an exhibition of water colours by Mr. Lee Byng.

There is strength and vitality too in Mr. Lee Byng's work, but it is expressed in a very different way. Each brush stroke has been made with deliberation and restraint. Mr. Lee Byng suggests what Mr. Luis Chan proclaims, and because there is not a stroke which has not been considered, and which falls to express what he had in his mind, his suggestion carries weight.

I once heard someone say: "I don't like poetry, it makes me feel sick. I don't mean Kipling or Macaulay of course, they are different." There are people who might make the same distinction between the work of Luis Chan and Lee Byng, but there are few, I believe, who could fail to be moved by the charm of the latter's delicate water colours, the pictures of spurs and sails appearing out of the mist, of clouds heavy with rain, and of pale sunshine filtering down upon the water.

Would the purchase of one of Lee Byng's water colours be an investment? I do not know. But I am sure that unless you are one of the people whom poetry makes feel sick that to have one hanging on your wall will be a lasting and increasing pleasure. These two young artists, the one ardent, defiant and self-taught, making experiments in every medium; the other thoughtful and restrained, painting his seascapes and his flower studies with delicate and loving care, and having as foundation a training at the Ontario College of Art where he made no small success, have both of them their feet set on the road to success. Which will get there first or which will go the furthest it is impossible to say.

Both of them are working in the time that they can spare from the daily task of earning a living, both



LUIS CHAN

JAPANESE GIRLS VOTE AGAINST LOVE!

Tokyo, Nov. 24.

A stout and gentle man of modest income is the heart's desire of the composite Japanese bride, as judged from the responses to a questionnaire here. And she is willing to live with her husband's parents, bear him three children and be content with three movies a month.

schools at which Japanese girls are taught how to deport themselves as wives. The instruction goes into such things as house-keeping, cooking, sewing and the intimate matters of personal relationship.

DIVIDED ON INFIDELITY

The answers to the questionnaire revealed the girls at a "brides' school" here were equally divided on the question of what to do if the husband continued to associate with other women after marriage.

Most of the girls would try to reform him, but if that failed, half of them would tolerate the husband's infidelities while the other half would leave him.

A large majority of the girls wanted their marriages arranged through go-betweens and did not care to be wooed. A minority voted for love matches.

PREFER CITY LIFE

A majority preferred stout men, men who liked sports, men on definite salaries, a home with the husband's parents, life in the city instead of the country. A few spoke up for virile men, or men who liked music.

REFUSED TO RUN ARMS, LOST JOBS

—SEAMEN'S CHARGE

British seamen are being dismissed from British ships for refusing to work in vessels carrying arms from foreign ports to Spain, according to evidence collected by the National Union of Seamen.

Mr. W. R. Spence, general secretary of the union, made startling revelations from evidence in his possession.

He quoted the allegations of 25 seamen who were landed at South Shields a few days ago, having been sent back from Danzig. They had gone there in a ship carrying a general cargo.

After unloading they were ordered to load a cargo of munitions for Spain.

Without inquiring whether the arms were for the Government or the rebels, the crew decided not to work.

They were immediately "paid off" and given their fares home. Officers and engineers decided to remain with the ship, and it is stated that a foreign crew was slated on.

Union officials have collected a mass of other evidence, and Mr. Spence hopes to have his case ready this week-end, when it will be handed to an M.P., who will raise the matter in the House.

The Government will be asked whether British seamen should be penalised because, in a foreign port, they remained loyal to declared British policy and refused to handle arms for either side in Spain.

are deserving of help and encouragement, and both, in return, are giving in their paintings something for which we should be grateful; pictures which are not only pleasing in themselves but which, because they are painted here in Hongkong, can teach us to see beauty in very many places where, perhaps, we had never looked to find it.

(To be Continued.)

EARTH'S CRUST IS COOLING

FROM THE INSIDE OUT SCIENTIST EXPLAINS

Washington, Dec. 1.

The earth's crust actually may have started cooling from the inside out instead of from the surface inward, according to a theory explained by Dr. L. H. Adams, physical chemist of the Carnegie Institution.

This theory upsets the popularly held belief that the earth was once a molten ball, that it gradually cooled from the outside downward and that millions of years in the future it will be "cold."

In a talk on "the earth's interior: its nature and composition," Dr. Adams indicated that originally the earth was a well mixed molten mass. Gradually, he explained, the iron began to fall away from the silicate layer which then began to crystallize at the bottom.

If this conclusion is true, then the earth was solid some hundreds of miles below the surface long before it was crystallized at the top.

"One of the most cogent reasons for believing that the earth is crystalline is that in no other way could we easily account for the fact that the crust differs so markedly from the interior," Dr. Adams reported.

"Granting that the earth was once molten and well-stirred, we apparently must admit that the separation into zones on so large a scale took place either by the falling of a heavy insoluble liquid to the bottom (thus producing the iron core) or by the residuum of a process of crystallization, this residuum becoming the crust."

2,000 MILLION YEARS

Dr. Adams estimated that the initial solidification took place some 2,000,000,000 years ago. His prediction was based on the finding of minerals which had progressed at least 1,500,000,000 years along the shift schedule from radium to lead.

The chemist said that the temperature found below 200 miles from the earth's surface probably were nearly the same as those found there originally. He believes that "the greater part of the earth is now as hot as it was when solidification first took place."

At the centre of the earth is the core. The radius of the core is estimated to be about half that of the earth, consisting of a very heavy substance, probably metallic iron or nickel iron and was plastic rather than rigid.

Because it is non-magnetic, this molten metal has no appreciable influence on the earth's magnetism, Dr. Adams explained.

The centre of the core has a pressure of more than 47,000,000 pounds to the square inch, the chemist estimated. While the temperature estimates show some differences of opinion, Dr. Adams said "that many scientists placed the temperature at the earth's core as high as 5,000 degrees."

The Great Walking Stick Mystery

WHAT HAS HAPPENED TO THE WALKING-STICK?

Six years ago nine out of ten young men carried walking-sticks.

To-day the only walking-sticks on town and city streets are carried by aged men or cripples—with rare exceptions.

Yesterday, writes a London reporter, I asked a manufacturer where all the walking-sticks have gone.

"Out of fashion," he said shortly, "umbrellas are in—walking-sticks are out. Just count the number of umbrellas you see carried by young men to-day. They all carried sticks some years back."

Ear Operation May End Tommy Rose's Air Career

TOMMY ROSE, who has been seriously ill in Johannesburg, plans to fly home at dawn to-day.

Rose has had a serious operation to his ear. Hearing is an important feature of the Air Ministry examination or commercial flying licences. Rose, it is feared, may lose his B pilot's licence. That means that he would be unable to fly for living.

Charles Scott, who also took part in the "hoodoo" Johannesburg race, has had to undergo a similar ear operation.

GERMANS IN CHINA

Los Angeles, Nov. 20.

Germany's colonial experiment on the shores of Kiaochow Bay, in Northern China, from the viewpoint of the historian and political scientist, is criticized by Ralph A. Norem in a book entitled "Kiaochow leased territory."

Norem is instructor in political sciences at the University of California at Los Angeles.

Published by the University of California Press the book first dives into the writer of diplomatic law of Kiaochow which was the first of leased concessions which the Powers received from prostrate China. He points out that while China handed over jurisdictional rights to Germany for the lease period of ninety-nine years she did not relinquish her territorial right to the port.

Dropping the role of historian, Norem, then discusses quickly and objectively the status in international law of Kiaochow which was the first of leased concessions which the Powers received from prostrate China. He points out that while China handed over jurisdictional rights to Germany for the lease period of ninety-nine years she did not relinquish her territorial right to the port.

The author's conclusion deals once more with the diplomatic grabbing for concessions in China. It ends on a tragic note as he cites the energy, industry and ingenuity which Germany poured into the tiny fishing port only to lose it to Japan after it had become a modern commercial city.—United Press.

RADIO BROADCAST

Violoncello Recital By Susan Jones

A VOCAL RECITAL

Radio Programme Broadcast by Z. B. W. on a wavelength of 355 metres (845 k.c.s.), 31.40 metres (9.52 megacycles).

12.30 p.m. The B. B. C. Wireless Military Band.

1 p.m. Time and Weather.

1.05 p.m. Four French Songs by Albert Prejean.

1.15 p.m. Octets.

1.30 p.m. Reuter Press, Rugby Press; Time, Weather, and Announcements.

1.40 p.m. Variety.

2.15 p.m. Close Down.

4.7 p.m. Chinese Programme.

7 p.m. Hawaiian Melodies.

Mauna Loa... Kanui and Lulu; Samoan Love Song... Andy Iona and His Islanders; Lei Gardenia; Song of the Islands; Royal Hawaiian Band; On the Dreamy Moana Shore; Tropical Idylls... South Sea Islanders.

7.20 p.m. Three Songs by the Boswell Sisters.

Why don't you practice what you preach; I met my Waterloo; Lullaby of Broadway.

7.30 p.m. Closing Local Stock Quotations and Hongkong Exchange Market Report.

7.35 p.m. Alfredo Campoli and His Concert Orchestra.

Wedding Dance Waltz (Lincke); Magyar Melodies (Vilmos, arr. Prejean); Cara Mia (Sievier and Prejean); Old Bohemian Town (Marsden and Kennedy); Your heart called mine (Edgar-Levinick-Hayon); Vienna in Springtime (Leon-Dominic Pelosi); Obstinat (Fontenailles, arr. Crook); Tango Habanera (Payan, arr. Hartley).

8 p.m. Time Weather and Announcements.

8.05 p.m. From the Studio. A Recital by Albert A. Barton (Baritone) and Violet McGowan (Soprano).

Soprano Solos—"The Mikado"—Yum Yum (Gilbert and Sullivan); "Patience"—Patience (Gilbert and Sullivan); Baritone Solos—She is far from the land (Frank Lambert); Fairings (Easthope Martin); Soprano Solos—An Enchanted Love (L. Ken. nedy-Fraser); Silent Noon (Vaughan Williams); Rise up and reach the stars (Eric Coates); Baritone Solos—Roses of Picardy (Haydn Wood); Somewhere a voice is calling (Arthur F. Tate).

8.35 p.m. Two Strauss Waltzes. Doctores: When the lemons bloom... Johann Strauss and Symphony Orchestra.

8.45 p.m. From the Studio. A Violoncello Recital by Susan Jones, A.R.C.M.

De Hangehe Meij Contredans—Old Dutch Folk Tunes and Dances (arr. Julius Tonnen); Andalus... (Granados); Requiesco... (Gaspard Casanova).

9 p.m. London News and Announcements.

9.20 p.m. Variety Items. Vocal—Sing Gipsy Sing... Anona Winn; Saxophone Solo—Schon Rosmarin... Marcel Mule; Accordion Solo—Czardas... Giletto Castoncelli; Vocal—A Night's Rhapsody... James Molton (Tenor); Instrumental—Wedding Chimes... The Brothers Bertini; Vocal—When did you leave heaven?... Francis Langford; Instrumental—La Javan du Ratak... Prof. Giuseppe Gargano (Mandoline).

9.45-10 p.m. From the Studio. A Pianoforte Recital by Lillian Quinn.

Fantasia Impromptu (Chopin); Valse (Mitscha Levitzki); Juba (Nathaniel Dett); The two larks (Lechetsky).

10 p.m. London Big Ben. Dance Music.

11 p.m. Close Down.

DAVENTRY PROGRAMMES

The following wave-length and frequencies are observed by Daventry.

Sign	Frequency	Wavelength
GBA	4,350 k.c.	69.20 metres
GBL	4,210 k.c.	71.25 metres
GBD	9,585 k.c.	31.30 metres
GBE	11,750 k.c.	25.52 metres
GBF	11,845 k.c.	25.38 metres
GBG	15,140 k.c.	19.82 metres
GBH	17,790 k.c.	16.84 metres
GBI	21,470 k.c.	13.97 metres
GBJ	25,240 k.c.	11.88 metres
GBK	31,540 k.c.	9.48 metres

Transmission 1
(G.S.D., G.S.O.)
4 p.m. Big Ben, Oxford v. Cambridge.
4.20 p.m. Chamber Music.
4.45 p.m. "Imperial Affairs."
5.10 p.m. "Empire Magazine," No. 17.
5.40 p.m. The News and Announcements.
Greenwich Time Signal at 5.45 p.m.

Transmission 2
(G.S.F., G.S.C., G.S.I.)
7 p.m. Big Ben, Quentin Maclean, at the Organ of the Truro Cathedral, Exeter and Castle, London.
7.15 p.m. "Imperial Affairs."
7.30 p.m. George Kish and his Orchestra.
8.10 p.m. "Straight Crooks."
8.40 p.m. Henry Hall's MusicMakers.
9 p.m. The News and Announcements.
Greenwich Time Signal at 9.15 p.m.
9.30 p.m. Songs and Musical Stories of the West.

Transmission 3
(G.S.D., G.S.F., G.S.I.)
10 p.m. Big Ben, The B.B.C. Welsh Orchestra.
11 p.m. "The Policeman's Lot."
11.15 p.m. "The Times" Kitchen.
11.45 p.m. Oxford v. Cambridge.
12.15 a.m. Old-fashioned Dances.
12.45 a.m. Old-fashioned Dances (cont'd).
Greenwich Time Signal at 12.45 a.m.

CHINESE FUNERAL

LATE MR. LEE HAY-LAP LAID TO REST

There was a large attendance of relatives and friends at the funeral service held yesterday afternoon of Mr. Lee Hay-lap, the younger brother of the late Mr. Lee Hy-an.

Mr. Lee Hay-lap passed away at his residence on Monday morning.

A brief religious service took place at the Wing Pit Ting in Pokfulam, when all the relatives and friends present paid their last respect to the deceased.

The funeral procession was a simple one, followed by many motor cars conveying the relatives. The chief mourners included Mrs. Lee, Mr. Lee Ka-kay, eldest son of the deceased and three younger sons, two daughters, and two nephews, Mr. P. H. Lee and Mr. W. K. Lee.

Among the friends attending were noted Mr. D. H. Blake, Mr. Shi Yue-man, Mr. Fung Chok-lam, Mr. Lo Yuk-tong and many connected with local theatres and cinema houses.

The funeral was held at the Wah Yee Picture Palace, where the deceased was laid to rest. The service was held at 2 p.m. and the burial took place at 3 p.m.

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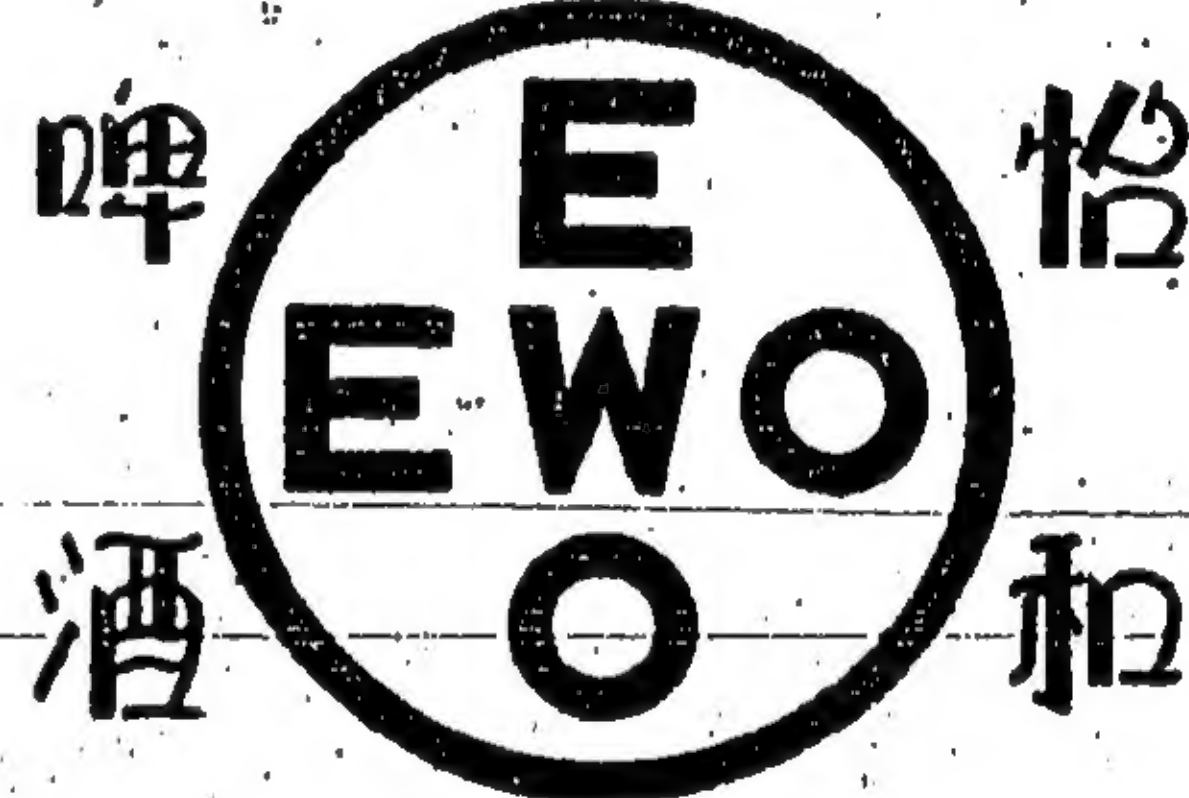
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8.30 a.m.

(Registered letters 5.00 p.m., 10th December)

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residence on Monday morning. A brief religious service took place at the Wing Pit Ting in Pokfulam, when all the relatives and friends present paid their last respect to the deceased.

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Dear Santa,

"—and please don't forget to bring me a pair of nice comfy slippers — I like red."

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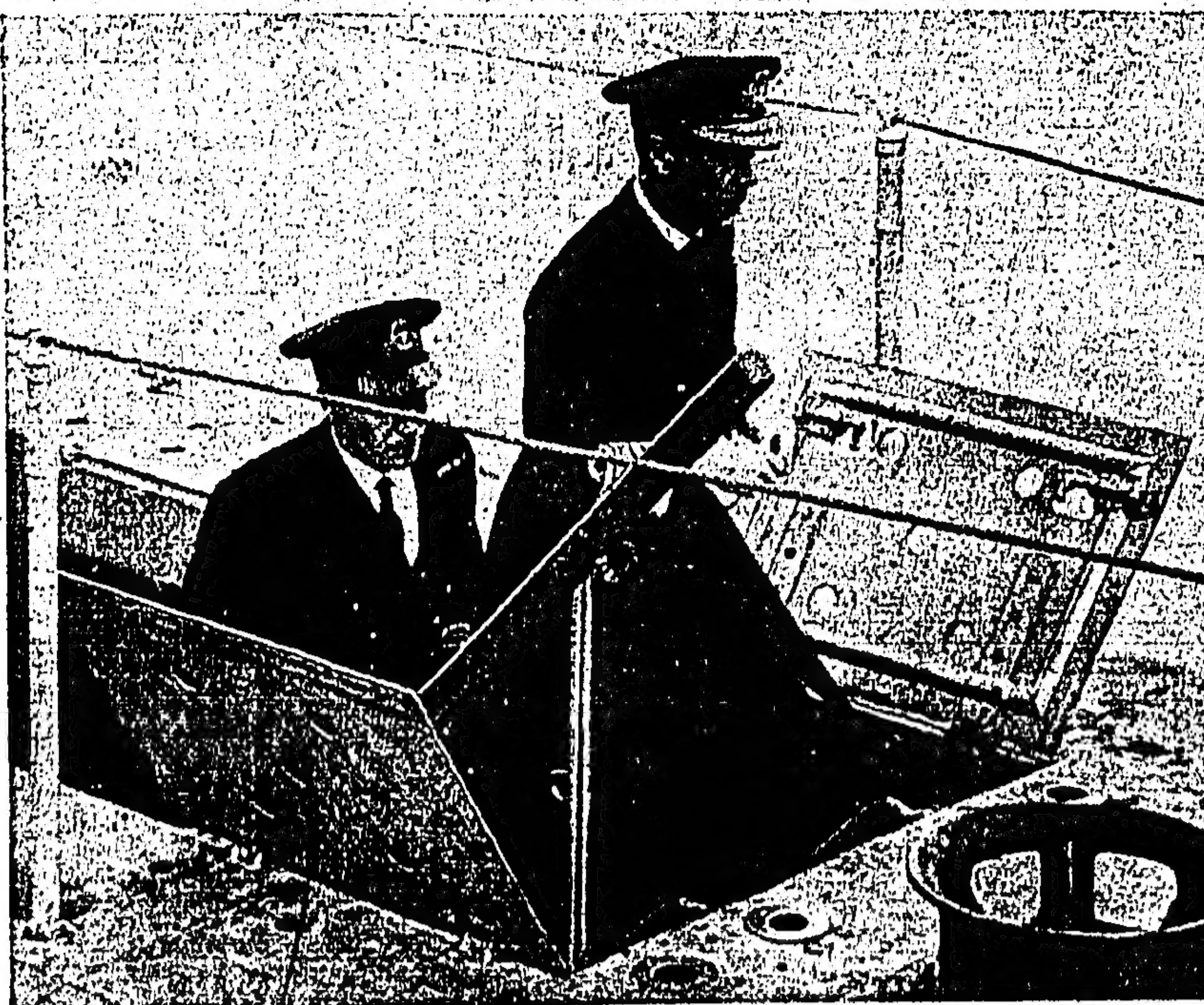
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THE KING WITH THE FLEET



THE KING LEAVING THE SUBMARINE NARWHAL.

"G. K. C." Sums Up His Friends

Mr. H. G. Wells. A "Permanent Reactionary"

G.B.S. 'GENERALLY WRONG'

Interesting passages in the late G. K. Chesterton's "Autobiography," are those in which he sums up some of the notable men with whom he came in contact. Here are some of his impressions:—

KING GEORGE V

"I only met him once myself, at the house of the late Lord Burnham, where he was shooting. . . . He certainly did strike me as about as genuine a person as I ever met. But he was genuine in a rather unexpected way.

"He was not only honest, but frank, and so free and easy in his likes and dislikes that he might have been called indiscreet. 'G. B. S.' said truly of his public talks that they were indeed the King's English, but the private were also decidedly plain English.

"He was anything but the supreme permanent official many eulogies implied; he was not like some reliable solicitor in whom family secrets are locked up, or some doctor congested with the silence of professional confidence; he was much more like a little sea captain who keeps a certain silence and etiquette on his quarter deck, but plenty of anecdotes, not to say anathemas, in his cabin."

MR. H. G. WELLS

"What I have always liked about Wells is his vigorous and unaffected readiness for a lark. . . . but I have always thought that he reacted too swiftly to everything, possibly as a part of the swiftness of his natural genius.

"I have never ceased to admire and sympathise, but I think he has always been too much in a state of reaction. To use the name which would probably annoy him most, I think he is a permanent reactionary."

MR. G. B. SHAW

"My principal experience from first to last has been in argument with him. . . . I have learned to have a warmer admiration and affection out of all that argument than most people get out of agreement.

"Bernard Shaw . . . is seen at his best when he is antagonistic. I might say that he is seen at his best when he is wrong. I might also add that he is generally wrong. Or rather, everything is wrong about him except himself."

MR. RAMSAY MACDONALD

"When I knew him slightly in my youth, in the days when we were all Socialists, he had the name of being rather a cold and scientific exponent of Socialism; the more expansive and emotional sort of eloquence seems to have developed late in life. . . .

"When he was still counted a revolutionary Labour leader with a red tie I heard Balfour refer to him in Parliament with respectful regret, 'confessing myself an admirer of the Parliamentary style of the hon. gentleman' and somehow when I heard those words I think I knew that the man with the red tie was destined for a National Ministry. Even then, at least, he looked much more like an aristocrat than most Socialists do."

SIR J. M. BARRIE

"There is something in his own humorous self-effacement that seems to create round him a silence like his own."



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KING GEORGE V MEMORIAL FUND

A FINAL APPEAL

Christmas is approaching with its numerous calls for generosity, and it seems desirable to close the King George V. Memorial Fund before it becomes one of too many claims on our charity. I therefore propose to close the subscription lists on Saturday, December 19th, and I ask every citizen of Victoria and Kowloon to put to himself the following questions:

- (1) Have I fully appreciated the nature of the Memorial, which is that the thank-offerings of those who prospered under the late reign will be devoted to the recreation of poor people in crowded areas; so that Hongkong's monument to King George will not be a lifeless statue of him but a living and permanent realisation of his desire for the health and happiness of his poorest subjects?
- (2) Are the ninety thousand dollars that have already been raised the most that Hongkong can do?
- (3) If not, can I add to the amount, even though my contribution be small?
- (4) Or, having already given, can I give more?

A. CALDECOTT,
GOVERNOR.

CHRISTMAS Gift SUGGESTIONS

HERE ARE A FEW ITEMS FROM OUR COMPREHENSIVE RANGE OF MOST APPROPRIATE GIFTS.



EXQUISITE CHINESE SILVER BRUSH SETS

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2 pce. sets from \$18.00
5 pce. sets from \$75.00
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Where Men Work Day and Night

ENGLAND AS SEEN BY EGYPTIANS

Lively Old Ladies Of 90

Cairo, Dec. 1. English people are learning some startling facts about their own country from some of the Egyptian journalists who recently visited London for the signing of the Anglo-Egyptian treaty.

English people have to work day and night in order to make a living we are given to understand by the Al Ahram correspondent. He came to the conclusion that the cost of living in England was three times what it is in Egypt. The English labourer, he noticed, is a spendthrift. "He may spend all his wages on such things as liquor, tea, and tobacco. Although this habit of extravagance is harmful to the labourer himself, yet it benefits commerce and lessens the effects of the crisis."

The correspondent reached London just when the school terms were opening. "London is now as if it were in continual festivities. Students welcome the return to their school, and they meet each other with joyful exclamations."

In the country, the correspondent noticed that "there are hotels and bars in every village. Besides, one finds in the English villages all sorts of recreations. They have cinemas and theatres, gardens and sports grounds and bank branches. Indeed, I found a bank branch in a village that consists of seven houses only."

KIDNAPPING SONGS
The most important preoccupation of the London police last September was "the discovery of the kidnapping gangs, which kidnap not only boys and girls, but men too, and only agree to free them after their relatives have paid certain sums of money. Before the ingenuity of these kidnapping gangs, the London police stands helpless."

"The Force is also occupied with tracing the aliens who migrate into London and mix with the inhabitants. According to English law, anyone who lives in England for a period of five years becomes entitled to the English nationality. Many Egyptians, having resided longer in London, have been offered the English nationality, but they refused to accept this status despite its many privileges."

MARRIED WOMEN LIKE GIRLS

The Englishwoman in particular made a striking effect on the correspondent.

"Many Englishwomen appear as if they were still girls, even those who have married and have children. The fact is that the Englishwoman takes a lively interest in her health, to such an extent that many live in good health up to their eighties and nineties. I have seen many of the latter in parks. I listened to their conversation, admired their apt remarks, and marvelled at their good memories."

"In the middle and upper classes, they are the ideal of simplicity. They direct the home and family affairs. They teach their children and supervise the course of their education. Poor or rich, the Englishwoman is cultured."

"In her clothes, however, the Englishwoman is a spendthrift. A rich woman may buy an overcoat for 100, 150, or even 200 pounds. A society woman or the wife of a well known personality may go to any shop and buy what she likes, sometimes for thousands of pounds, and none will ask her for the money. The goods will be delivered safely at home and the bill sent later to the husband. This custom has caused many disputes."

The writer concludes feelingly: "A visitor to London needs to squander much money in backshishes (tips) in order to be called a cultured gentleman."

MADDENING THOUGHTS

New York, November 23. An expert's report to the New York Psychiatric Institute declares that:—Bachelors are three times as likely as married men to become insane. Single women are twice as likely as wives to lose their reason.

Kingfisher's Birthday As Holiday

Chicago Votes To Turn Back Clocks

Chicago, Nov. 30. Chicago's millions may turn their clocks back one hour, North Dakotans may get their first legal liquor, and Aug. 30—Huey Long's birthday—will be a legal holiday in Louisiana next year, as a result of three of the many referenda in the general elections.

Proposals varying from use of slot machines in Florida to issuance of \$33,000,000 worth of power bonds in Washington were accepted and rejected.

Florida voters barred slot machines in 37 of their 65 counties, but authorized them in at least two. Floridians also voted for statepaid old age pensions.

Washington's power bond proposal was rejected, along with a \$15,000,000 flood control bonds issue, and an authorization of a state income tax.

Chicago, which became an island of eastern standard time in the middle west last spring, may return to its former system because a popular vote approved central time for seven months and "daylight saving" time for the summer.

North Dakota, dry since statehood although surrounded by wet states, voted to permit legal sale of liquor. Texas and Oklahoma defeated proposals to give their state governments a monopoly on liquor sales.

Besides establishing the late Senator Long's birthday as a legal holiday, the Louisiana political machine boasted of having put through 33 other constitutional amendments permitting legislators to increase their own salaries or take the jobs they create, permitting Louisiana citizens to register by mail from other states, authorizing the governor to make laws effective as soon as they are passed, and approving state-federal co-operation under Social Security laws.

California voters decided not to repeal the state income tax law, not to tax oleomargarine, not to tax chain stores, not to grant local option in liquor sales.

New York City voted to install proportional representation giving minor parties a share in the city government, and to inaugurate a new city charter lightening administration machinery and eliminating many political prizes.

The city of Detroit refused to abandon its commission form of government for a ward council.

AIR INFANTRY FOR FRANCE PARACHUTE CORPS

Paris, Dec. 1. France is to follow the example of Russia and form a parachute corps. M. Col, the Air Minister, who is responsible for its formation, is a great admirer of the Soviet Air Force, which he recently inspected.

The communique issued by the Air Ministry states that "the general programme of reorganising the air force comprises the creation of air infantry units."

"These new units," the communique continues, "will comprise two groups of officers who, in the event of war, will be able to surprise the enemy by rear attack. They will be stationed respectively at Rheims and Algiers."

The groups will comprise a company of riflemen and a transport squadron able to assure the disembarkation of the infantry either by parachute or by landing."

The communique concludes, "In agreement with the Ministers of Defence, War and Marine, the Air Minister proposes, besides, to provide our air force in the immediate future with certain indispensable auxiliary services."

REFUSED TO MAKE MUSTARD GAS PROFESSOR'S STORY

Prof. William Cramp, Professor of Electrical Engineering at Birmingham University, related to members of the technical group of the Forum Club at a dinner in honour of the British Association at Grosvenor place, S.W., recently, how he refused during the war to assist in the manufacture of mustard gas.

At the time, he said, he was working on the manufacture of dyes. "I was approached to put in plant for the making of mustard gas," he added. "I said 'No. I will have nothing to do with it.'"

Goering Collects Toothpaste Tubes

Berlin, Nov. 30. Collection boxes for silver paper and old toothpaste tubes are being put up in public places all over Berlin.

This is just one detail of General Goering's drive to allow nothing to go to waste and to make Germany independent of foreign imports in four years' time.



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OPENING SATURDAY 12TH DEC.

THRILLING OXFORD-CAMBRIDGE RUGGER MATCH

Clubhouse Chatter

By "Veritas"

Navy Losing Several Fine Footballers Next Week

SHANGHAI PRESS BEGINS TO NOMINATE INTERPORT SOCCER TEAMS

NAVY football supporters go into mourning next week. When H.M.S. Bruce steams out of the harbour on Tuesday, December 15, she will carry with her no less than six first division footballers; and they are going home. From the Navy soccer ranks will be missing Baxter, versatile winger who is just as much at home on the left as on the right. Bowers, clever, intelligent and debonair centre-half. Cannell, foraging, goal-scoring centre-forward. Gardner, hard-working left half. Hills, resolute right back. Wearmouth, former first team inside forward. Wratton and Shaw, two second division stalwarts. The departure of these players is an awful blow to the Navy, who had the makings of a first-rate outfit. I am told that at the moment Navy aren't quite certain how they are going to fill these vacancies.



Bossuet, who has played previously in a football interport in Hongkong, is nominated as a likely member of Shanghai's team for this season.

Tamar On Top

THOUGH little is heard of it, one of the most flourishing and interesting football competitions in Hongkong is the China Fleet League, which is divided into two sections, the respective leaders of which play off a divisional final for the championship. H.M.S. Tamar, always prominent in this league, is to-day leading the Small Ships section, having played and won six matches. On Thursday they play their last game, against the Duncan, but whatever the result they are practically assured of competing in the divisional final. On Monday H.M.S. Bruce beat H.M.S. Sandwich in this competition, winning by three nil. Cannell (2) and Shaw netted the goals, the Bruce leading by one-nil at half time.

Interport Ahoy!

SHANGHAI press services are losing no time in getting down to interport football already. On Monday, in collaboration with the Shanghai Times colleagues has suggested a team worthy to represent Shanghai against the Colony next February. There is a hint that this initial effort is not to be taken too seriously, but that it is more in the nature of an attempt to beat the Shanghai Football Association in a little game of "first to nominate the interport team." Explains Mr. Tombs in a comment preceding the announcement of the team: "This winter, after Mr. Tombs and his colleagues set about beating the Association to it."

Suggested Teams

ALTHOUGH I say it as should not, a Hongkong is not, perhaps, indifferent to newspaper nominations of interport teams, so that I herewith quote the proposals made, together with the reasons, suggested by the Shanghai Times. The majority of the players are well known to Colony followers of the game and include at least players who have played here before in interport. Here is the team:—Y. Z. Chung (Tung Hwa); L. Muen (A.S.F.) and N. Lee (Tung Hwa); Remedios (S.R.C.); Symons (S.R.C.) and P. Bell (A.S.F.); Aldridge (S.R.C.); S. Greenberg (S.R.C.); Robostoff (A.S.F.); Suen Kam-shun (Tung Hwa) and Jimmy Ward (A.S.F.). The suggested reserve side is:—Bolsaeon (A.S.F.); R. Madar (S.R.C.); Neubourg (S.R.C.); Collett (A.S.F.); Bulditch (S.F.C.); Cochran (S.R.C.); Taylor (Loyals); Sharples (Loyals); Collico (Lusitano); Bossuet (S.S.F.); Van (Tung Hwa).

No Need To Panic

PRESUMING that Shanghai finally selects a team from these 22 players, Hongkong can regard the prospect without getting into a panic. It seems fair to believe that anything up to half a dozen of the players who visited Hongkong in 1935 will be here again next February. And we won that 1935 match by seven goals to one! My own feeling is, even at this early stage, that no matter whom Shanghai sends down, Hongkong can turn out a team

from Shanghai accepting the invitation to send a team down next February, the Council proceeded to elect a sub-committee to make all arrangements. When asked who their powers would be, Major Manners replied that they were complete. The task of the sub-committee would be to select a team, make all arrangements for the accommodation and entertaining of the Shanghai team, arrange proper transport, fix the grounds on which the various matches are to be played, in short to look after everything pertaining to the interport. The sub-committee will have the right to co-opt anybody they may desire, including the grounds sub-committee. The following were elected to constitute the interport committee:—Messrs. W. Pryde, Wong Sik-to, G. H. Warren, C.M.S. Alves, J. McKelvie, W. E. Hollands and Captain G.W.P. Kimm, with, of course, the President, Chairman and hon. secretary as ex-officio members.

SYDNEY BARRACKER LOSES HIS VOICE

"Tragedy" On The Hill

The M.C.C. team fielded practically all day here against New South Wales, but critics on the famous "hill" were kind. The champion barracker lost his voice, and this was a minor tragedy. This voice has been heard for years, and it is doubtful if Larwood or Tate will ever forget it.

After nicknaming Copson "Bloey" and warning Fishlock to throw in straight and save Ames' lumbago, muffled tones said, "It's terrible! I've waited years for this tour. Now it's Friday the 13th, and my voice has gone."

"Decent chaps, these Englishmen; wouldn't offend them for worlds," the voice added.

British-U.S. Professional Golf Stroke Records

MACDONALD SMITH HEADS RACE FOR BEST LOW SCORE IN 1936 SEASON

MacDonald Smith, of Glendale, California, is leading in the contest among America's professional golfers for the best low score average in 1936. The veteran Scot, who has played more tournament golf than in many years, has an average of 71.12 for 33 rounds, with Lighthouse Harry Cooper, London-born golfer who plays in Chicago, in second place with 71.65 for 72 rounds.

A comparison of Anglo-American stroke average figures reveals that Britain owns, by virtue of their birth, the four low score leaders. America has 23 professional golfers who possess an average score of under 73. Great Britain has only seven. The list of the leaders is as follows:—

Average	Player
71.12	1.—Macdonald Smith (Nashville)
71.37	2.—Alfred Padgham (Bundridge Park)
71.63	3.—Harry Cooper (Chicago)
71.67	4.—Henry Cotton (Ashridge)
71.75	5.—Neil Christian (Yakama)
71.78	6.—Ralph Guldah (St. Louis)
71.83	7.—Abe Espinosa (Chicago)
72.14	8.—Lawson Little (San Francisco)
72.14	9.—Henry Picard (Henshey, Tex.)
72.14	10.—James Adams (Romeford)
72.15	11.—Paul Runyan (White Plains)
72.16	12.—R. Whitecombe (Parkstone)
72.23	13.—Richard Burton (Hooon)
72.31	14.—Tony Manero (Greensboro N.C.)
72.33	15.—Percy Alliss (Templemeads)
72.36	16.—Byron Nelson (Ridgewood N.Y.)
72.36	17.—Ky Laffoon (Chicago)
72.37	18.—Al Zimmerman (Portland)
72.40	19.—J. Thompson (Shawnee)
72.60	20.—Arthur Lacey (Berk-

Britain's under 73 seven are all in the first twenty of the 36 Anglo-Americans who break this score. And if Cotton's 16 rounds in the French, German, Belgian and Italian championships were taken into consideration his average stroke score would be reduced from 71.67 to 71.15. He would at the latter figure be pressing MacDonald Smith hard for the honour of being leading low stroke score player.

These figures are compiled in the case of the Americans, from scores returned in rounds of competitive golf in qualified events since the first of the year. The British averages have been derived from the scores in the open championship and important stroke play tournaments in Britain this year. Lighthouse Harry Cooper heads the list of 1936 money winners. Up to September 15 of this year, he had won about £1,333. Henry Picard of Hershey, Pa. has won about £1,250. Alfred Padgham heads the list of British golfers, with earnings exceeding £1,000. But Cotton, the next highest low score player, has won only about one-third of that amount.

BIG MONEY WINNERS
Richard Burton, Dai Rees, R. A. Whitcombe and James Adams have each exceeded the sum won by Cotton. There is, however, plenty of money for the leading exponents of professional golf; prizes in the main competitive events in Britain amount to between £15,000 and £20,000.

In America, the old school of golf professionals, Hagen, Sarazen, Hutchinson, MacFarlane, have been superseded by younger players as money winners. MacDonald Smith, one of the real veterans, is a notable exception. He won about £850 in competition.



Suen Kam-shun, former Colony footballer, who is suggested as a probable member of the Shanghai interport team to play here next February.

ENGLISH WOMEN'S HOCKEY "TITLE"

Undefeated Record In Unofficial World League Series

England retained her unbeaten record in the women's international hockey tournament at Philadelphia, defeating Australia in the last match by 6-3.

England thus, unofficially, won the tournament with 12 points, her nearest rival being the United States with four victories; South Africa, Scotland and Australia each won three matches.

South Africa and Scotland were each a point ahead of Australia by virtue of drawing one of their matches.

Wales went through the tournament without a win, but managed to achieve a 1-1 draw with South Africa.

Miss Dickinson, England's chief scorer, registered 24 goals during the tournament, her record being 6, 1, 7, 7, 3. The only match in which she failed to score was in the first when England beat South Africa by two goals to one.

The final unofficial placings were as follows:—

	P	W	L	D	F	A	Pts
England	6	6	0	0	41	9	12
U.S.A.	6	4	2	0	27	15	8
South Africa	6	3	2	1	23	14	7
Scotland	6	3	2	1	18	14	7
Australia	6	3	3	0	27	30	6
Ireland	6	2	3	1	17	24	5
Etceteras	6	1	5	0	4	34	2
Wales	6	0	5	1	8	26	1

—Reuter.

BLACKPOOL-SWANSEA ARGUMENT

Question Of Law Concerning A Free Kick

London, Nov. 10.

A position which may affect the Second Division promotion or relegation issues has arisen over the Blackpool-Swansea match at Blackpool on October 31. The facts as reported were as follows:—

Swansea say their players desired to cover their goal by standing on the goal line, but the referee refused to allow them to do so. The free kick was taken with only the goal-keeper in front of the ball. Hampshire of Blackpool, touched the ball sideways to Hill, who pushed it forward, and Hampshire drove it in the net.

This was the winning goal, and it arrived thirteen minutes from the end. Blackpool won 3-2. A protest may now be lodged by Swansea because a referee's decisions are only final on a question of fact. The case outlined, however, concerns a question of the law, and a successful appeal against such a decision would cause the match to be replayed.

Mr. Neil Harris, the Swansea Town manager, points out that his club have to consider the rights of Blackpool's rivals in the struggle for promotion to the First Division. The matter is certain to be discussed at the meeting of the Management Committee of the Football League.

HOCKEY MATCH CANCELLED

Club Unable To Raise Team

It was announced this morning that the hockey match which should have been played at 4.30 p.m. to-day between the Hongkong Hockey Club and the Navy has been cancelled. Four of the Club forwards cannot turn out, while Rodger, full back, is on the sick list.

BRILLIANT PLAY UNDER DIFFICULT CONDITIONS

"DOUG" LOWE DEAD

Popular Captain Of Harriot's Rugby TO HAVE MARRIED IN JANUARY

Edinburgh, Nov. 7. A well-known Edinburgh Rugby Internationalist, J. D. Lowe, who captained Harriot's F. P. Rugby team, died of blood poisoning in an Edinburgh nursing home this morning.

Mr. Lowe, who was about 29 years of age, was in perfect health up to last Sunday, when he complained of a slight pain in his arm.

Up to Wednesday his illness was not regarded in a serious light, but by Wednesday evening his condition grew gradually worse, and on the advice of a Professor he was removed to a nursing home in Edinburgh.

His parents were sent for yesterday afternoon, and when it appeared that he was a little easier they went home. He had a relapse about six o'clock this morning, and died an hour afterwards.

Both Mr. Lowe and his brother, A. G. R. Lowe, played for Harriot's (F.P.) against Glasgow High School at Goldenacre last Saturday. "A. G. R." was to have travelled to Dublin, but did not do so owing to the grave turn his brother's illness took towards the end of the week.

Mr. Lowe was the son of Provost David Lowe and Mrs. Lowe, Musselburgh. He was educated at Musselburgh Grammar School and then George Heriot's, where he learned his Rugby. He played for Scotland against Wales as a forward in season 1933-34, and he turned out for the Edinburgh side in the inter-city matches of 1933 and 1934, besides playing for the City against New Zealand last season.

He fulfilled the important role of Town Champion at the historic festival of the Riding of Marches at Musselburgh in the summer.

Perhaps the most tragic circumstance of Mr. Lowe's death, is the fact that he was to have been married to Miss Catherine Kennedy, of Edinburgh, in January. He was to have taken over a firm in the business of David Lowe & Sons (Ld.), market gardeners, of which he along with his father and other brothers, was a director.

He was a past president of Portobello Lawn Tennis Club. A curious coincidence about Mr. Lowe's death is that a younger brother, Robert, aged nine, died on November 7, 1916.

"A GREAT TRAGEDY"

The news of Mr. Lowe's death has been received with profound regret in Harriot circles.

When Mr. A. H. Brown, the treasurer of the Harriot (F.P.) Rugby Club, heard the news he consulted Mr. D. S. Kerr, the president, and it was agreed to send a wire to the team which is due to play against Lansdowne at Dublin this afternoon.

The telegram, which was addressed to Mr. D. S. Kerr, secretary, who is travelling with the team, said:—"Doug, Lowe died this morning."

Mr. Brown told the Evening Dispatch that he did not know whether or not the match would be cancelled. "It is a great tragedy," he added, "Doug Lowe was an exceptionally fine fellow and he will be greatly missed."

Mr. Brown said he did not know whether or not Mr. Lowe's sudden death was due to an injury on the Rugby field.

BEST CREW FOR ENDEAVOUR II.

Mr. Sopwith's Choice

Portsmouth. The pick of the crews of British J-class cutters will probably be available for Mr. T. O. M. Sopwith when he chooses those who will sail his Endeavour II, the challenger in the America's Cup races in July.

As reported in The Daily Telegraph his former yacht, Endeavour I, now owned by Mr. H. A. Andrews, will act as a trial horse for Endeavour II, during the final trials in United States waters.

Mr. Andrews has lent Endeavour I to Mr. P. Hill and Mr. F. Sigrist, members of the Royal Thames Yacht Club. Mr. Sopwith himself is concerned in a syndicate which will bear the whole expense of fitting out the yacht and sailing her to America.

Of Britain's J-class cutters, Britannia has gone, Shamrock V. and Candida have been in the sale list for some time, and in the circumstances it is almost certain that Mr. W. L. Stephenson's Veloseda and Mr. H. H. Paul's Astra will not be fitted out.

Mr. Sopwith, therefore, is expected to have a wide choice for his crew for Endeavour II.

Mr. Paul has already offered the services of his skipper, Capt. Edward Heard, to sail Endeavour II.

Oxford Did Most Of The Attacking

WONDERFUL KICKING BY FREAKES

London, Dec. 8.

A crowd of 25,000 which invaded Twickenham to-day watched one of the most thrilling Oxford v. Cambridge inter-Varsity rugby matches in the history of these encounters.

Cambridge won a grand game by six points to five. It was the 61st encounter between the universities, and this was Cambridge's 23rd victory. Oxford have won 27 times and there have been eleven drawn matches.

Rain and a heavy ground appeared to be all in favour of Oxford, especially when they attacked hotly from the start, displaying fine control over a greasy ball.

Their fast footwork carried them well into Cambridge territory, and a score seemed inevitable when the Oxford men got clean away. But Fookes dropped a short pass and missed a golden opportunity.

A spasmodic Cambridge onslaught followed during which the ball was taken up to within a couple of yards of the Oxford line. Then MacDonald fell when everybody was ready to cheer a score.

OXFORD SCORE FIRST

Oxford recovered and went back to a sustained attack which finally resulted in Downes fumbling the ball and Renwick picking up to cross the line. Brett easily converted.

Cambridge fought back brilliantly and twice got within five yards of their objective, but found the Oxford defence in magnificent form.

However Roden, who played a wonderful game throughout, eventually sent over a long reverse pass when being tackled and Wilton, securing a bullet-like pass, went over the line. Forrest did not convert.

After a free kick MacDonald received in his own half and made a dash for the line. He was caught by Fookes on the wrong foot, but managed to go over for a try. Forrest again failed with the kick.

At half time Cambridge led 6-5.

In the early stages of the second half Percy was through when he was checked by Forrest and Downes, but Oxford continued to attack, a wonderful kick by Fookes putting them a yard from the line.

Fookes' kicking was tremendous, and if Oxford had not been penalised so often, would probably have scored many tries.

Cambridge were allowed little breathing space, but the forwards, with the ball at their feet, relieved. During a rush Inglis hurt his knee and retired for a few minutes.

There was a terrific struggle in the closing stages, the fast thrills being when the Cambridge backs and forwards went the whole length of the field only to fail, and when a penalty kick by Brett of Oxford dropped a

foot short, Roden picking up the ball on the line.

There was no further scoring and Cambridge won a grand game by 6-5.

GAME SUMMED UP

London, Dec. 8. Summing up the game, Reuter in a special message, says that Oxford had a greater share of the exchanges but Cambridge were better opportunists.

Cambridge backs combined better. The Oxford backs kicked much too often and got into outside positions after making leading movements.

The wet and heavy conditions should have suited Oxford, whose pack was the heaviest for many years, but although they were superior in the scrum and loose, the backs lacked finishing power.

Prince Obolensky was very much misused.

WELSH RUGBY UNDER A CLOUD

"Rough Stuff" Introduced More Than Once

Welsh Rugby is under a cloud as a result of happenings on Welsh grounds, beginning with the Richmond-Swansea match and culminating in the Swansea-Llanelli affair and the ordering off of two players.

Apart from the actual incidents, the decision to cancel fixtures between the clubs is a serious matter, and cannot pass without official notice, as there appears little likelihood of the clubs meeting again.

Throughout the season there has been a tendency in some first-class and second-class matches to introduce "rough stuff" into the play, and the probability now is that the governing body will instruct their referees to act promptly and decisively in future against any players who gave the least indication of kicking over the traces.

The East Glamorgan Rugby Union are to take the first step to deal with rough play, at a conference. Urgent steps, they say, are needed to maintain the good name of the game in East Glamorgan.

It is reported that lists have been flying at other grounds than Swansea and there has been a general tendency of players to "inch on" when the referee orders a free kick. Immediately he turns his back on the players standing on the spot, indicated as the point of offence, they scuffle forward. At most the gain is only a few yards, but it is irritating to opponents, and unfair.

WON £500, FOUND OUT, SUSPENDED

English Football Official And Betting Pools

Wolverton (Bucks). Because he won £500 for a penny in a football pool it was discovered that Mr. James W. Gee, 33 years on Bucks and Bucks Football Association Council, was taking part in football pool betting, and he has been suspended for life under Football Association rules.

Mr. Gee said in an interview: "It is bad luck. Only by chance did any one get to know about it. I am not ashamed in the least. I think it is just a case of being found out. There are others doing the same thing."

"I have been taking part in these pools for years, but always under my wife's name. When I won the prize five weeks ago I was sent a cheque in her name and I endorsed it in her name."

"My wife had died last July, and the signature could not therefore be correct, and I was found out."

"The Bucks and Bucks Association had to give the matter through and were given no alternative but to ask me to resign. Unfortunately, their letter asking me to resign went to my old address, and I was unable to answer before they suspended me, and the whole matter became public. I admire the Football Association for trying to keep the game clean, and I have no grudge against any of its officials, but I do think it is a grand old policy to object to pool betting."

"I won my prize by getting 14 results right out of 16 in the 'penny line'. As I had only six tries it cost me only 6d. I do not see how the integrity of football can be endangered by that sort of harmless betting."

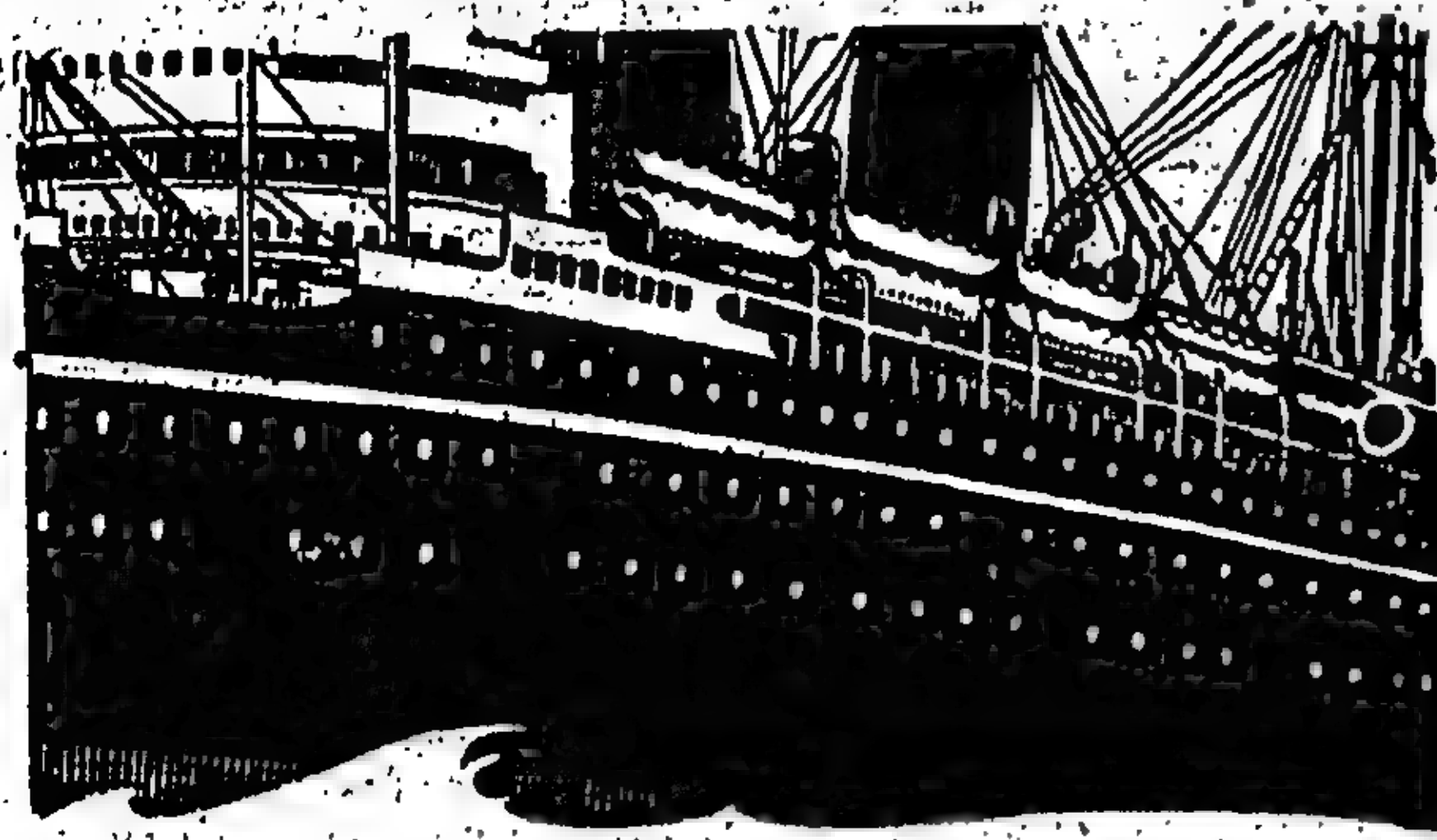
Mr. Gee is 60 years old, looks 40. He was to have presented Lieutenant Colonel Haykin, president of the North Bucks Football League, with silver plate.

"I shall not be able to do that now," he said. "I must even resign from my vice-presidency of the LMS Works Club. I am finished with football for the rest of my life."

"But I am £500 richer and quite unashamed. The money will let me buy my house and leave £300 to help me when I retire in five years' time."

Mr. Gee is a millwright at the LMS carriage works, Wolverton. Rule 43 of the Football Association says:—

"An official of an association or club, referee, linesman or player, proved to have taken part in coupon football betting shall be permanently suspended from taking any part in football or football management. In the case of a branch of this rule, any player, official, or spectator may be removed from any ground, and such force used as may be necessary for the purpose of effecting such removal."



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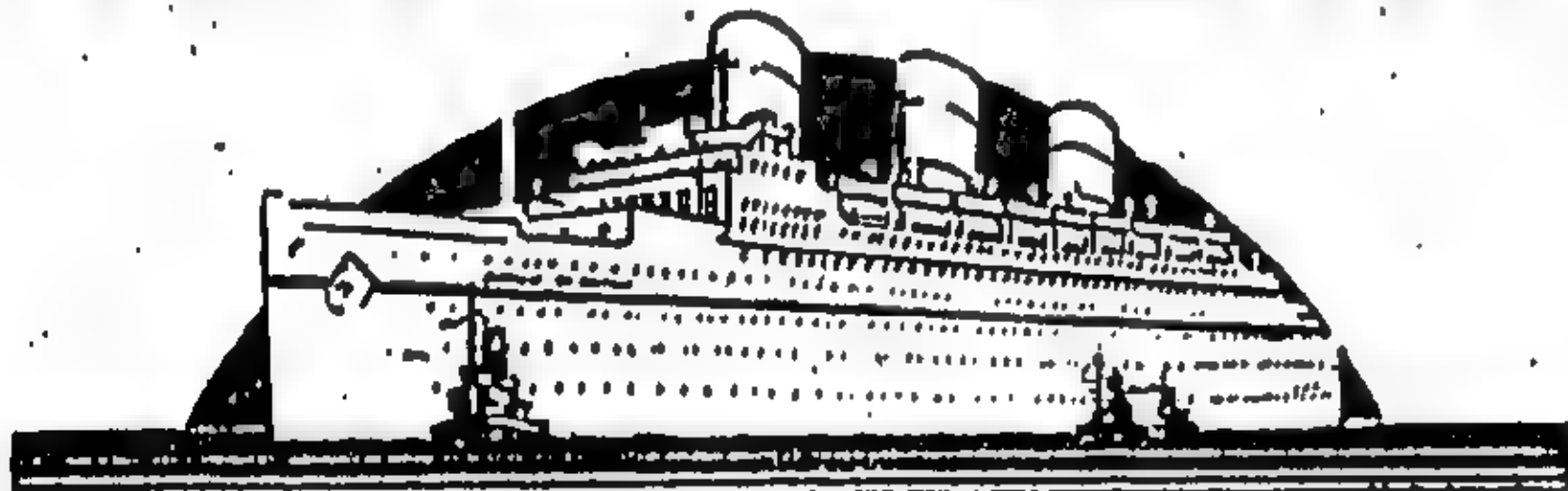
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WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE'S

Romeo and Juliet

NOVELIZED FROM THE PLAY BY

GERTRAUDE GELBIN

LOVE IN JEOPARDY

CHAPTER NINE

As the door of her bedroom opened, Juliet hastily dried her tears. She somehow managed a smile of greeting to her mother. Lady Capulet eyed her anxiously. Was the child still weeping for her cousin Tybalt? Then the time had come indeed to force her Lord's plan into action.

"Why, now," she said kindly. "Evermore weeping for your cousin's death?"

Juliet's tears fell afresh. "Will you wash him from his grave with tears," she continued. "Have done, child, I come to tell thee joyful tidings."

"And joy comes well in such a needy time," whispered Juliet. "My child," replied Lady Capulet, "early to-morrow morn the gallant and noble gentleman, the Count Paris, at Saint Peter's Church, shall happily make thee there a joyful bride."

Juliet fell back, stunned. "No, no," she cried, when at last she found her voice. "By Saint Peter's Church and by Peter too, he shall not make me there a joyful bride."

Lady Capulet gasped with amazement and indignation. "Juliet knew a sudden fear for the consequence of her rash outburst. 'I wonder at this haste that I must wed ere he that should be husband comes to woo,' she faltered.

Her mother's face grew stern. "I will not marry," wept Juliet. "Here comes your father," replied Lady Capulet with asperity. "Tell him so yourself."

Capulet entered the room wretched in smiles. "How, now, wife," he asked joyfully. "Have you delivered our decree?"

"Aye, sir; but she will none. And she gives you thanks." Lord Capulet swung about angrily. "Doth she not count her blest that we have wrought so worthy a gentleman to be her bridegroom?"

"I can never be proud of what I hate," cried Juliet. Her father's face flushed with rage. "Proud me no prouder," he shouted. "You go with Paris to Saint Peter's Church—or I will drag thee there!"

She fell to her knees. "Good father," she pleaded, "I beseech you, spare me." Her distress momentarily unmanned him. "Hang thee, young baggage," he exclaimed. "Disobedient wretch!" Her tears infuriated him. "Get thee to church," he shouted, "or never look me in the face."

Juliet's nurse ran to her side and supported the half-fainting girl in her arms. "God in heaven bless her," she murmured. She glared up at Lord Capulet. "You are to blame, my Lord, to rate her so."

This was the final insolence! "Silence you meddling fool!" he roared. "God's bread! it makes me mad to have a wretched, pulling fool to answer. 'I'll not wed, I cannot love, I am too young!' he mimicked wrathfully. "Look to it, Juliet, I do not jest. If you be mine, I'll give you to a friend. If not, his sword shall find the center of your breast. 'Then hang, Beg, Starve, Die in the streets. By my soul, I'll ne'er acknowledge thee.' He stormed from the room.

Juliet turned to her mother. "Is there no pity sitting in the clouds that sees into the bottom of my grief? Oh, sweet mother, let me stay not away! Delay this marriage for a month, a week. Or, if you do not, make the bridal bed in that dim monument where Tybalt lies."

Lady Capulet unlocked her clinging hands. "Talk not to me, I am not made of stuff as you are," she answered coldly. "Do as they will, I have done with thee," and followed in her husband's wake.

Juliet fell to the floor. "O, God!" she sobbed. "Nurse! How shall this be prevented? Comfort, nurse," she begged.

Her nurse raised her gently from the floor. "Romeo is banished," she answered as she led Juliet to a chair. "He dares not come back to challenge you." She paused as if to let her words sink in. "I think it best you married the Count."

Juliet sprang to her feet. "Speakest thou from thy heart?" her voice was strangely quiet. "And from my soul, too," nodded the nurse.

"Thou hast comforted me marvellous much," Juliet answered and waved her away. "Go in and tell my lady I am gone, having dispensed my father, to Laurence's cell to make confession and to be absolved."

The nurse flew to the door. "I will," she cried. "And this is wisely done."

Juliet watched her go and, then rushed forward. "Ancient damnation!" she wept. "Wicked fiend! Anguish paralysed her thoughts. She looked about the room wildly. Her cloak and the small knife upon her table caught her eye. She seized both and ran from the house. Fate's Latent hand! She must know some means of escape from this new tragedy.

"She sped through her garden, blinded with tears. As she passed the sundial her heart contracted with pain. Nine o'clock. To what distant point in his journey had Romeo advanced between their parting at dawn and the present hour? Nine o'clock. Only yesterday at this time her nurse had sought him out and brought back his blessed message. Yesterday the

world held only joy for them. Why had they not both died with their marriage kiss?

She thrilled in a confusion of pain and misery as she stumbled into the room. With her last bit of strength she reached his door and entered. "Weep with me," she cried, and nobly related this new misery which had beset her.

"Ah, Juliet," answered the Friar with compassion, "I know thy grief. 'Tell me not that thou knowest of it, unless you tell me how I may prevent it. If in thy wisdom thou canst give no help—do thou but call my resolution wise.' She drew her dagger from inside her cloak. 'With this knife I'll help it presently. God joined my heart and Romeo's. Thou our hands. And, e'er this hand, thy three to Romeo sealed shall be the label to another deed: this shall slay them both!' Her grief overpowered her. 'Give me counsel,' she implored.

Death was easier than the cursed fate awaiting her. That he knew. But, by all laws of God and man, such counsel was not his to give. He paced up and down his cell. At last a thought broke through his consciousness. A wild plan formulated in his mind.

"If, rather than to marry Count Paris, thou hast the strength of will to slay thyself, then it is likely thou wilt undertake a thing like death," he said slowly.

"I will do it without fear or doubt," she answered. He searched her face and found in it the courage of despair. He walked silently to a shelf from which he took a vial which he pressed into her hand. "Do as I say. Go home. Be merry. Give consent to marry Paris. To-night, look that thou lie alone. Let not thy nurse into thy chamber. Take thou this vial, being then in bed, and this distilled liquor drink thou off. Presently through all thy veins shall run a cold and drowsy humour. No pulse, no warmth, no breath shall testify thou livest. And, in this borrowed likeness of death, thou shalt continue two and forty hours. Now, when the bridegroom in the morning comes to rouse thee from thy bed, there are thou art dead. He paused and saw the cold and drowsy down in her eyes. "Then, shall thou be born to that same ancient vault where all the kindred of the Capulets lie. In the meantime, Romeo, by my letters, shall know. Aliter shall he come. He and I will watch thy waking. And as the night, shall Romeo hear thee hence to Mantua."

"Give me. Give me!" she cried in exultation as she clasped the vial to her. "Lord give me strength!"

JULIET'S JEST

CHAPTER TEN

Friar Laurence gazed into Juliet's shining face. "Be strong!" he urged, and sent her on her way with his blessing and his prayer.

When she had gone, he hastily sat himself down at his table to pen the promised note to Romeo. His quill moved and saw the ray of hope down in her eyes. "Then, shall thou be born to that same ancient vault where all the kindred of the Capulets lie. In the meantime, Romeo, by my letters, shall know. Aliter shall he come. He and I will watch thy waking. And as the night, shall Romeo hear thee hence to Mantua."

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girl's forehead. "Get thee to bed and rest," she said, "for thou hast need," and motioned the nurse to follow her out of the room.

Juliet watched them as they bustled down the corridor. "Farewell," she murmured. "God knows when we shall meet again."

Solely she walked to the table and from the jewel casket took forth the vial. She looked at it long, new doubts forming within her. "What if this mixture do not work at all? Shall I be married then to-morrow morning?"

Her eyes fell upon the dagger lying inside the casket. "No, not," she cried. "This shall forbid it!"

She seized the dagger and placed it, together with the vial, on the table beside her bed. "Lie thou there," she whispered.

Oh, that the contents of the vial might do all that Friar Laurence promised! Oh, that she might conjure up the strength to test it. Failing, yet might the dagger serve her purpose.

Tears sprang to her eyes as her thoughts and fears and doubts carried her now to this mind, now to that, leaving her helpless as a tiny craft upon some great and stormy sea.

"What if it be a poison which the Friar subtly hath ministered to have me dead, left in this new marriage, he should be dishonoured because he married me before to Romeo?" She shuddered. "I fear it is," she wept, "and yet, should not be, for he hath still been tried a holy man."

A great weariness descended upon her and she fell upon her bed. She reached for the vial, but a new fear stayed her hand. "How if, when I am laid into the tomb, I wake before the time that Romeo come to redeem me?"

She pressed her fingers to her eyes as if to shut out this tortuous imagery, but she could not. "Shall not then be stifled in the vault to whose foul mouth no healthsome air breathes in?" she cried.

But—what if she awoke too soon and were not stifled? Might not the horrors of death and night together with the terror of the place drive her mad?

"For these many hundred years the bones of all my buried ancestors there are packed. Bloody Tybalt yet but green in earth lies festering in his shroud"—she sprang to her feet in terror. Heaven spare her these vile fantasies! Yet, the image would not be vanquished. It grew and strengthened in her tortured mind. Did not spirits resort at some hour in the night. What loathsome smells and shrieks might greet her there should she awake before the promised hour?

"Oh," she cried from out the depths of her agony. "If I wake, shall I not be dashed?"

She buried her face in her hands to ward off this waking nightmare. But through her fingers it persisted, bringing wild visions that now betrayed her mind. Did she play madly with some forebear's bones? Might she not pick the mangled fragments from his shroud? Would she, in this rage, dash out her desperate brains? She stifled a shriek. Her eyes rivetted themselves on the vial.

"Look," she whispered. "Methinks I see my cousin's ghost seeking out Romeo." Her hand closed swiftly on the vial and she raised it to her lips. "Stay, Tybalt! Stay!" she cried and fell back upon her bed. She drew her curtains closed and swiftly drained the vial. "Romeo," she murmured. "I come."

And all that Friar Laurence promised came to pass. Soon, soon, she crossed the gulf from consciousness to sleep. Like icy death the poison froze her veins. No pulse, no warmth, no breath belokened that she lived.

So lay she through the night. So early day found her.

Outside her window the noisy morning sounds proclaimed the wedding preparations.

Inside the great hall Lady Capulet rounded up the serving men. "Nurse!" she called. "Fetch more spices."

Lord Capulet, hastening into the house, interrupted her. "Nurse! Go waken Juliet. Make haste—make haste—" he gestured frantically toward the garden. "The bridegroom is already come!"

They looked out into the garden and perceived Paris and his musicians stationing themselves beneath Juliet's balcony. Their lutes and voices were already sounding the bridal serenade.

In breathless haste the nurse mounted the stairs and ran to Juliet's bedroom. "Mistress," she called softly. "Juliet!"

A cold silence answered her. "How sound she sleeps," she said and rushed to the bed, drawing aside the curtains.

She stared for one horrified instant before her piercing shriek rent the air. "My lord! My lord!"

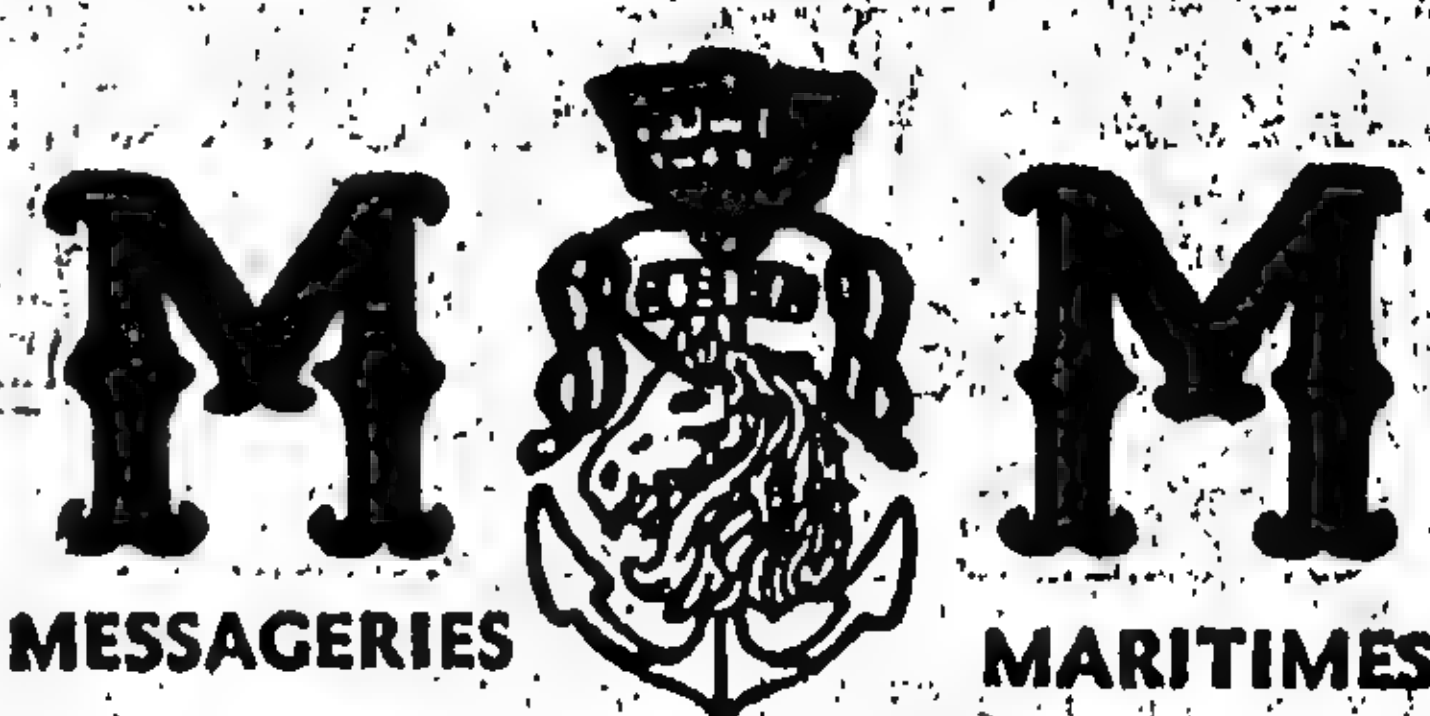
Lord and Lady Capulet ran into the room. "What noise is here?" They looked into her frightened eyes, then followed the finger she pointed within the curtains of the bed.

"My child!" cried Lady Capulet and fell upon her knees. "She's dead. She's dead. She's dead."

"Her Lord is come," whispered Juliet's father dully. He looked long upon the cold, still face of his child. "Death lies upon her like an untimely frost upon the sweetest flower of all the field."

And through the open window rose sweetly the soft music of the bridal serenade.

(To be Continued.)



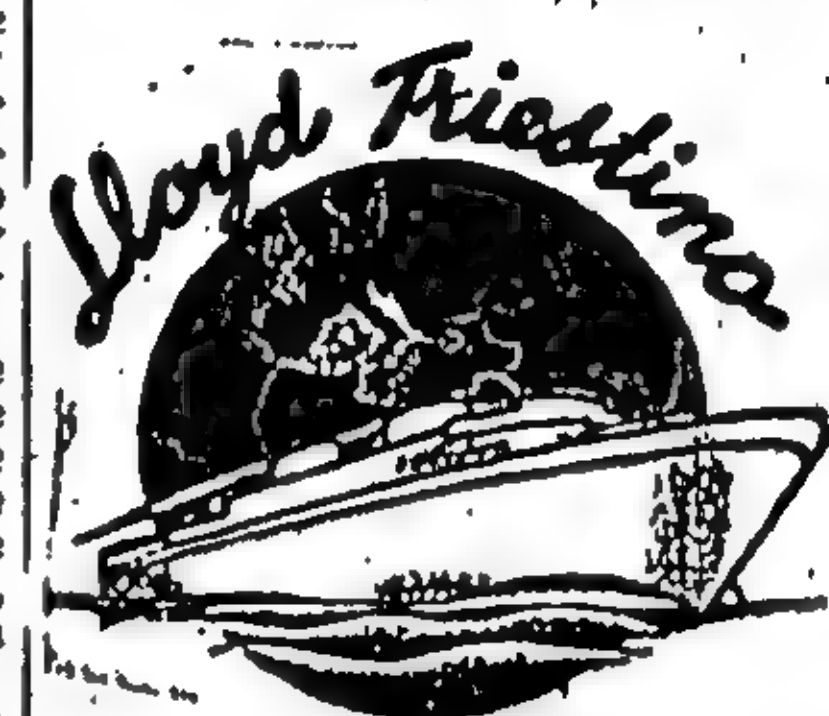
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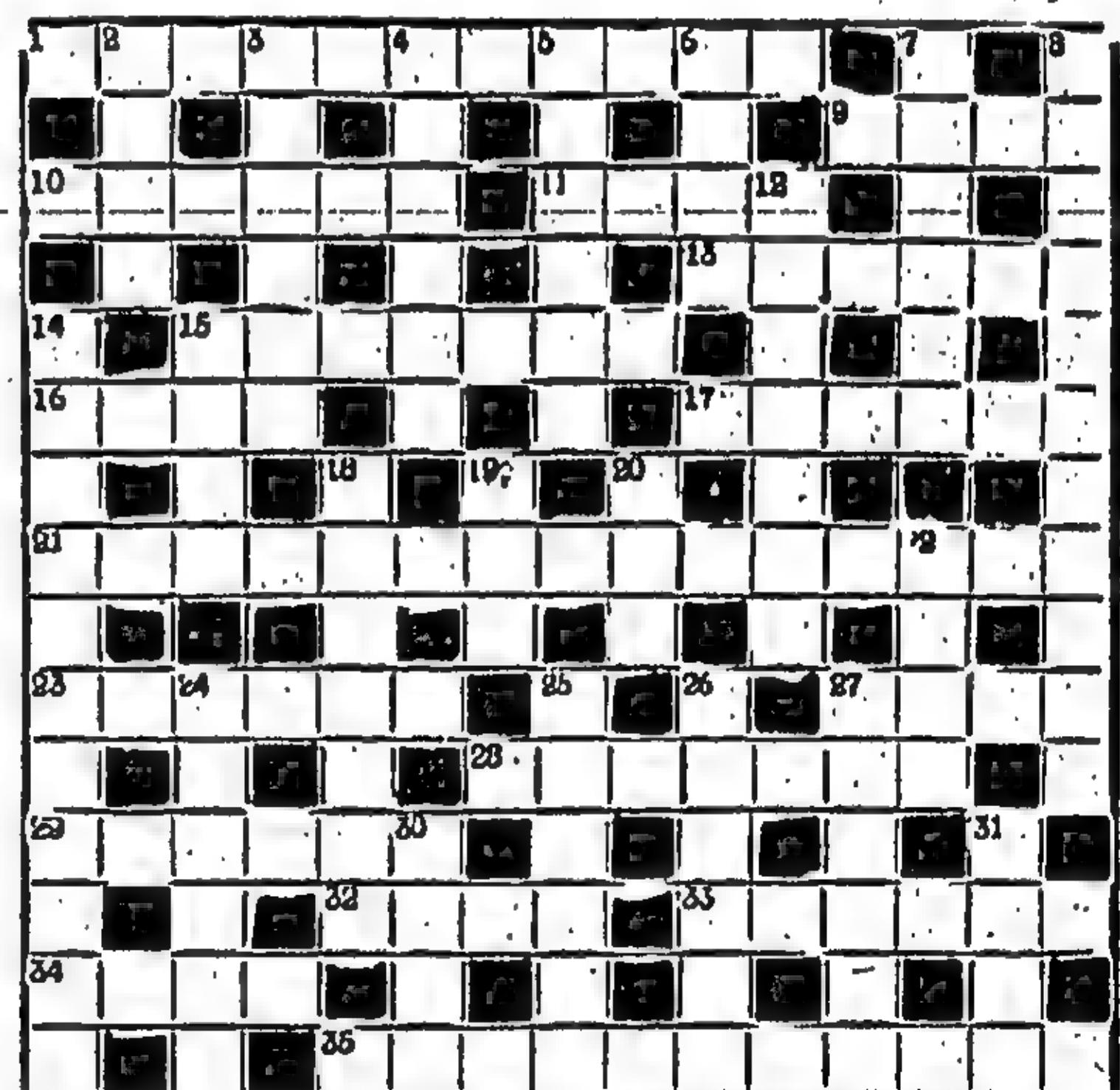
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ACROSS

- "Her meat can't" be, yet is supplied by him (anag.).
- Even if there's a man in the moon, there's nobody in a fine mood.
- Which, of course, is rubbish.
- Not gaudy.
- Quarrelling about a win.
- Crack anglers, by the sound of them.
- Irish centre for wintering.
- Ranged as a peril.
- To ask for it—two words, 5, 10.
- I'm afraid you'll have to look again for this.
- Slipped along with the lid only partly over.
- Battle about a degree-holder in America, of course.
- Children do not catch this bird, with the frequency that they used to do.
- This coat is not popular for party wear.
- Starts with a Scottish river, but comes from further north, and there's nothing to forbid here in Scotland.
- Would this be a suitable venue for a naval banquet in London? (two words, 5, 0).

DOWN

- If it's wrong it's right.
- Take a hand-warmer in for tea.
- Cherish (anag.).
- Describes certain tortles.
- It is nearer at the edges.
- This is believing.

- Dagger holes reveal that the assassin and his victim had been at it.
- In the direction of.
- The putting back of a speech by the rest.
- A fixed partnership.
- Let this for a change.
- Part of a store in the forest.
- Lays of Ancient Rome?
- Masculine name (rev.).
- Call out. This is really pretty rich.
- You can't cast one without a weapon.
- Head of an abbey.
- There's a donkey in the carriage—a special carriage, of course.
- Part of a boat on the Humber.
- Duck in "Peter Pan."

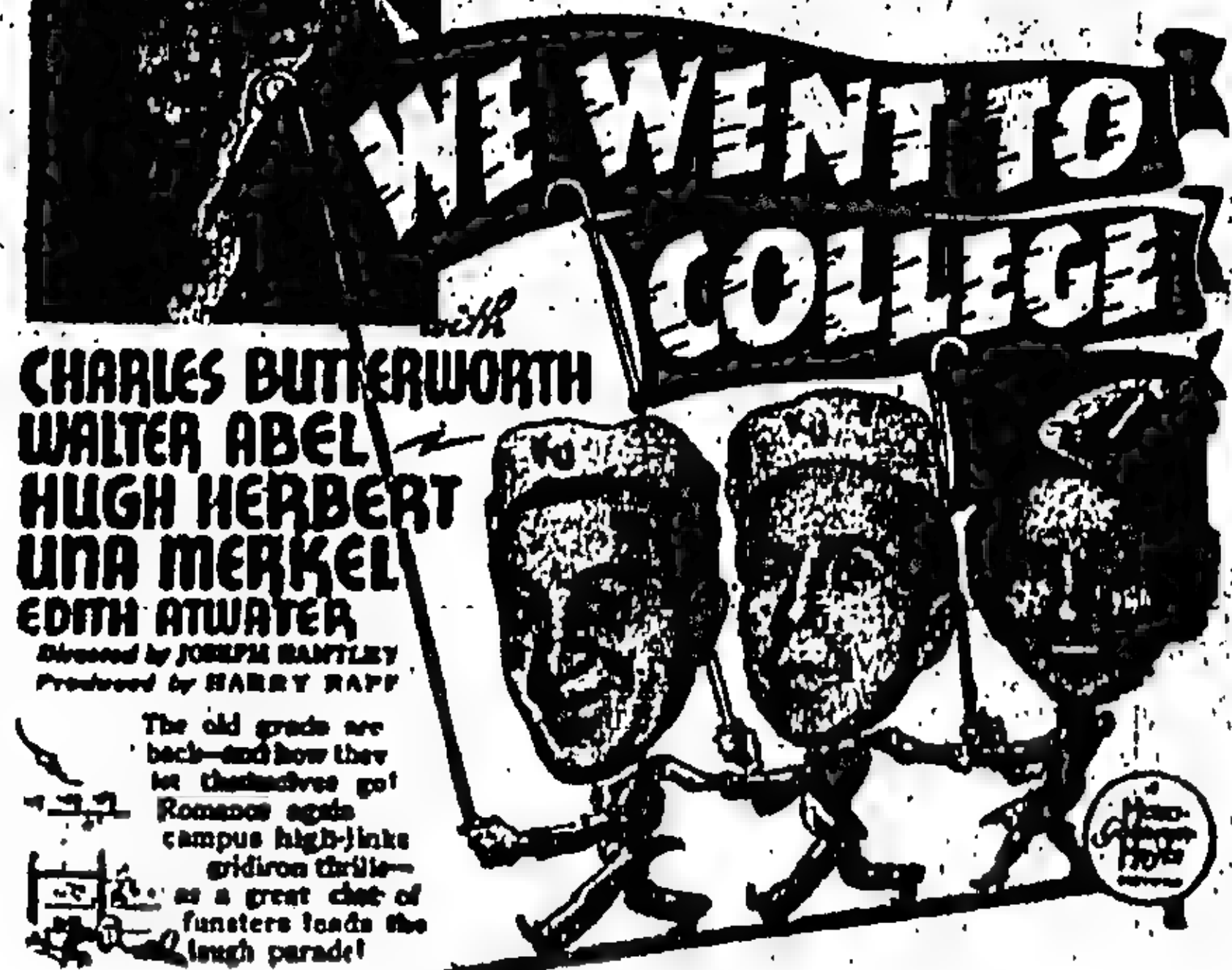
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The old grade was back and how they in the new one! Romance again campus high-jinks and a great cast of funsters leads the laugh parade!
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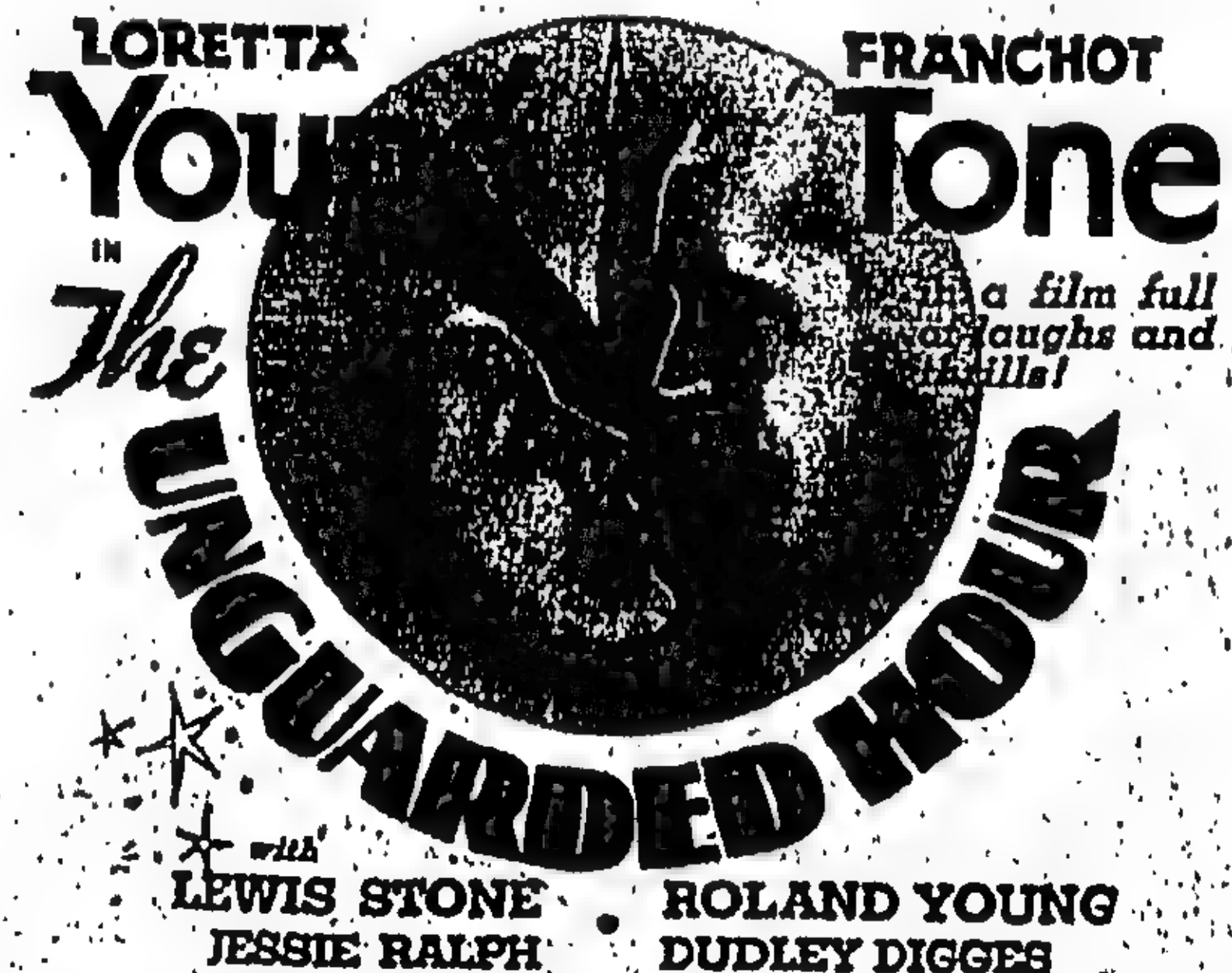
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WHEN AT HOME

The Hongkong Telegraph

MAY BE PURCHASED AT
SELFRIIDGE'S

DUKE NOT TO LOSE HIS PRIVATE ARMY

Free From Ban On Uniforms

The Duke of Atholl's army of 250 men, only private army in the country, will not be affected by the ban on political uniforms.

At the Duke's London house a London newspaper representative was told:

"The heading of the Bill makes it quite clear that it is for political uniforms and you can take it quite definitely that the Duke's army is not concerned."

"The Duke is entitled to maintain it by a royal patent granted to his grandfather by Queen Victoria when she made her first visit to Scotland in 1845."

THE MURRAY CLAN

The army is made up from members of the Murray clan who live on the Atholl estates at Blair Atholl, Perthshire.

They come into prominence once a year when the Duke lends them at the yearly Blair-Atholl gathering. Blair Castle is the Duke's Scottish seat.

In 1845 the then Duke gathered his clanmen to greet Queen Victoria, and the young Queen was so delighted with her reception, that she gave permission for the Duke to maintain three companies of infantry independent of the War office.

The Duke is a descendant of Lord George Murray, the Jacobite general who fought at Culloden in 1746. He is 65 years old and has many titles.

OFFERED HIS ARMY

Sir Lionel Earle, in his memoirs, stated that in 1922 the Duke of Atholl offered to march with his Atholl Highlanders to the aid of two friends whom the Duke of Argyll had threatened with imprisonment.

They were Sir Lionel Earle and Sir Alfred Mond (the late Lord Melchett).

The Office of Works scheduled Dunstaffnage Castle under the Ancient Monuments Act and Sir Alfred, then First Commissioner, received a letter from the Duke of Argyll threatening that if Sir Alfred "or his understudy, Sir Lionel Earle," presented themselves outside the walls of the castle instructions had been given to clap them immediately in the dungeon.

Asked about the incident when the book was published several years ago, the Duke of Atholl said: "Quite chaffingly I did say I'd go to help Sir Alfred Mond and Sir Lionel Earle if any trouble arose. But of course, I never expected any."

Banned 'Because Of Love For An Officer'

Auckland (N.Z.), Nov. 25.
MRS. M. M. FREER, wife of an Indian Army officer, and niece of the late Viscount Cave, refused permission to land in Australia on October 29, landed here to-day without question.

This was the story she told: "I am convinced that behind all this trouble lies a determination to prevent me from seeing the man I love."

"He is an Australian Army officer, 25 years old and married. My own marriage has been dissolved. We first met in India last February, and it was love at first sight. We travelled together in the liner Maloja."

"I shall stay here until the way is open for me to return to Australia. The Australian people have been splendid. Every day visitors came to the ship to express their sympathy. Flowers, letters, and telegrams arrived from every part of the country."

"Meaningless rumours circulated, so I issued a statement through a broadcasting station to say that I was not a drug-fiend, while slaver or Communist."

Speaker Stops Angry Debate In 'House'

Canberra, Nov. 25.
The ban on Mrs. Freer was debated so heatedly in Australia's Parliament to-day that the Speaker stopped the debate.

The Minister of the Interior (Mr. Paterson) refused to explain the ban or to allow members access to documents concerned. "The Cabinet," he said, "endorsed my action."

Mr. McCall (a Government member) asked, "Is it true that General Joss (Commonwealth Adjutant-General) made representations to the Government on behalf of Mrs. Freer under the Immigration Act on information received?"

BLEEDING DISEASE

London Doctor Will Test Rasputin 'Cure'

A REMEDY which it is claimed will cure haemophilia (bleeding disease) is shortly to be tested in St. Bartholomew's Hospital, London.

The Count of Covadonga, son of the ex-King of Spain, is an hereditary victim of the disease—known for that reason as "the curse of the Bourbons."

The remedy is said to have been used by the Russian monk Rasputin to save the life of the Czar's son Alexei, who was bled to death by a Chelsea man describing himself as a pharmaceutical pathologist.

He explained that he secured it from a refugee named Petrovitch in Paris 10 years ago, and that he has since been endeavouring to perfect it.

LIFE RISKED

Tests will be carried out under the direction of Professor L. J. Wills, one of the hospital's principal physicians.

There is one sufferer from haemophilia in the hospital—21-year-old "Wally" Smith, of Maldenhead. He risked his life to have a tooth out last month.

He is still bleeding.

"CURSE" ON WIFE NOTE READ IN HOVE MURDER CHARGE

When Arthur Jefferson Penke, 43, a former sports promoter, appeared at Hove recently, charged with the murder of his daughter, Arthur George Noyce, 21, evidence was given by the dead man's mother.

Mrs. Noyce, who at one stage of the hearing was in tears, was handed two sheets of paper which she said bore Penke's hand-writing. The note, which was read by Mr. G. Poling, prosecuting, contained the following:

"How can I explain this trouble? I left Arthur while I went to the phone. On my return, I found him with a cord round his neck. I tried to bring him back. I was too late."

"I had told him what my wife said about him, and he was upset. But I did not think he had taken it like this."

"I am taking my own life. I cannot face this."

"God help my poor sisters and friends to stand this shock."

"May some terrible curse follow my wife, for this warped mind has been the cause of this, and her cruelty to me has caused me to take my own life. My wife will be pleased."

Replying to Mr. F. H. Carpenter, defending, Mrs. Noyce said that Penke had told her that his wife was taking proceedings for a separation. Penke was remanded.

Dewar that Lieutenant Dewar, on exchange duty with the Indian Army, proposed to marry Mrs. Freer if she was permitted to land? If so, can I assume that Commonwealth powers were used to give effect to a private and personal quarrel, rather than on grounds of national policy?"

Mrs. Paterson: "I excluded Mrs. Freer under the Immigration Act on information received."



After drifting three weeks in an open dory off the Aleutian Islands, Alaska, Armand Cizeau, above, found refuge in a thatched hut on lonely Akutan Island. His partner, Axel Olsen, perished of starvation. The two fishermen became separated from the codfish schooner Louise during a violent storm and drifted three weeks before they landed. Cizeau was rescued by Coast Guardsmen.

Another Attempt On Everest

HOPES OF SUCCESS SMALLER PARTY AND EARLIER START

Efforts are already being made, it is understood, to obtain permission for a further Mount Everest expedition in 1938.

In the event of the Tibetan Government giving their consent, it is probable that a smaller expedition will this time be sent out. A party of six to eight Europeans is favoured by many authorities in place of the twelve of the 1936 expedition.

It is also probable that a new committee will be formed for the purpose of this expedition, and that the climbing arrangements will be left in the hands of the Alpine Club. Cooperation between the Royal Geographical Society, and the Club will, it is anticipated, be continued, but on the basis that the Society confines its activities to the making of the necessary political arrangements. Hitherto, control of all matters has been in the hands of a joint committee.

Connected with the idea of a smaller party, giving increased mobility, is a proposal that any future expedition should be in the hands of the Alpine Club. The expedition, it is pointed out, that the Club will, it is anticipated, be continued, but on the basis that the Society confines its activities to the making of the necessary political arrangements. Hitherto, control of all matters has been in the hands of a joint committee.

While it is generally recognised that the abnormal weather experienced this summer would have prevented any party from getting to the top, it is pointed out that the expedition, it is anticipated, be continued, but on the basis that the Society confines its activities to the making of the necessary political arrangements. Hitherto, control of all matters has been in the hands of a joint committee.

PROBLEM OF OXYGEN

Another point which is attracting attention is that of the oxygen equipment to be provided for any future expedition. Opinion is gaining ground that, whether or not it would be preferable that Everest should be climbed without oxygen, the first, and most immediate necessity, from the point of view of national prestige, is that it should be climbed.

Given that oxygen equipment was to be taken out at all by the 1938 expedition, it is felt that more than a few weeks should have been allowed for its design and testing, seeing that a three years' interval had been available since the previous expedition. Following are the heights reached by successive Everest expeditions.

1921 (reconnaissance) 23,000 feet.
1922 27,200 feet.
1924 28,000 feet.
1933 28,000 feet.
1936 23,000 feet.
Meantime, the climbers of other countries are waiting to be given a chance.

ALHAMBRA

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW
A Light, Gay, Intriguing Comedy-romance



FRIDAY
An E.K.O. Radio Picture
A Super Musical Hit!
FRED ASTAIRE & GINGER ROGERS in "SWING TIME"

STAR

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

SUPERB ENTERTAINMENT
MAGNIFICENTLY PRODUCED
Starring
Cecelynn Laye
Whose great singing will enchant you
FRITZ KORTNER
EMILY WILLIAMS
CARL ESMOND
ALICE DOLY
CONCHITA SUPERVIA



FRIDAY & SATURDAY
FRED ASTAIRE
GINGER ROGERS in "SWING TIME"

MAJESTIC THEATRE

MATINEES: 20c-30c • EVENINGS: 20c-30c-50c-70c
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW
A WORTHY SUCCESSOR TO "ONLY YESTERDAY"



FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
A CHARMING MUSICAL COMEDY
"LA VIE PARISIENNE"
(PARISIENNE LIFE)
A UNITED ARTISTS' BRITISH PICTURE

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MOTORISTS
WHOSE MOTTO IS
"Safety First"
ALWAYS FIT
DUNLOP
TYRES

RUMOUR PERSISTS KING DETERMINED UPON ABDICATION

Baldwin Believed to Have Received His Decision

London, Dec. 9.

It is believed that the Prime Minister, Mr. Stanley Baldwin, following a five-hour conference with King Edward last night, has received His Majesty's decision and that he is prepared to inform a Cabinet meeting at 11 a.m. to-day of the results of the latest conversations. Mr. Baldwin met the Duke of York, the Duke of Kent and Mr. W. T. Monckton, K.C., when he was with the King last night.

It is understood that an Australian Cabinet meeting, scheduled for 6 a.m. G.M.T., hurried King Edward's decision.—United Press.

London, Dec. 9.

A strong feeling persists that the King has decided to abdicate, and that his decision may be announced in the House of Commons to-day.

It is believed in financial circles that the King has informed Mr. Baldwin of his decision to take this step.

Meanwhile, Mr. Baldwin has departed from Fort Belvedere and hurried to London to confer with Sir John Simon.—United Press.

LLOYD GEORGE REASSURED

Kingston, Jamaica, Dec. 8.

Mr. David Lloyd George, former Prime Minister and Liberal leader, has decided to continue his vacation here, instead of returning to England. He feels the crisis is "virtually over."

Said Mr. Lloyd George: "The King's sympathies and instincts are fundamentally sound. It would be a tragedy if he had to quit the throne, not only for England but for the Empire."

"He is a man of remarkable gifts and has all the makings of one of the best Kings the Empire has ever had. I am still hopeful that some means will be found of keeping him in his exalted position."—United Press.

Important Talks At Belvedere

London, Dec. 8.

Important discussions are apparently proceeding at Fort Belvedere, where Mr. Stanley Baldwin, the Prime Minister, arrived by motor car at 5.30 p.m., accompanied by Mr. W. T. Monckton, K.C., financial adviser to the Duke of Cornwall, whence the King is entitled to draw revenues.

It is understood that Sir Eric Mervill, the Duke of York's private secretary, was also present.

The Duke of Kent had been with His Majesty for some time when the Duke of York's car entered the back gates of Fort Belvedere at 6.30 p.m. with an unidentified occupant.

Simon Awaits Prime Minister's Return

After dining with the King, the Duke of York and the Duke of Kent, Mr. Baldwin left Fort Belvedere at 10.15 p.m.

To No. 10 Downing Street, the Prime Minister's official home, came Sir John Simon, at 11.30 p.m. The Home Secretary arrived before the Prime Minister and waited for him.

After dinner, says another source, Mr. Baldwin returned to Downing Street from Fort Belvedere, and there will be no further meetings to-night.

Informal Talks At Downing Street

London, Dec. 8.

Informal consultations were continued to-day both at Downing Street and at Fort Belvedere in connection with the situation arising from the question of the King's marriage, but no statement has been made, and the Prime Minister has not attended the House of Commons. In his absence the Home Secretary replied this afternoon to an enquiry by Mr. C. R. Attlee, Opposition leader.

Sir John Simon said: "The Prime Minister has asked me to express his regret at not being able to reply in person. He has, however, nothing to add to the statement which he made yesterday."

Mr. Attlee then asked: "Can the Right Honourable gentleman give an indication as to when the House will receive further information?"

"No, Sir, I must leave the Prime Minister to do that," said Sir John.

This morning Sir John Simon and Sir Samuel Hoare were with Mr. Baldwin at No. 10 for nearly two hours. In the afternoon Lord Winton left for Fort Belvedere, accompanied by Mr. Monckton, Attorney General to the Duke of Cornwall, and Sir Eric Mervill, Secretary to the Duke of Kent, who had called at Fort Belvedere before lunch.

A general exchange of views on the constitutional situation took place at Downing Street, and it was understood that the House of Commons would meet to-morrow.

Eden Will Remain In London

Mr. Anthony Eden, the Foreign Secretary, has decided not to attend the League of Nations Council meeting at Geneva on Thursday and Great Britain will be represented by Lord Cranborne.—Reuter.

Lengthy Conversations At Belvedere

London, Dec. 8.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Stanley Baldwin, conferred at great length with King Edward to-day. He spent several hours at Fort Belvedere and apparently dined there while the King weighed his problem.

The Duke of York is believed to have been present at the conversations, as his car was seen to enter the grounds by the rear entrance.

The King's tragic romance is apparently swiftly approaching a climax. It has been authoritatively suggested that a decision will be reached to-morrow night. Other sources said it might come to-night.

Opens Road Of Hope

Mrs. Ernest Simpson's proffered abandonment "of any action or proposal that would hurt or damage His Majesty or his Throne" changes the "sole position," suggests the Daily Mail. It opens a way to a speedy end to this grave and disquieting crisis.

Mrs. Simpson has rendered it possible for the King to continue upon his throne, and thus, relieves the country and Empire of the heart-breaking loss his abdication would have involved.

"We can rejoice," the Daily Express adds, "the crisis has passed into history and the King is still with us. No question of the Crown over-riding the Cabinet has arisen, nor have the Ministers imposed surrender upon the King in a highly personal issue."

attendance. While no resolution was submitted and no official statement made, it is understood that the party decided at this stage "to do nothing that would in any way embarrass the Government."

The Duke and Duchess of York returned to their residence at 145 Piccadilly this morning after spending the week-end at the Royal Palace, Windsor.

EMPIRE NEEDS ITS SOVEREIGN

ABDICATION WOULD BE TRAGEDY NEWSPAPER'S WARNING

London, Dec. 9.

"The more one considers the consequences which will follow from a decision which entailed abdication, the more one realises the sadness into which this country and the Dominions would be plunged," declares the Daily Telegraph to-day.

"The King has a magnetic quality of personal leadership and the Dominions and India have been eagerly looking forward to welcoming him once more among them as their sovereign. If the whole programme had to be changed, the adjusting task would everywhere be undertaken with great reluctance."

"We are convinced that the general feeling throughout the Empire will be one of profound relief and thankfulness, if the King's decision proves to be in accordance with the general desire, while the King's Ministers who have felt bound by their sense of moral and political duty to refuse his request will rejoice most of all."

FORCING STRIKE TO END

Washington, Dec. 8.

It is learned that a high Government official who insists on remaining anonymous, due perhaps to the fact that he is an important figure in the settlement of the maritime strike, presented to President Roosevelt the day before he departed for the Buenos Aires peace conference, a detailed programme understood to have been designed to force a settlement of the seamen's dispute with employers in the event of a statement continuing to the day of the President's return.

FEDERAL SCHEME TO CURE U.S. MISERIES

Washington, Dec. 8.

It is envisaged a system of federal shipping bureau in the principal American ports to replace the present hiring halls.

These marine offices would distribute seamen's discharge books, as the Copeland Act requires, as soon as the seaman's discharge is received.

The offices would be expanded and would establish a strict federal control over seamen's employment.

It is understood the plan involves suggestions from the International Brotherhood of Seamen.

MADRID PREPARES TO MEET ATTACK

FOREIGN TROOPS TO
FIGHT FOR CITY

ARTILLERY ACTIVE

Madrid, Dec. 8.

At daybreak to-day Leftist military authorities moved fresh shock troops into the front lines. This is believed to be a sure sign that the anticipated "big attack" is at hand and that the Leftists have word of it.

Furthermore, Madrid was subjected to a shattering artillery bombardment throughout the night, in which the Rightists' batteries concentrated their fire on the north-western sections of the defenders' lines. Apparently they are attempting to pave the way for an infantry attack on that direction.

In the last few days the Rightists have moved up many carloads of arms and munitions and 40 new aeroplanes.

Meanwhile, the Leftists are feverishly entrenching themselves and have hurriedly erected barbed wire entanglements at weakened points.

The Catalan authorities at Barcelona estimate there are 27,000 foreign volunteers assisting the Leftists. The majority of these have been despatched to the front to reinforce the Foreign Brigade, which has suffered heavy losses.

It is believed that the impending battle for Madrid will largely be fought between two foreign armies.

INTERNATIONAL FORCE

Reliable quarters state that the Leftist international force includes 6,000 Frenchmen, 8,000 anti-Fascist Italians, 1,200 anti-Nazi Germans, 800 Belgians and 200 Poles. No mention is made of Russian troops, who have been previously reported in Spain in large numbers.

General Francisco Franco, the rebel leader, is reported to have a backbone of a new offensive army, 22,000 Germans, 14,000 Italians and 300 Irish Fascists.—United Press.

AIR RAIDS CONTINUE

Madrid, Dec. 8.

Quiet conditions still prevail on all fronts around Madrid, except that the bombardment of the capital continues. Insurgent planes carried out a number of raids to-day.

It is reported that a well-equipped Government column is harassing Toledo.

An aeroplane in the service of the French Embassy was shot between Madrid and Toulouse, at Pastana, and two newspaper correspondents were injured and a Red Cross representative wounded.—Reuter Bulletin Service.

TROOPS FROM MOROCCO

Gibraltar, Dec. 8.

It is reported that three French steamers are en route for Alicante carrying troops for the insurgents from Morocco.—Reuter Bulletin Service.

FORCING STRIKE TO END

FEDERAL SCHEME TO CURE U.S. MISERIES

Washington, Dec. 8.

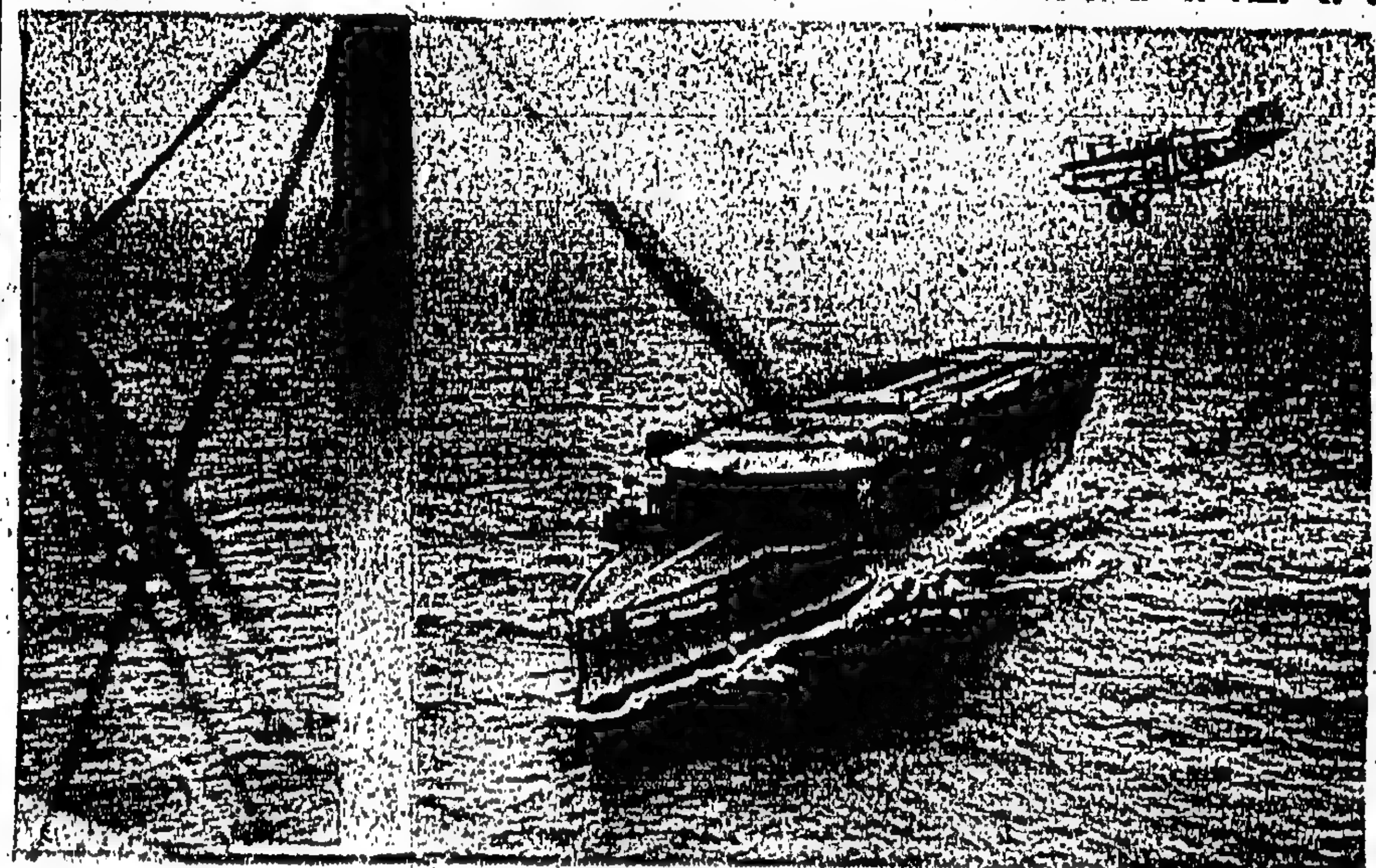
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It is understood the plan involves suggestions from the International Brotherhood of Seamen.

BRITAIN'S EYES IN MEDITERRANEAN



With repeated crises developing in the Mediterranean, the activities of British warships there have been the cause of comment and criticism in recent months. One of the most important units of the Mediterranean Fleet is H.M.S. Furious, above, whose brood of fighting planes broadens the horizons of watchful men-o-war.

ENGLAND WINS FIRST TEST WITH EASE

Lucky Ground For England ALWAYS WON AT BRISBANE

English cricketers have reason to regard Brisbane as their lucky ground.

Including the match finished to-day, only three Tests have been played there, but each has been won by England and by handsome margins.

The first match there, played during the 1928-9 tour saw England win by 6/5 runs. In this match the visitors scored 521 runs in one innings.

The second match was played in 1932-33, when England succeeded by six wickets.

This time the Brisbane ground has provided England with a 322 runs victory.

Incidentally on this ground in 1929, when England won by 676 runs, Australia were dismissed in their second innings for 66 runs.

RAIN SPOILS WICKET Australians Collapse

The first Test match between Australia and England finished sensationally at Brisbane this morning with Australia being dismissed in their second innings for 58 runs—the lowest total in a Test game between these countries for the last 34 years. England thus won the match by 322 runs.

This was the 135th test match between Australia and England, both countries now having won 53, with 29 left drawn.

G. O. B. Allen, England's captain and W. Voce, brought about the rout of Australia on a rain-damaged wicket. Allen was almost unplayable and finished with an analysis of 5 for 36 after taking three for one at one stage of the innings. Voce had the fine figures of 4 for 10.

The first five wickets fell for 16 runs, Bradman being out for a "duck" off his second ball. Only Chopfield could make runs and his knock of 20 is described as "desperate." McCormick was unable to bat owing to his lumbago.

Fifth Lowest Test Score AUSTRALIA HOLDS RECORD

Australia's score of 58 is the fifth lowest in the history of the Test series between England and Australia.

The lowest ever recorded was 24 by Australia at Sydney in 1887-8. In 1902 Australia were dismissed for 30, this being at Edgbaston.

At the Oval in 1896 the Australians were dismissed for 44, while at Sydney in 1896-7, England could only score 45 in one innings.

By curious coincidence, Australia holds not only the three lowest scores ever made in one Test innings, but also the three highest. In 1930 at Leeds they scored 729 for 6 wickets, which is an all-time high record. At the Oval in 1934 they amassed 701 and in 1930, again at the Oval, they compiled 605. England's highest aggregate in one innings is 630, put together at Sydney in 1928-9.

MUTINY AMONG MONGOLS 1,500 SURRENDER TO CHINESE

Peiping, Dec. 9.

Chinese press reports agree that 1,500 of Wang Ying's bandits, under General Shih Yu-shan have surrendered to the Suiyuan Army, at Wulanhuo, 30 miles north-east of Wuchuan.

They gave up their arms yesterday following a mutiny.

It is reported they brought several field guns as well as machine-guns and rifles with them to the Chinese lines.

A representative has been sent to negotiate with Wang Ying himself for his surrender, but his terms were so excessive that the Suiyuan Army could not accept them.—United Press.

STILL ADVANCING

Peiping, Dec. 9.

It is reported that the Suiyuan troops are still advancing east of Peking and are approaching Sharmuren, an enormous Lamasery, 75 miles east of Peking, garrisoned by Mongol and Manchukuoan troops.

Meanwhile, invasion is again threatening eastern Suiyuan, 10,000 men having concentrated in a position to attack as soon as they receive ammunition and supplies from Changchun.—Reuter.

CLOUDY WEATHER

The anticyclone has moved eastward and the weather is becoming generally cloudy.

Overnight Position

When the match was resumed this morning the state of the game was highly interesting. England had scored 358 and 258 in her two innings, while Australia, in her first visit to the wicket had aggregated 234 and overnight had lost one wicket for three runs.

The home team therefore required an additional 376 runs to win with nine wickets in hand when the play started to-day.

Messages at the close of yesterday's play indicated that the wicket was showing signs of wear and had begun to crumble. Rain also threatened, and it was generally recognised that Australia faced an imposing task.

This was emphasised by Alan Kippax in his broadcast heard last night in Hongkong, that if Australia were to win to-day it would require the finest innings Don Bradman had ever played.

Nevertheless the wholesale collapse of the Australian team came as a surprise this morning.

Play Described

Brisbane, Dec. 8.

In sultry and cloudy weather, 3,000 spectators turned up at the cricket ground this morning to watch Australia resume her second innings, requiring 376 to win with nine wickets in hand.

There had been rain overnight and another sharp shower fell at 8 a.m. which made the wicket soft and slippery.

There was a startling beginning, Bradman being out for a "duck" off his second ball, from Gubby Allen's first delivery.

AID FOR FLOOD VICTIMS

DREADFUL TOLL IN PHILIPPINES

Manila, Dec. 9.

The provinces of Isabela and Cagayan, in the Cagayan River valley, are totally cut off from the outside world by floods which are reported to have claimed thousands of lives and to have rendered thousands more homeless.

Army planes took off at dawn this morning to survey the inundated areas.

Meanwhile, the fate of thousands of villagers in the Cagayan Valley is still unknown, though the death toll is known to have been enormous.

Government ships are rapidly loading food and medical supplies to be rushed to the flood victims.—Reuter.

TURN BACK TO BLUM COMMUNISTS NOT DESERTING

Paris, Dec. 8.

The threat hanging over the Blum Government since the Communists abstained from voting on a confidence motion on December 5, which the Government won narrowly, has now been averted.

The Secretary-General of the Communist Party, Maurice Thorez, has announced that the Communists will not desert the Government.

He will thank you for this Pullover

YOU NEED

9 ozs LEE'S FLEETKNIT Wool
Shade 24.

One pr each No 4 and No 8
Double Century Knitting Needles.

MEASUREMENTS

Width all round at underarm, 30
inches.

ABBREVIATIONS

K, knit, p, purl, tog together, sts
stitches, beg, beginning.

BACK

Using No 8 needles cast on 64 sts
and knit in rib of k 1, p 1 for 3½
inches.

Using No 4 needles knit across row,
increasing 1 st every 8th st (72 sts).
Purl back.

Now, begin pattern. 1st and 2nd
rows—K 3, p 3. Repeat from * to
end of row. 3rd row—K 2, p 3, * k 3
p 3. Repeat from * to end of row.
4th row—P 1, k 3, * p 3, k 3. Repeat
from * until 2 sts remain, p 2. 5th
row—K 1, p 3, * k 3, p 3. Repeat
from * until 2 sts remain, k 2. 6th
row—P 2, k 3, * p 3, k 3. Repeat
from * until 1 st remains, p 1. 7th
and 8th rows—* p 3, k 3. Repeat
from * to end of row. 9th row—
Same as 6th row. 10th row—Same as 4th
row. 11th row—Same as 4th
row. 12th row—Same as 3rd row.
These 12 rows form the pattern.

Work in pattern until work
measures about 12 inches from the
beg, then shape the armholes as fol-
lows:

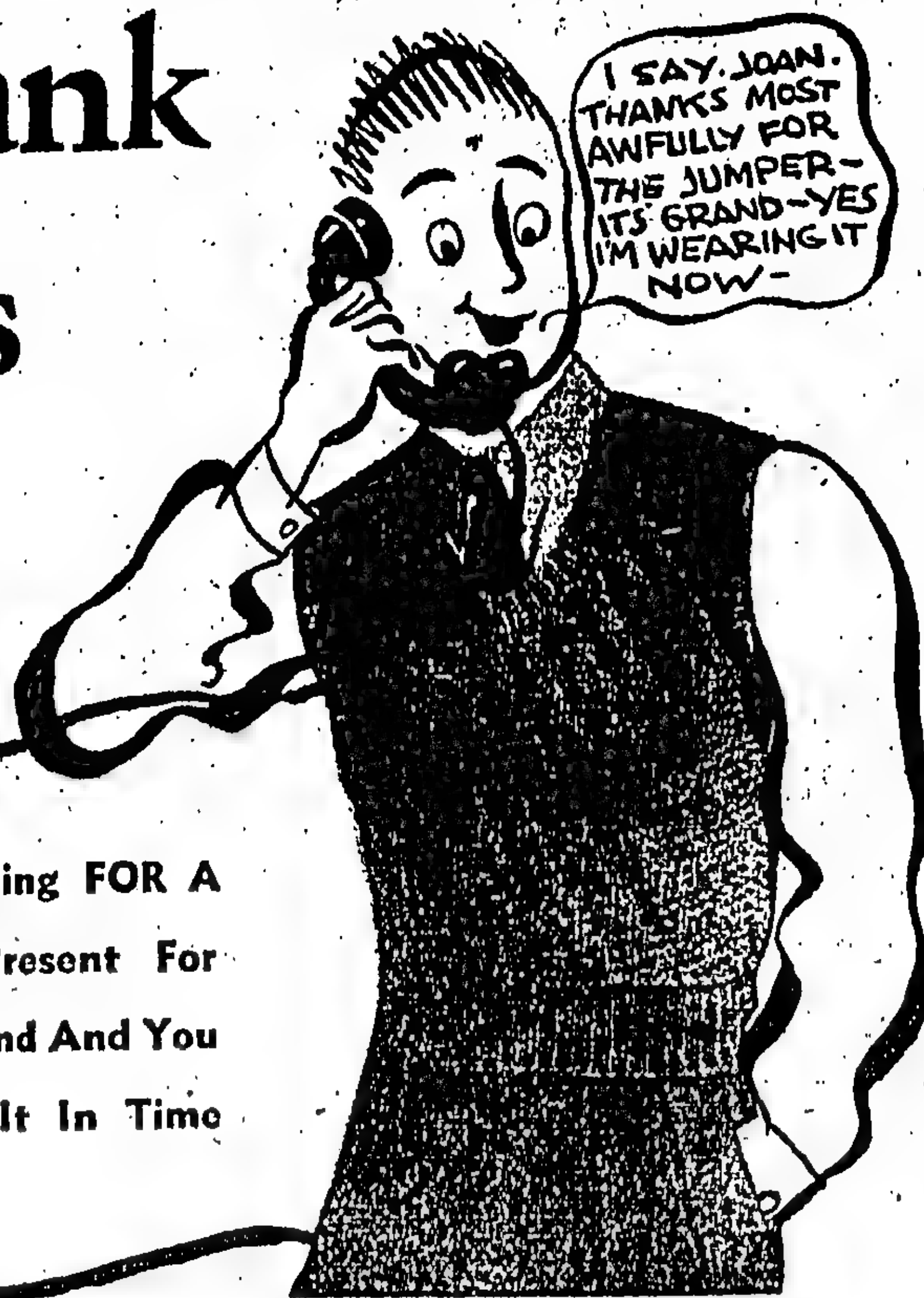
Cast off 6 sts at the beg of the
next 2 rows, then k 2 tog at the beg
only of the next 6 rows, being care-
ful to keep to the pattern. There
should now be 54 sts of the needle.

Continue knitting in pattern with-
out shaping until armhole measures
8½ inches measured on the straight.

Then k 15 sts in pattern, cast off 24
k 15 sts in pattern to end of row.
Shape shoulder by casting off 5 sts
on armhole side until all the stitches
have been cast off.

Join wool to neck side of other
shoulder and work in pattern, cast-

Just The Thing FOR A
Christmas Present For
The Boy Friend And You
Can Finish It In Time



Put baby to sleep on his tummy

DISTRIBUTING medical aid to a depression-ridden community gives a soft-hearted doctor the creeps; especially if he believes that the State should support medicine as it supports public librarians and garbage men.

In 1929 Dr. Fraser, well known New York mother-and-child specialist, found that depres-
sions didn't stop people having babies or children
getting ill—they did more of each, in fact—but
it did stop them paying for the privilege.

Getting all the time more State-support-for-
hospitals conscious, there were just about two places
a man like Dr. Fraser could go: to Soviet Russia or
to a remote tropical island.

No sympathiser with the Communist cause, Dr.
Fraser chose the latter. Drawing out of the bank
such money as he still had left, marrying a woman
who had a feeling for islands, he set sail for Hawaii.
That's where I found him.

He's settled down Here

HE has built himself a little house on a hill
with a view of the two-mile-distant sea.
His wife makes you soup from the pulp of the
green coconut, bakes paw-paws and mangoes, serves
sucking pig with poi.

Poi, explained Dr. Fraser, is a food that I should
take plenty of. It is very rich with calcium, and
with plenty of calcium for the mother the old say-
ing a tooth for a child no longer holds good.

...is the advice
MOLLY CASTLE
was given by
a doctor in
Honolulu

Luckily for you, calcium is found in other foods:
milk, cheese, raw leafy vegetables.

Telling me what to Do

DR. FRASER must have been a very
solicitous doctor. He made me sit in
a big chair with my feet up while he gave me hints
on baby care. A small, sunburned, almost naked baby
about eight months old crawled sturdily around the
floor, proved that he knew what he was talking
about.

His own son is never known to cry. When he
bumps his head he looks surprised and goes on
crawling. He doesn't even cry—or sing—for his
father, proved that he knew what he was talking
about.

One of the reasons why he doesn't cry (though goodness knows in
that paradise there seems very little reason why he should) is because
he hasn't got the habit. From birth he has lain on his stomach instead of
on his back, explained Dr. Fraser, and there were a lot of good reasons
for that.

Reasons for not Crying

FOR one thing a baby lying on its front very rarely gets colic.
A reason, less to cry. Another reason, instead of kicking
around wasting muscular energy on the air, it pushes at all he starts
quite soon being strong enough to push himself up. That gives him good
exercise, strengthens his back and is an entertaining pastime.

The third reason is that unless there's something pretty wrong with
him, something, maybe, in the shape of a good sharp pin or an excessive
attack of hunger, it isn't really worth while to cry. It's too much trouble
in that position. Try it.

That sounded fine, I admitted. Just so long as the baby doesn't smother
itself. He'd laid a good many thousand babies on their frontage, said Dr.
Fraser, and never known one that had. They didn't need a pillow, of
course; another reason why their backs turned out so good and straight.

EVENING FROCKS for a Gay Season

NOW that the period of Court mourning is
over, the autumn dance season will begin
in earnest.

Philippine evening dresses in fine net
embroidered with velvet dots and other designs
are being shown by Arenas, 199-207, Knights-
bridge.

Artelle uses the finest and loveliest
materials, and while evening dresses are im-
portant just now, she is also showing attractive
suits, trimmed with fine furs for the late
autumn and winter.

For the evening she uses bright red wide-
mesh net embroidered with fine net leaves,
with red taffeta to hem the wide skirt and for
the foundation.

Among several black evening frocks is
one of fine piece lace. The deep flounce has a
beading of pleated tulle and is caught in front
with a flat bow of pale pink ostrich feather
with long black feather ends.

With a black velvet dress is worn a spray
of crimson roses matching the shade of the
cross-laced upper part of the full-length coat
which goes with it. From the waist down-
wards, this coat is of black velvet.

EVENING dress
with new pep-
lum in black and
white chine taffeta
opening over an
underdress of
green velvet.



NEW PARLOPHONE RECORDS EXPECTED ON 10th., INST., PER S.S. RAJPUTANA

- F 575 (I Want a Lot of Love.Valaida (Trumpet Queen).
(I Must Have That Man.Valaida (Trumpet Queen).
F 581 (Arguments. ...Clapham & Dwyer, The Radio Favourites.
F 583 (Serenada Criolla. Tango.Robert Renard's Orch.
(Flowers from Tucuman. Tango.Robert Renard's Orch.
F 577 (Popular Melodica No. 2.Harold Ramsay, Organ.
F 579 (Careless Rapture. Sol.Patricia Rossborough.
(Over the Hills. Sol.Patricia Piano.
R2263 (Good Morning, Mrs. Barlow.RONALD FRANKAU.
(I'd Give Everything I've Got.RONALD FRANKAU.
F 590 (Shoo Shine Boy. S.F.T.Nat Gonella's Orch.
(Chinese Laundry Blues. F.T.Nat Gonella's Orch.
F 589 (I've Found a New Baby.Harry Roy's Tiger.
(I Left My Sugar.Ragamuffins.

"SWING TIME" RECORDS

- F 587 (A FINE ROMANCE. F.T.Harry Roy's Orch.
(The Way You Look To-night. F.T.Harry Roy's Orch.
F 570 (BOJANGLES OF HARLEM. F.T.Nat Gonella's Orch.
(PICK YOURSELF UP. F.T.Nat Gonella's Orch.

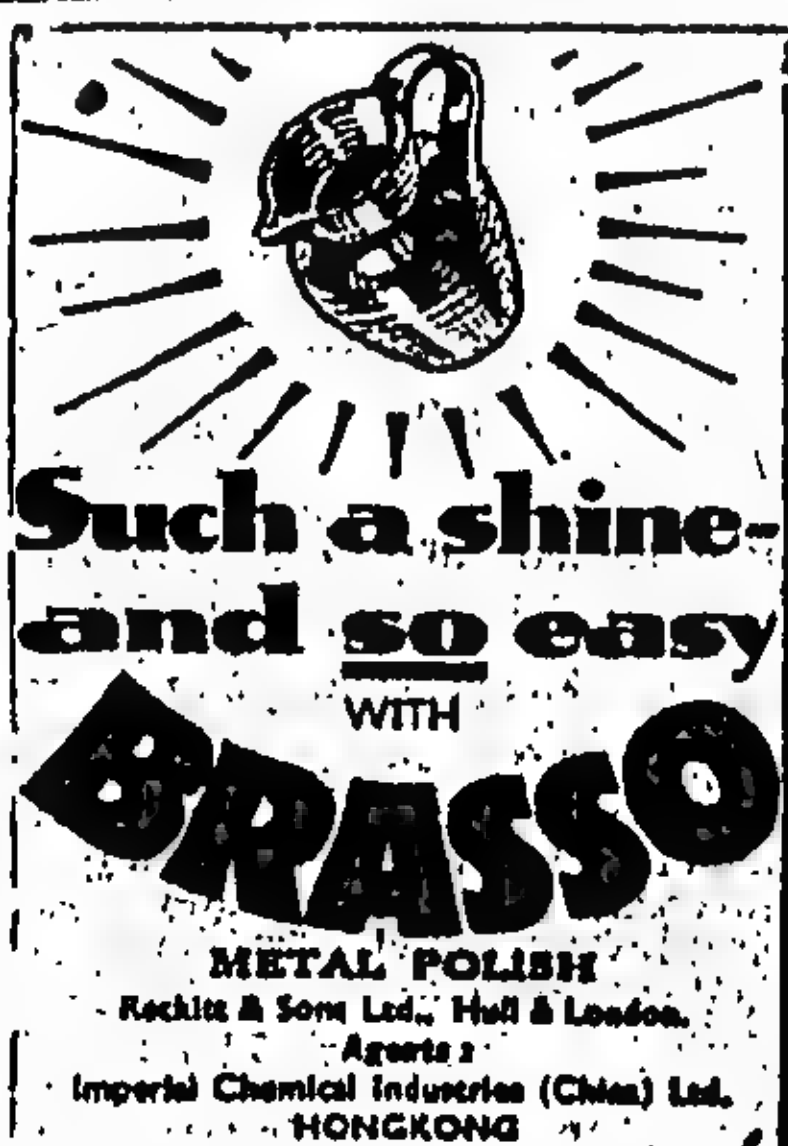
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even though it prevents colds,
but if the housewife can produce
some delicious Cinnamon Cakes she
is killing two "birds" with one stone.
For a small cinnamon cake the fol-
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NOTE THIS DATE—
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SALE OF WORK AT THE
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ALL DAY—11.30 A.M.—6.30 P.M.
There will be:

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gile as bubbles, yet give that long desired
wear. Clear as moonlight and lavishly
silken. Sheer and service weights in new
shades for afternoon and evening wear.

KAYSER
MIR-O-KLEER STOCKINGS
Trade Mark

DEMOCRACY HAS GREATER MAN-POWER

If It Came To A World Struggle With Dictatorships

COULD MOBILISE THRICE AS MANY SUPPORTERS

London, Nov. 24.

European democracies still held a sizeable superiority of strength in armies, manpower, air forces and fleets over dictatorships despite extensive militarization of totalitarian states, a *United Press* survey to-day revealed.

Totalitarian states exclusive of Russia and Turkey could place approximately 2,768,000 soldiers in the field in a fortnight.

Democracies could, however, mobilize 7,140,000 men.

Any pre-determined alignment of European powers during another world war would be virtually impossible. The positions of Russia and Turkey might be uncertain. Russia presumably would be on the side of France as long as the Franco-Soviet pact was in force and both parties adhered. Also, democracies dictatorship and semi-dictatorships might be interspersed as to sides.

Totalitarian states probably could act together more quickly than democratic nations in event of war. Dictatorships allied presumably would strike quickly in an attempt to make smashing gains at the outset, making special raids on factories, supplies and lines of communications.

Nations under dictatorships have populations totalling 318,600,000 including Russia and Turkey and 130,000,000 without these two countries. Democratic states have a combined population of 174,770,000.

Democratic powers hold a marked superiority on the sea. The British fleet alone is rated as the equal of Europe's combined sea forces. In the air democracies can move more than match combined totalitarian aviation armadas. The slight edge will be increased as Britain rapidly expands its air forces featuring fast bombers which are almost the equal of pursuit planes in fighting capabilities.

Britain has an estimated 1,950 fighting planes, France 3,800, Russia 3,200, Poland 850, Belgium 255, Czechoslovakia 687, Netherlands 101, Yugoslavia 550, Germany 2,600, and Italy 3,800. Many of these airplanes are no longer suitable for first line service purposes.

European democracies also possess the world's three largest empires, namely British, French and Dutch.

Strongest nations in the lineup of European democracies are Great Britain, France, Czechoslovakia, Poland, Yugoslavia, Netherlands, Belgium, Roumania and the Scandinavian countries.

Germany, Italy, Portugal, Bulgaria and Austria are the most powerful dictatorships exclusive of Russia and Turkey.

Competent neutral observers believe Britain continues the most potent power in Europe because of the British Empire, the financial and industrial strength of Great Britain, the British fleet and her expanding air armadas. Britain's second line of defence composed of Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa is another important asset.

While Britain has a standing army of about 340,000, it is estimated 1,000,000 Tommies could be placed in action within a fortnight.

Britain rapidly is becoming one of the strongest nations in the world from a military standpoint. During the past year \$1,000 a minute has been spent in armaments. This expenditure is expected to approximate \$1,500 a minute during the coming year.

France has a standing army of about 800,000. An estimated 4,000,000 soldiers could be mobilized and thrown into action in less than a month. France has 1,000 tanks and the world's longest and strongest line of forts.

Poland's standing army numbers 280,000 with another 500,000 men eligible for immediate mobilization. Ten highly mechanized army corps form the spearhead of Poland's army.

Russia has Europe's largest standing army and air force. The Soviet army contains 1,350,000 regular soldiers. Plans to mobilize an estimated additional 1,000,000 are understood to be prepared. The Soviet army has 1,700 tanks and many underground munitions factories and supply warehouses. Lines of communication and furnishing spare parts and reserve equipment still continue major problems for Soviet military leaders.

Figures about Italy's and Germany's manpower in case of a war are somewhat uncertain. Mussolini has stated Italy has 8,000,000 fighting men. Competent military observers believe not more than 3,500,000 of these men actually are fit for front line duty. The task of Italy trying to feed, clothe, transport and maintain an army of 970,000 now under colours during peacetime has been a tremendous one.

Germany is estimated to have 600,000 soldiers bearing arms, although large numbers of Nazi youths serve in various semi-military organizations. Germany's biggest problem for the moment in rapidly expanding Hitler's army is lack of officers.

European democracies also possess the world's three largest empires, namely British, French and Dutch. Strongest nations in the lineup of European democracies are Great Britain, France, Czechoslovakia, Poland, Yugoslavia, Netherlands, Belgium, Roumania and the Scandinavian countries.

RUSSIA'S BATTLESHIP TANKS

By A Correspondent

Moscow, Nov. 30.

To-day Russia entered the twentieth year of the Soviet regime; and the three-day holiday in commemoration of the Bolshevik revolution ended to-night.

The "high-lights" of the celebration were the huge military and civilian parades. The military parade lasted more than two hours and the civilian processions, in which over 1,500,000 people took part, another five hours.

Particularly now, as war clouds thicken, does one witness an ever-increasing loyalty to the Government. I was on the Red Square yesterday to see the military display. Hundreds of powerful bombers dived low overhead, while hundreds of tanks, the largest I have ever seen—like moving battleships—roared past.

THE PEOPLE APPROVE

A Russian economist friend of mine pointed to the slight and significant remark:

"Millions of Russians witnessed similar displays throughout the country to-day, and they heartily approve the tremendous expenditure on military preparations as a necessary step to safety against any enemy."

Marshal Voroshilov, the Commissar for War, said in an address to the country: "Implacable enemies of the Soviet Union continue their frenzied preparation for attack. Though we earnestly strive for peace, we must not lose sight of the possible imminence of war. We are now strong enough to deal a crushing blow to an enemy, wherever and whenever he may appear."

\$5 Device to Prevent Air Crashes

YOUTH'S INVENTION

Newcastle, Nov. 30.
Work for at least 200 local men may be provided almost immediately on the Teams Valley Trading Estate, Gateshead, on the mass production of a safety device for aeroplanes invented by a 21-year-old Tynesider, Mr. George A. Charlton, of Low Fell.

Mr. Charlton, who returned from London after successful negotiations for financial support in establishing a factory. The principle of his invention is to keep the propeller of an aeroplane going after the engine has failed, thus giving the pilot time to look round for a suitable landing ground. "It can," Mr. Charlton claims, be fitted to any machine at a cost of about £5.



Sawdust flew and saws smoked when outstanding log buckers got together at Eureka, in California, to settle a world's championship. When the brawny arms of Paul Searles, American champion, had driven a saw through a 32-inch log in 2 minutes 57.2 seconds, the title was his. Pushing him all the way was Allan Heyd, the Canadian champion. Searles is shown facing the camera with Heyd in the background. Finals of the contest were held as a feature of the Pacific Logging Congress.

Lord Carnarvon In Midnight Trip To Marry

By A Special Correspondent

New York, Nov. 28.

THE mysterious on-and-off romance of the Earl of Carnarvon and Mrs. Tanis Montagu, former wife of the Hon. Drogo Montagu, was solved for puzzled New York society to-day by Mrs. Montagu herself.

Lord Carnarvon, after they had made a midnight dash to Baltimore to marry, had told his friends that there was a hitch in their plans. This was repeated to Mrs. Montagu.

To me she said: "The marriage is not off. It has merely been postponed for a few weeks."

Mrs. Montagu revealed that she has cancelled her passage back to London on Saturday. She will not return for her brother's wedding until the following Saturday.

When I saw Lord Carnarvon to-day, all he would say was: "My wedding is not called off; it is merely postponed."

Called On 'Phone

An intimate friend of Mrs. Montagu to-day told me this behind-the-scenes story of their romantic plans:

"Mrs. Montagu called me on election-day (Tuesday) and said she had planned to go to Harrison-New York's Gretna Green—to get married. She asked if I would go with her."

"Then she called again and said that she had changed her mind. Later she told me they were going to Baltimore on Tuesday night. Would I go with her?"

"They went to Baltimore and arrived about midnight. Then something went wrong. Mrs. Montagu called me the next morning and said they had not been married, and that she had hurried back to New York by the first train. Apparently it could not be arranged at the British Consulate on such short notice."

Mrs. Montagu went to the theatre alone last night, but she had lunch with Lord Carnarvon at one of New York's smart restaurants to-day. Lord Carnarvon is 38. Mrs. Montagu, who is the youngest daughter of Mr. Benjamin Seymour Guinness, is 28.

ANN HARDING IN QUEUE AT HOSPITAL

A small cardboard slip is filed away among thousands like it at Guy's Hospital. It is signed by Ann Harding and the Ann Harding is the Ann Harding, the film star.

Miss Harding woke in London one morning recently to find she could hardly move her right hand.

During the morning the pain increased. She was afraid she would be prevented from working on the film she is making at Denham.

She telephoned her doctor. He was away for the day. She tried another, with no better luck.

So she jumped into a car and drove to Guy's.

The private clinic of the hospital was closed, so she took her place in the line with the other "casualties" at the free out-patients department.

Her wrist, which was sprained, was treated.

She offered to pay—she earns about £20,000 a year—but was told there was no fee.

A donation would be welcome if she chose. She chose.

HEAVEN FOR SALE

Vienna, Nov. 24.

Ion Gilcherie, former church sexton, was arrested and charged with trying to turn Heaven into a real estate development, the Bucharest press reported. He attempted to sell Heavenly space to peasants at 15 cents a square yard.—*United Press*.

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'Viyella' Pyjamas

In this distinguished range, each design has been selected by a committee of experts and the patterns cut under the guidance of a leading West End authority on men's wear.

You will appreciate at once the style and finish of these pyjamas, and the fineness of quality which gives 'Viyella' its leading popularity.

From all good stores throughout the East, if only difficulty, please write Wm. Hollins & Co., Ltd., Viyella House, Nottingham, England.



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Complexion

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(Trade Mark)

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LONDON AND SHANGHAI



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The Christmas Social Season will begin and the smart Men and Women will be ready for it with a freshly cleaned and pressed wardrobe. Garments that have been packed away for any length of time need the freshening treatment of "ZORIC" Drycleaning to look their best.

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HONG KONG WORKS Telephone 21279

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Shameen, Canton.
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Stillman's is the oldest, largest selling skin beautifying cream in the world and is accepted by society leaders and beauty experts as the best cream for clearing the skin of blemishes and whitening to a beautiful, natural tone.

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From ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG, GENOA, AND OTHER PORTS.

The Steamship, "ZUIDERKREEK"

having arrived from the above ports, consignees of cargo by her are notified that all goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous godowns of the Holt's Wharf whences and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 15th December, 1936, 4 p.m. will be subject to rent.

All brokers, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the godowns, where they will be examined at by Holt's Wharf.

Consignees are requested to apply for a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable cargo is being examined.

Claims against the steamer must be presented in writing within ten days after arrival of steamer, otherwise they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by the undersigned in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by.

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN L.I.N. N.V. Agents, Hongkong, 7th December, 1936.

EXCHANGE RATES

	Dec. 8.	Dec. 9.
Paris	105.9/04	105.9/04
Geneva	21.32	21.35
Berlin	12.18	12.19
Algeria	547 1/2	547 1/2
Amsterdam	22.40	22.40
Copenhagen	10.39 1/2	10.39 1/2
Stockholm	12.17/04	12.17/04
New York	4.89 1/2	4.90 1/2
Amsterdam	9.00 1/2	9.01 1/2
Vienna	20 1/2	20 1/2
Prague	130 1/2	130 1/2
Madrid	130 1/2	130 1/2
Lisbon	110 1/2	110 1/2
Hongkong	1/2 1/2	1/2 1/2
Bombay	1/6 1/2	1/6 1/2
Montreal	4.80 1/2	4.80 1/2
Brussels	28.85	28.85
Yokohama	1/1 1/2	1/1 1/2
Belgrade	213	213
Monte Video	39 1/2	39 1/2
Rio	4 1/2	4 1/2
Bucharest	607 1/2	607 1/2
Silver	(forward) 21 1/2	21 1/2
Silver (Spot)	21 1/2	21 1/2
War Loan	105 1/2	105 1/2

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ST. GILES SCHOOL.

Owing to unavoidable alterations in the sailing dates of the "Takung", the Board of St. Giles British School will now be leaving Tientsin on the 15th, "Sandvik" on December 16th, arriving Shanghai, December 18th; Swatow, December 22nd; Hongkong, December 23rd; Canton, December 24th.

THE HONG KONG SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN.

What to do to help a child.

Anyone knowing of a child who has been assaulted, neglected, or ill-treated in a manner likely to cause unnecessary suffering or injury to health, or knowing of a parent who is seeking advice on any matter concerning a child, would be doing an act of kindness by communicating at once with—
The Hon. Secretaries, H.K.S.P.C., c/o G.P.O. Box No. 618, Hongkong, or the Inspector, 40, Pokfulam Road, 1st floor; or the Inspector, Violet Peel Health Centre, Wan-chai; or the Inspector, 12, Sai Young Chol Street, 1st floor, Kowloon.

All further steps will be taken, and expenses borne, by the Society. The Informant's name will be kept strictly private, except in cases where malice is proved.

DEMOCRACY IN DANGER

(Continued from Page 8.)

fighting out—or not fighting out—the grand issue.

It seems that something more than eternal vigilance is needed, if the sacred lamp of freedom is to be kept burning for humanity. As things are at the moment shaping themselves, the best friends of Western democracy must almost tremble for the safety of their civility.

It is perhaps inevitable that democracy must always have feet of clay. But there were braver days when at all events it had heads of strong, clear intelligence and distinguished command. British statesmen had not in the past dodged and plaited in the shifts of popular emotionalism. Once in the saddle, they held the reins, and rode straight forward.

There is little to choose, either constitutionally or from the standpoint of our national safety, between a National Ministry under the thumb of a League of Nations Union and a Socialist Ministry dictated to by a Trade Union caucus. We were boasting only a few weeks ago that Britain was giving a high moral lead to Europe. To-day British prestige, through a spineless and doddering ineptitude somewhere, is reduced to well-nigh as humiliating a plight as when Von Tromp's bloated flagship affronted London's estuary.

By heading the clamour of those who would dictate to dictators—perfidious pacifists as beligerently eager to coerce as they are resolutely determined never to fight—the whole world has seen how post-war Britain lets "I dare not" wait upon "I would."

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

YESTERDAY'S CABLED QUOTATIONS

The following quotations are the middle prices at the close of the market in London on December 8. All quotations are subject to confirmation and no responsibility is assumed for errors in transmission. Last To-day's Price Price

War Loan 3 1/2%	redm after 1952	105 1/2	105 3/4
Chinese 4 1/2%			
Bonds 1898			
(Eng. Iss.)		101 1/2	101 1/2
Chinese 5% Gold		98 1/2	98 1/2
Bonds 1925-47		98 1/2	98 1/2
Chinese 4 1/2%			
Loan 1908		100	100
Chinese 5% Loan			
1912		81	80 3/4
Chinese 5% Recog			
Loan 1913 (Ldn. Iss.)		94 1/2	94 1/2
Chinese Imperial			
Rly. 5%		93	92 1/2
Honan Rly. 5%		74	74
1905			
Hukwang Rly.		55 1/2	55 1/2
1911 5%			
Lung Tai Rly. 5%		30	30
Rly. 1913 5%			
Shan - Nanking			
Rly. 5%		70	70
Tient-Pukow Rly.			
5% (Brit Stpd)		54 1/2	54 1/2
Tient-Pukow Rly.			
5% (Ger. Stpd)		52	52
Tient-Pukow Rly.			
5% (Brit Stpd)		52 1/2	52 1/2
Supl. Loan			
Tient-Pukow Rly.			
5% (Ger. Stpd)		52	52
Japan 5% Sterling		70 1/2	70 1/2
Loan 1907			
Japan 5% Sterling		87	86 3/4
Loan 1924			
German 7% International		56 1/2	57 1/2
Loan 1924			
Chartered Bank of			
India, Australasia & C.		15 1/2	15 1/2
H.K. & Shanghai Banking			
Corp. (Ldn. Regd.)		107	107 1/2
Chinese Engineering			
and Mining			
(bearer)		14 1/2	14 1/2
Chosen Corp.		11/10 1/2	11/10 1/2
Peking Syndicate		5 1/2	5 1/2
Shai Electric Construction		45/0	45/0
Shai Waterworks		35 1/2	35 1/2
Union Insurance		37	37
Soc of Canton			
Shai Electric Construction		41/3	41/3
Rubber			
Allied Ironfounders		33/3	33/3
Associated & Electrical Industries		50/-	50/-
Austin Motors ord		47/0	47/0
Brit-Am. Tob. (bearers)		127/0	130/-
Cannell, Laird, ord.		16/-	16/0
Mexican Eagle		38/9	38/9
Courtauld's		84/-	84/-
Distillers		115/0	115/0
United Rubber		34/0	34/0
General Electric (England)		90/3	90/0
Guinness (A) Son.		142/-	142/-
& Co.			
Hawker Aircraft		20/0	27/0
Bristol Aeroplane			
Ind. Chem.		65/0	65/-
Imperial Chemical Industries		42/0	42/0
Imperial Tobacco		178/0	182/0
Marks & Spencer			
"A" ord.		86/3	87/0
O.K. Bazaars		50/0	50/0
Rolls Royce		100/-	107/0
Leard Motors		117/0	120/-
Tate & Lyle		87/-	87/0
Turner & Newall		105/-	107/0
United Steel		31/6	31/9
Smethwick		22/3	23/-
Armstrongs		11/3	11/3
Vickers, ord.		33/0	35/-
Woolworths		87/0	90/4 1/2
Anglo-Dutch Rubber Plantation Investment		30/7 1/2	30/4 1/2
Trust		39/7 1/2	40/-
Burma Corp.		14/-	14/-
C. M. & N. wealth			
Mining		0/1 1/2	0/1 1/2
Marmar Investments		33/-	33/-
Randfontein Estates		78/-	78/0
Explorations		14/-	14/-
Sub-Niger		201/3	202/0
T. & N. Mining		1 1/4	1 1/4
Anglo-Iranian		91/3	92/0
Burmah		100/7 1/2	101/3
Shell Transport and Trading (bearer)		110/3	118/9
Chinese 5% Sterling			
Notes 1925 (Vickers)		20 1/2	20 1/2
Canton - Kowloon Rly. 5%		40 1/2	40

M.P.'S BACK FROM SPAIN

London, Dec. 8. Six members of Parliament, representing all parties, who have recently returned from Spain, were received by the Foreign Secretary this morning. They reported to him upon their visit to Madrid.—British Wire- less.

SURVEYING DAMAGE

Manila, Dec. 9. General Valdez took an aeroplane from here to-day on a survey flight over the northern flood areas, his object being to photograph them and assist relief workers in this way. No estimate of the dead and the damage can be made while more definite information is lacking.—United Press.

ENGLAND WINS FIRST TEST

(Continued from Page 1.)

into Fagg's hands in the gully, and he was out before he had scored, the second wicket falling at three. Sievers was next taken by Voece sliding in slips off Allen, after scoring five, the third wicket falling at seven.

Without any addition to the score, Don Bradman, chief Australian "hope" failed to get out of the way of a well pitched-up ball which rose sharply and was caught by Fagg in the gully off Allen.

This was the second ball Bradman received and he left without scoring.

At this time Allen, the English captain had taken three wickets for one run.

The fifth wicket fell at 16 McCabe attempting to hook, was caught at fine leg by Leyland, Allen again being the bowler. McCabe's contribution was five.

Robinson and Oldfield then became associated, but Robinson left at 20, miffing a hook off Voece which went to Hammond at slip, who made the catch. Robinson made six runs.

Meanwhile Oldfield played fine defensive cricket for 35 minutes before

HEIR CONFERS WITH MONARCH, SAYS RUMOUR



His Royal Highness the Duke of York

he played over a delivery from Voece and was again bowled for ten, the seventh wicket falling at 35.

Chipperfield's Four

Chipperfield made a hurricane 26 in 31 minutes, hitting out desperately. By means of some good square cutting he helped himself to four boundaries.

O'Reilly went to the wicket and missed the ball completely, with a terrific swivel while the next ball uprooted his middle stump Allen doing the damage. The eighth wicket fell at 41.

Ward, in attempting to hook a rising ball was struck on the nose, but he resumed after three minutes' suspension of play. But he was very shaky and in the next over had his middle stump knocked back by Voece. He had scored one.

McCormick was absent and could not be owing to his lumbago and the innings closed for 58 after 71 minutes.

G. O. Allen was practically unplayable, the balls skidding through very low and at a bewildering speed. Allen and Voece shared the wickets, their averages being—

	O	M	R	W
Allen	6	0	38	5
Voece	6	0	16	4

England therefore won the match by 322 runs.—Reuter.

FORCING STRIKE TO END

(Continued from Page 1.)

national Seamen's Union President, Andrew Furuseth, permitting seamen to select their own vessels and the masters to select their men.

It is noteworthy that the Shipping Commissioners' Act of 1872 empowers the Department of Commerce to assign shipping commissioners' office and to penalise masters \$200 per man if they hired crews anywhere else.—United Press.

SIGNS OF PROGRESS

New York, Dec. 8. There are signs of progress towards a settlement of the Pacific Coast shipping strike.

Coastal ship owners and union representatives have agreed to a public discussion of points at issue.

There are indications of a break in the strike, according to Mr. F. W. McGrady, of the Department of Labour, chief negotiator.—Reuter.

LABOUR TURMOIL

Waukegan, Wis., Dec. 8. Circuit Judge O. M. Davidson has asked Governor La Follette to send militia to Racine to halt "anarchy" existing there, due to the J. I. Case and Company dispute with its employees.—United Press.

BRITISH FINANCES

London, Dec. 8. Exchequer returns show that the total ordinary revenue amounts to £403,076,000 compared with £402,000,000 at the corresponding date of last year. Total ordinary expenditure is £334,040,258, compared with £312,156,319 at the corresponding date of 1935.—British Wire- less.

POPE RECOVERING

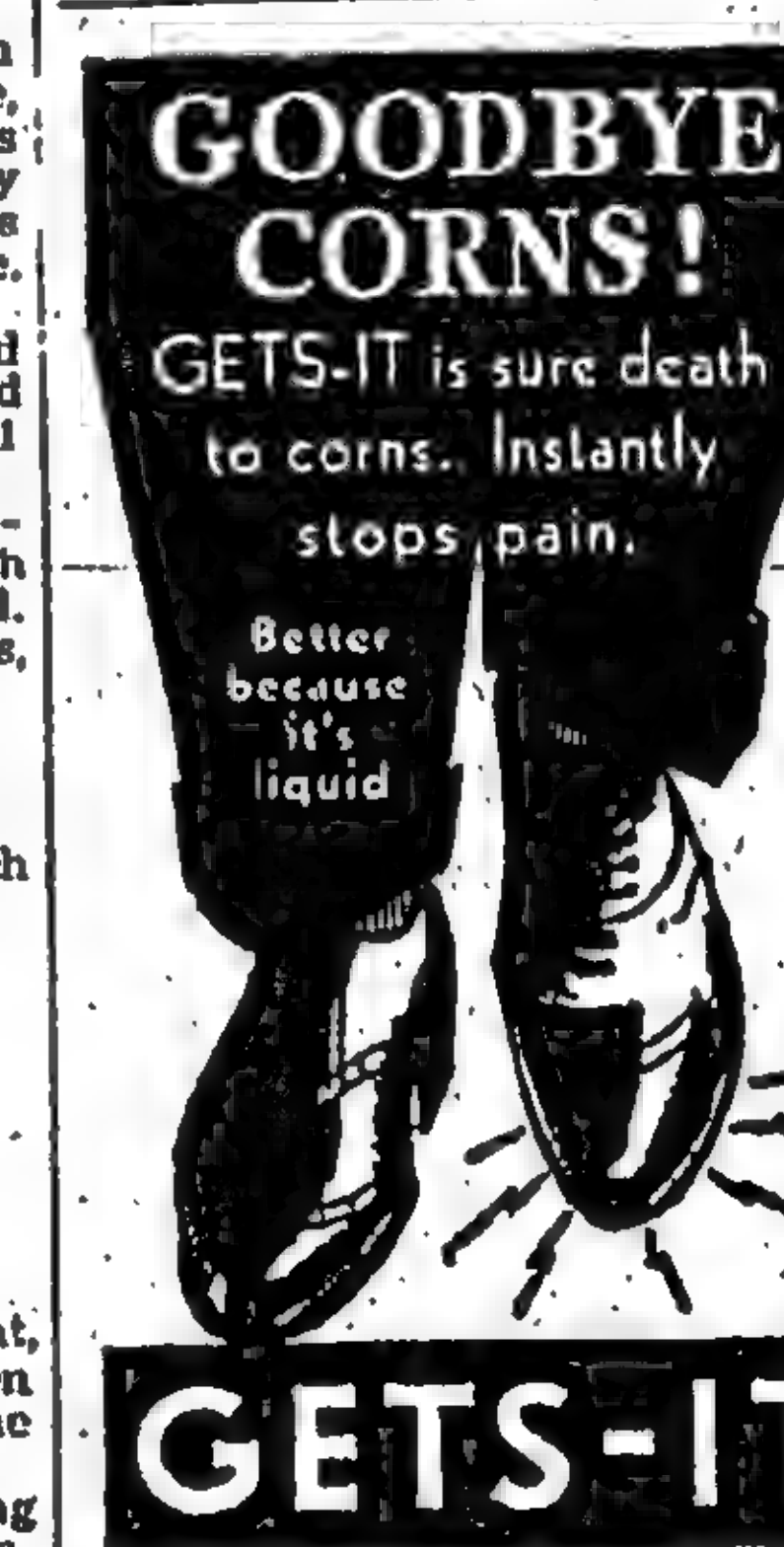
Vatican City, Dec. 9. Physicians announce that Pope Pius is recovering and will possibly return to work on Thursday. In spite of alarming rumours of the seriousness of his condition, paralysing.—United Press.

QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA . FRIDAY .

Here Comes Romance on Wings!



SWING TIME
Mark by JEROME KERN
With VICTOR MOORE
HELEN BRODERICK • ERIC BLORE • BETTY FURNESS



GETS-IT

Christmas Advertising

Advertisers requiring additional space in the "South China Morning Post" and "The Hongkong Telegraph" during the month of December, are requested to make their reservations as early as possible. In the interests of advertisers, we hope to distribute advertising evenly throughout the month, and in order to assist us, co-operation is invited.

ABOLISHING WAR RISK

London, Dec. 9. It is learned that Lloyd's are abolishing war risk insurance in the United Kingdom, and it is understood, throughout the world, after the New Year.—United Press.

Nineteen cases of Diphtheria with seven deaths, five cases of Typhoid (one imported), two cases of Puerperal fever and 65 deaths from Tuberculosis, were reported to the local Health authorities last week. On Monday, five cases of Diphtheria were also reported.

POST OFFICE.

CHRISTMAS AIR MAIL FOR GREAT BRITAIN BY "IMPERIAL AIRWAYS SERVICE"

The Christmas Air Mail for Great Britain by "Imperial Airways Service" will be closed in the General Post Office and Kowloon Central Post Office on Friday, December 11, by the R.M.A. Dorado as follows:
Registered 5.30 p.m. December 10.
Ordinary 5.30 a.m. December 11.
This mail is due to arrive at London on December 21.

POSTAL ANNOUNCEMENT

On and after December 8, the letter box at the Canton Steamer Wharf will be abolished. Correspondence intended to go by the night steamer to Canton after the mail has closed in the General Post Office at 6 p.m. must be posted at the Sheungwan Post Office up to the following times:

Weekdays 9.30 p.m.
Sundays and Holidays 8.00 p.m.

RADIO OFFICE ANNEXE OPENED

The public is hereby notified that an annex to the Radio Office is now open on the first floor of the General Post Office Building to deal with Radiotelegrams to or from ships and aircraft, steamer advice of vessels passing the lighthouses and Broadcast Receiving Licences.

The office will remain open day and night. Access to this office is obtained through the main entrance to the G.P.O. Building at the corner of Pedder Street and Des Voeux Road. A night bell is provided to attract the attention of the constable on duty during the hours when the main entrance doors are closed.

Telegrams other than those mentioned above should be handed in to the main Radio Office on the ground floor of the P. & O. Building as heretofore.

VIA SIBERIA ROUTE

Letters and postcards for Europe and South America are forwarded "via Siberia" if so super-scribed.

INWARD MAILES.

Japan	Anyo Maru	December 1
Straits and Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London, 12th November and London Parcels—London date, 8th November.		
Japan and Shanghai	Rajputana	December 1
Shanghai and Foochow	Ranchi	December 1
Shanghai	Shantung	December 1
Shanghai	D'Arangan	December 1
Shanghai	G.G. Paul Doumer	December 1
Straits	Philoctetes	December 1
Shanghai	Canton	December 1
Japan	Dakar Maru	December 1
Shanghai	Antenor	December 1
Straits	Cromer	December 1
Japan	Malacca Maru	December 1
Shanghai	Pres. Doumer	December 1
Straits	Terukuni Maru	December 1
Canada, U.S.A., Japan and Shanghai (Vancouver B.C., 23th November)	Emp. of Asia	December 1
Calcutta and Straits	Kulsang	December 1
Amoy	Santha	December 1
Japan and Shanghai	Suwa Maru	December 1
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco, 23th November).		
Java and Manila	Asama Maru	December 1
Australia and Manila	Tijkembang	December 1
	Kitano Maru	December 1

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE

REGULAR AND FAST
FREIGHT AND
PASSENGER SERVICES

LONDON SERVICE

ANTENOR sails 16 Dec. for Mar'le, London, Rotterdam & Glasgow
AJAX sails 30 Dec. for Marseilles, Ouessant, L'odon, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Glasgow

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

ATREUS sails 1 Jan. for Havre, Liverpool & Bromborough
INWARD SERVICE

GLAUCUS sails 25 Jan. for Boston, N.Y., Philadelphia & Baltimore via Manila, Batavia, Straits & Cape of Good Hope (via Koba & Nagoya)

PACIFIC SERVICE

IXION sails 12th Dec. for Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle

NEW YORK SERVICE

PHILOCTETES Due 12 Dec. From U. K. via Straits
MENESTHEUS Due 20 Dec. From U. K. via Straits
TEIRESIAS Due 28 Dec. From U. K. via Straits

Specially reduced fares are quoted for cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation.

For freight, passage rates and information apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Tel. 30333. Agents. 1, Connaught Road, C.

THE SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC

TRAVEL BY THE
SWEDISH MOTORSHIPS
TO
MARSEILLES

FOR
£47

M.V. "TAMARA" sailing	6th Jan.
M.V. "PEIPING" sailing	6th Feb.
M.V. "NACARA" sailing	6th Mar.
M.V. "NANKING" sailing	6th Apr.
M.V. "SHANTUNG" sailing	6th May

GILMAN & CO., LTD.
Hongkong.

G. E. HUYGEN.
Canton.

BARBER-WILHELMSSEN

LINE

MONTHLY SERVICE

To
NEW YORK

Via SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES
& PANAMA CANAL PORTS.

NEXT SAILING

M.S. "TAI PING"

on
18th DECEMBER.

EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION
FOR 12 PASSENGERS.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong Bank Bldg. Telephone 28021

TRAVEL A.O. LINE

To AUSTRALIA, Calling at Manila, Thursday 1st, CAIRNS
Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.
British Steamers: CHANGTE-TAIPING (Oil Burner)
FASTEST & MOST UP-TO-DATE STEAMERS IN THE SERVICE
OPEN AIR SWIMMING POOL
ELECTRIC LAUNDRY, BARBER SHOP, SURGEON
AND STEWARDESSE CARRIED.
Enjoy Your Leave in Australia and New Zealand.
FIRST CLASS FARE TO SYDNEY, 7/6 RETURN
LONDON (via Australia) from £127.15.
(Australian Newspapers on file).

STEAMER	Due H'Kong	Leaves H'Kong	Leaves Manila	Due Sydney
CHANGTE	In Port	15 Dec.	18 Dec.	2 Jan.
TAIPING	7 Jan.	14 Jan.	18 Jan.	1 Feb.
CHANGTE	9 Feb.	16 Feb.	20 Feb.	3 Mar.
TAIPING	9 Mar.	16 Mar.	20 Mar.	4 Apr.

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED.

Sailings subject to alteration without notice.
For Freight or Passage, apply to:
Butterfield & Swire, Agents—Hong Kong—China—Japan
Telephone 30332.

ESTATE DISPUTE RECEIVERS SECURE JUDGMENT

Two Supreme Court officials and a solicitor gave evidence before the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, this morning in connection with an action concerning the estate of Mr. Lau Ping.

Plaintiffs of the action were Mr. J. H. Seth and Mr. S. H. Ross, receivers and managers of the estate and effects of Lau Ping, and defendants were Lau Lam-shi, executrix of the will of Lau Yuen-tong, alias Lau Sheng-nin, deceased, and Lau Yick-cheuk, administrator de bonis non of the estate of Lau Ping. Plaintiffs asked the Court for, (1) a declaration that the sum of \$50,000, advanced to Un. Ting-tsun and Lau Yick-cheuk, second defendant, and secured by equitable charge dated August 4, 1914, on Inland Lot No. 1324, was advanced out of monies belonging to the estate of Lau Ping; (2) a declaration that the said sum and interests were still due and owing under the equitable charge; and (3) an order that the Registrar of the Supreme Court and first defendant, who had consented to judgment, be empowered to execute any necessary assignment.

Appearing for plaintiffs, Mr. Leo d'Amador, Jr., who was instructed by Mr. Geo. K. Hall Brutton, said his clients were appointed receivers and managers of the estate of Lau Ping in August, 1934. Subsequently, they obtained an order to get in the assets, and in August, 1935, they successfully applied for permission to bring the present action. Service for the action was accordingly served, and a month later an order for substitution of service was granted. In October, 1936, the proceedings were commenced, ex-parte.

Continuing, counsel said Lau Ping died in 1908, intestate, and his eldest son, Lau Shu-cheuk, was appointed executor of the estate. On the death of the latter, Lau Yuen-tong and Lau Yick-cheuk, second defendant, looked after the estate, and when the former died, Lau Lam-shi, first defendant, was appointed to take his place. Lau Ping, whose family was known as the Lau Kwong Yuen Tong, was interested in the Kung Yuen firm to the extent of four-tenths, while the family of Un. Lok Tong had five-tenths share in the business. The firm carried on business on Inland Lot 1324.

On August 4, 1914, an equitable charge for \$50,000 on the undivided moiety of Inland Lot 1324 and other properties not connected with the case was executed to the Un family by the Lau family. In 1930, the Un family brought an action, for the equitable charge to be re-assigned, alleging that the money had been repaid. However, the then trial Judge, Sir Joseph Kemp, not only held that the money had not been repaid but that the sum was advanced out of the estate of Lau Ping. So far the money had not yet been repaid.

Mr. G. P. Murphy, Deputy Registrar of the Supreme Court, produced the record of proceedings of O. J. action No. 39, 1930, including the judgment, after which Mr. W. J. Lockhart, Assistant Registrar, testified that on the 18th of October, 1930, he issued an equitable charge dated August 4, 1914. The parties were Un. Yuen and Lau Shu-cheuk. The equitable charge, which was for \$50,000, was still outstanding.

Mr. A. el Arculli, solicitor, said he conducted O. J. 39, 1930, on behalf of first defendant. His judgment in that action had been delivered by Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist, solicitors for the Un family, broached the subject of repayment of the money, but so far none had been paid. Mr. J. Hennessy Seth, one of the plaintiffs, testified he was an incorporated accountant and a partner of Messrs. Percy Smith, Seth and Fleming. He was appointed, together with Mr. Ross, as receiver of the estate of Lau Ping in O. J. No. 132, 1933. Subsequently, he obtained an order to get in the assets of the estate, and later got leave to commence the present proceedings against defendants. In accordance with the order made in O. J. No. 132, Lau Yick-cheuk handed to him the books of the firm. He found in the accounts which were up to February, 1934 no record of repayment of the \$50,000. From the date of his appointment until now, neither he nor Mr. Ross had received any payment in respect of the equitable charge. His Lordship made the declarations and order mentioned, and directed that the costs for the action be paid out of the estate.

MANILA SHARES

The following quotations have been received by Swan Culbertson and Fritz from their Manila office after the close of the morning session:

Prices in Pesos	Buyers	Sellers
Antamok	3.13	3.20
Atok	36	37
Baguio Gold	21	22
Benguet Consols	14.00	14.50
Benguet Exploration	14	15
Big Wedge	26	27
Coco Grove	61	62
Consolidated Mines	2075	2076
Davao	61	62
Demonstration	20	21
East Mindanao	20	21
Gold Creek	19	20
Gumauas Gold	20	21
Ilogon	1.05	1.10
I. K. L.	1.20	1.25
Mureman	100.00	103.00
Mosote	33	34
Mineral Resources	32	33
Mother Lode	13	14
Paracale Gold	25	26
Paracale Gumauas	45	47
San Mauricio	2.00	2.10
United Paracale	1.00	1.05
Universal Exploration	20	21
Yulo	33	34
Suyo	33	34
Market:—Steady.		

PRESIDENT QUEZON ON VISIT WITH LARGE PARTY OF FRIENDS



President Manuel Quezon of the Philippines arrived in Hongkong this morning aboard the C.P.S. liner Empress of Japan. He is accompanied by a large party of friends, including a number of members of the Assembly and Ministers of his Cabinet.

President Quezon was still in bed when friends went aboard the liner at 8.45 a.m. and some 20 or 30 people were received by him before he rose. Later he left the ship and proceeded to the Peninsula Hotel where he and his party will be staying while in Hongkong.

The President's plans have not been announced as yet and this morning he refused to see Press representatives, an interview being arranged for a later date. It is understood, however, that President Quezon will proceed to Canton on Friday for a few days and will board the Empress of Asia on December 16 and return to Manila without proceeding further north, as was expected.

Carried as freight aboard the Empress of Japan was the President's car which immediately the ship docked was unloaded onto the wharf and prepared for the road here with new licence plates.

U.S. COMMODITY PRICES LATEST CABLED QUOTATIONS

The following quotations on the New York commodity exchange are issued by Reuters.

New York Cotton	Dec. 7	Dec. 8
December	12.21/22	12.35/36
January	12.07/07	12.10/10
March	12.00/00	12.11/11
May	11.80/80	11.97/97
July	11.60/60	11.81/81
October	11.23/23	11.32/32
Spot	12.60	12.71

New York Rubber	Dec. 7	Dec. 8
December	10.15/15	10.30/30
January	10.12/12	10.22/22
July	10.10	10.17/17
September	10.09/09	10.16/16
Total sales:—950 tons.		

Chicago Wheat	Dec. 7	Dec. 8
December	125 1/2	125 3/4
January	121 1/2	121 3/4
July	108 3/4	107 1/4

Chicago Corn	Dec. 7	Dec. 8
December	100 1/2	100 3/4
January	102 1/2	102 3/4
July	96 1/4	96 3/4

Chicago Soybean	Dec. 7	Dec. 8
December	104 1/4	103 3/4
January	103 1/4	103 3/4
July	99 3/4	99 3/4

Winnipeg Wheat	Dec. 7	Dec. 8
December	113 1/4	112 3/4
January	111 3/4	111 3/4

TWO DYSENTERY DEATHS

JAPANESE FAMILY BEREAVED

A double bereavement has been suffered by Mr. Sakamoto, a Japanese school-teacher of Hongkong, and his wife by the death of their little four-year-old son, following that of another son, aged two years, which occurred last month. It is stated that death in both instances was due to dysentery.

Little Akiko Sakamoto passed away on November 14, and his brother, Jin, this morning.

On enquiry from the Medical Officer of Health, Dr. G. W. Pope, we were informed that the first death was notified, but there has been no notification to the health authorities of the death of the second child.

Charged with the larceny of five pounds of mixed brass and lead from the Tai Koo Dockyard, Chan Fat, a casual worker, appeared before Mr. J. A. Fraser, of the Central Magistracy this morning. Inspector O'Connor said defendant was searched on leaving the Dockyard yesterday, and the metal was found in his possession. A fine of \$10 or fourteen days' hard labour was inflicted. A similar penalty was imposed on Wong Cheuk, a workman, for the larceny of 15 pounds of lead from the Dockyard.

ANOTHER ROYAL DISTINCTION!

A Further Cow and Gate Success.

It is announced that the Royal Warrant of Appointment has been granted by the Court of Yugoslavia to Messrs. Cow & Gate Ltd., manufacturers of the well-known Infants Food. This warrant has been granted in respect of the successful use of the Food for Princess Elizabeth, daughter of Princess Paul.

Thus another much coveted and in these days rare distinction has been gained for Cow & Gate Milk Food following closely upon the Appointment to the Royal Court of Iraq already announced.

It must be quite obvious that the Food used so extensively for Princes and Princesses of the Royal blood—and Cow & Gate is not unknown in the British Royal Nurseries—must be one of the best authenticated products of the day for infant feeding, otherwise it would never be recommended under the aegis of the Court physicians on whom so much responsibility must rest. —Advt.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MARKET STRONGER YESTERDAY

New York, Dec. 8. S. C. & F. Dow Jones Summary of yesterday's market.—More interest was displayed in leaders, although the lesser lights continued active. Motor, steel, copper, railroad, oil and mercantile shares advanced fractionally. Amusement issues were strong, led by Paramount stocks. Many special bids higher. Both the market for bonds and stocks on the Curb Exchange were irregularly higher.

S. C. & F. Wall Street Journal morning comment:—Technicians will probably give the market the benefit of the doubt until it encounters two weak days successively. The dragging decline reflects brokerage opinion that a technical reaction is needed. The trade picture is encouraging interest in oil shares. Some chemical issues are suffering from profit-taking. Speculation in bonds is increasing. Brokers say that Christmas purchases of securities for gifts are larger than for many years.

S. C. & F. New York office cables: Stocks: The market today continued moderately firm, awaiting news and developments. Sears Roebuck's sales were up 26 per cent. during the month ended December 3rd. The General Motor Company's sales to consumers in November amounted to 165,552 units, against 130,859 units during the corresponding month of last year. Business failures during the week totalled 162 as compared with 123 failures the previous week. Demand deposits in Federal Reserve Member Banks amounted to \$15,464,000,000.

Cotton: The Government Bureau estimate of 12,407,000 bales is about as had been expected. There is some belief that the market will now move to dislodge the Government stocks, which would involve higher prices. Wheat: The market was quiet. There is a lull in European demand for Canadian wheat. Italy is reported to be taking four cargoes of the Argentine product. The consensus of opinion indicates continued strength during the week ahead. Estimates of the crop in the Argentine indicates a yield of 217,000,000 to 254,000,000 bushels. The visible supply here of 62,000,000 bushels is reported to be the smallest at this date since 1925.

Corn: The heavier demand for feeding corn is due to the cold weather. There is sustained demand for cash corn.

Rubber: Absorption of a 5 per cent. increase in quota is believed to be probable with the present activity, but some traders doubt whether the market can absorb a 10 per cent. increase and we think that this might reassure prospective buyers. There is a moderate urgent demand.

REUTER QUOTATIONS

Dow Jones Averages:	Dec. 7	Dec. 8
30 Industrials	180.13	180.57
20 Rails	54.10	54.45
20 Utilities	54.03	55.00
30 Bonds	105.70	105.70
11 Commodity Index	75.37	75.40

GOLD DUST HUNT

MEN TRESPASS IN MANHOLE

Four Chinese were brought before Mr. K. Kuen at the Central Magistracy this morning, charged with having trespassed on Government land by entering a manhole in Bonham Street East, near Hillier Street, yesterday. The men were Wong Cho, 24, unemployed, Tang Yau, 30, locksmith, Chan Ming, 39, unemployed and Wong Sui, 44, also unemployed. All except the second defendant was discharged, as his plea of not guilty was accepted.

Inspector Baker stated that first defendant was down the manhole scraping particles of gold dust adhering to the sides of the underground drain. The other defendants were helping him.

Defendants were each sentenced to a fine of \$10, or in default, to serve three weeks' rigorous imprisonment.



"I haven't seen you for years"

—said Johnnie Walker

The last time Johnnie Walker saw this cask of whisky it was the "new make," and was about to be stored away to begin the long natural process of maturing.

Now, after a number of years, the whisky has "grown up" and is to be blended with other good matured whiskies into an even better whisky—Johnnie Walker. Because of its natural "roundness," Johnnie Walker is most valuable and refreshing in all climates. It's always worth while asking for Johnnie Walker by name.



JOHNNIE WALKER

Born 1820—still going strong

Sole Agents for China
CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
SHANGHAI • HONGKONG • TIENTSIN

SHARE PRICES

The following is the list of local share quotations issued this morning.

Banks.	
H. K. \$1,780 b.	
H. K. Banks (Lon.—Reg.)	\$107 1/2 n.
Chartered Bank, £15 1/2 n.	
Mercantile Bank, A. and B.	\$32 1/4 n.
Mercantile Bank, C., £14 1/2 n.	
East Asia Bank, \$83 n.	
Insurance.	
Canton Ins., \$290 b.	
Union Ins., \$602 1/2 b.	
China Underwriters, \$1.00 n.	
H. K. Fire Ins., \$285 b.	
Internat'l Assoc., Sh. \$3 1/4 n.	
Shipping.	
Douglas, \$30 n.	
H. K. Steamboats, \$7.40 n.	
Indo-Chinas (Prof.), \$35 n.	
Indo-Chinas (Def.), \$36 n.	
Shell (Bunker), 118/9 n.	
Union Waterboats, \$10 1/2 n.	
Docks etc.	
H. K. Wharves (old), \$108 n.	
H. K. & W. Docks, \$133 1/2 n.	
Providents (old), \$150 n.	
Providents (new), 20 cls. n.	
New Engineering, Sh. \$4 n.	
Shanghai Docks, Sh. \$81 1/2 n.	
Mining	
Kailan Mining Ad., 14/6 n.	
Raub, \$13 b.	
Venz: Goldfield \$8 b.	
Philippine Mining	
Antamok, P. 3.15	
Atok, P. 36 1/2	
Baguio Gold, P. 21 1/2	
Palatoc Min., P. 14 1/2	
Benguet Consols, P. 14 X. Div.	
Benguet Expl., P. 15	
Big Wedges, P. 20 1/2	
Consolidated Mines, P. .03	
Demonstrations, P. .62	
Ipo Gold, P. 21	
Para. Gold, P. 27	
Masbate Cons., P. 35	
I. K. L., P. 1.25	
Itzons, P. 1.50	
Northern Min., P. 14	
Paracale Gumauas, P. .46	
San Mauricio, P. 2	
San Mauricio, \$3.85/90 sa.	
Suyoc Consols, P. .38	
United Paracale, P. 1.05	
Lands, Hotels, etc.	
H. and S. Hotels, \$5 1/2 b.	
H. K. Lands, \$38 1/2 n.	
H. K. Lands, 4% Deben.	\$105 n.
S'hai Lands, Sh. \$13 n.	
Metropolitan Lands, Sh. \$10 n.	
Humphries, \$0 1/2 n.	
H. K. Realities, \$5 n.	
Chinese Estates, \$78 n.	
China Realities, Sh. \$4 n.	
China Debentures, Sh. \$60 n.	
Public Utilities.	
H. K. Tramways, \$12.15 n.	
Peak Trams, (old), \$8 1/2 n.	

Peak Trams, (new), \$2 1/2 n.	
Star Ferries, (old), \$92 b.	
Yamutai Ferries, (old), \$25 n.	
China Lights, \$13.30 n.	
China Lights, (new), \$10 1/4 n.	
H. K. Electric, \$58 1/2 b.	
Macao Electric, \$20 n.	
Sandakan Lights, \$8.80 n.	
Telephone (old), \$28 1/4 sa.	
Telephone (new), \$10 n.	
China Buses, Sh. \$11 1/4 n.	
Singapore Tractors, 27/— n.	
Singapore Pref., 27/— n.	

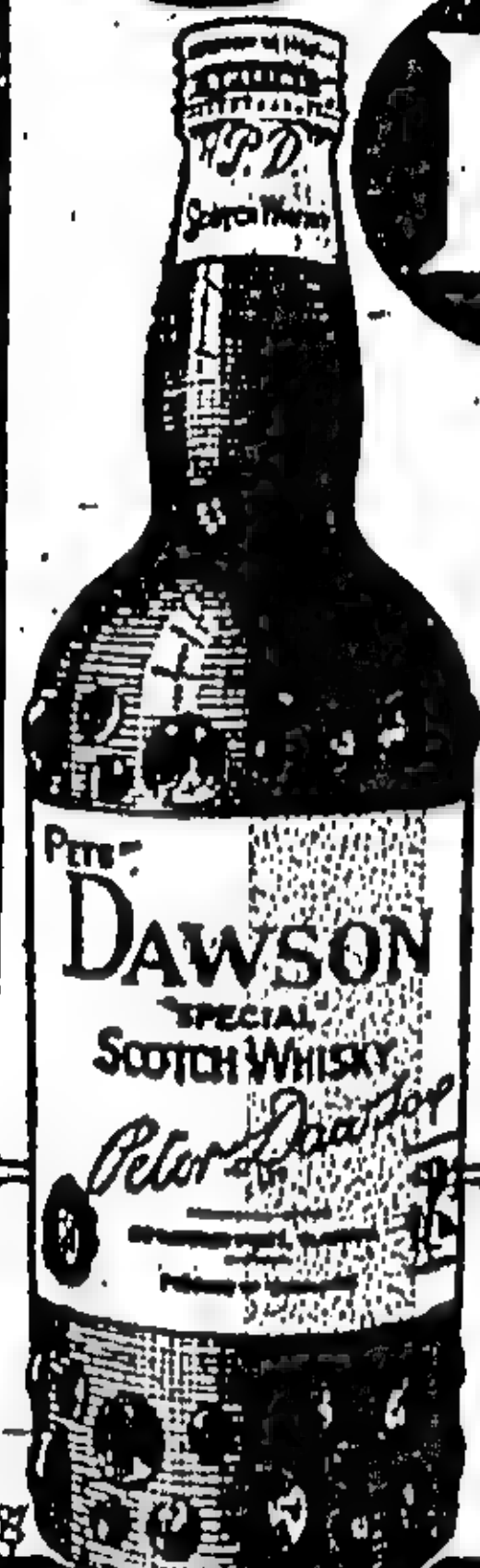
Industrials.

Cald: Macg. (old), Sh. \$19 1/2 n.	
Cald: Macg. (Prof.), Sh. \$15 n.	
Canton Ice, \$2.20 n.	
Cement, \$11.25 n.	
H. K. Ropes, \$3 s.	

Stores, &c.

Dairy Farm, \$20 1/2 n.
Watson, \$4.85 n.
Lane Crawford, \$6 1/4 n.
Sinceres, \$3 n.
Wing On (H.K.), \$50 n.
Cotton Mills.
Ewo Cottons, Sh. \$14.40 n.
S'hai Cottons, (old), Sh. \$85 n.
S'hai Cottons, (new), Sh. \$60 n.
Zoong Sing, \$26 n.
Wing On Textiles, Sh. \$32 b.
Miscellaneous.
H. K. Entertainments, \$3 n.
Constructions (old), \$1 1/4 n.
Constructions (new), 40 cts. n.
Vibro Piling, \$6.50 n.
Ch. Govt. 5% 1925 G&Bds.
9 3/4% n.
H. K. Govt. 4% Loan 8% prm.
H. K. Govt. 3 1/2% Loan 3% prm.
b.
Wallace Harpers \$4 n.

All good but the "Pick of the bunch" is certainly



PETER DAWSON
THE
"Special"
SCOTCH WHISKY

Obtainable Everywhere
Sole Distributors:—
H. Ruttonjee & Son

Could you survive if—

HOW would you build a shelter?

On what would you sleep?
How many fires could you light from one box of matches?
Could you light a fire after the match supply had been exhausted?

What is a fire stick?
What kind of fire would you make? What wood would you use?
Could you cook over a wood fire?
Could you bake?
Would your diet be varied?
Do you know of a good wild substitute for tea—and for coffee?
Do you know the wholesome berries and wild fruits? The poisonous plants?
What birds' eggs are fit to eat?
Can you shoot?
Could you catch fish? Do you know the lures and baits?
Can you read a trail? Could you stalk game? Do you know any woodcraft?

Story in the grass

A blurred print in the mud, a lone feather, a few drops of blood on the grass; these are sufficient to tell the story of an animal tragedy. Could you read that story?
Could you find your way by the stars?
Can you find the Pole Star?
Are you versed in weather lore? What would you do if you heard the shrill death scream of a rabbit?
Are you afraid of the darkness?
Could you withstand the strain on the nerves occasioned by the night sounds in the woods; the weird cries of hunting owls, the wind muttering in the trees, and the hollow sound of fish rising in the darkness of the lake?
Could you endure the loneliness—and, if not, what steps could you take to gain companionship?
Could you survive?

Building a shelter

WITH the aid of the axe and hunting knife a sound shelter could be built. Three long sticks, or branches, erected tripod fashion, could serve as the framework of the shelter, these being braced by bracken, heather, or grass.

Dry bracken makes a comfortable mattress. The one blanket would be most useful when wrapped round the body, enclosing the feet tightly. In this way the heat of the body is retained.

A bundle of dried grass, tied at the ends with string, makes a comfortable pillow.

The average box of matches contains 50 matches, which might provide 50 fires. But a single match can be split into two if a sharp hunting knife is used carefully. Brimstone and wood should be split from the head down.

Matches must be kept dry. A damp match may sometimes be dried by rubbing through the hair.

Fire sticks are made by whitening a stick so that shavings curl on it but do not drop off; four of these sticks, built up pyramid shape, are the foundations of a good fire.

Birch bark for tinder

THERE are many ways of making fire by friction of hard woods. The simplest consists of a wooden block with a groove cut into it, along which a stick is rubbed rapidly up and down. A good deal of rubbing is necessary.

Tinder (shredded birch bark is an excellent tinder) must be handy, and dry and inflammable.

Flint and steel is an advance on the friction method. The back of the blade of the hunting knife makes a good steel and will produce sparks if struck sharply against a flint or hard stone.

The vital part of the operation is the catching of the spark on the tinder, which, being subjected to hard blowing, or being whirled round in the hand, will flame up.

Ash and beech are good woods for slow fires; lime and pine are quick fires. A cooking fire should be small and free from smoke; allowance being made for plenty of air and draught.

In camp, cleanliness is essential. Rubbish which cannot be burned should be buried.

Two of the simplest forms of bread baked over a camp fire are "twist" and "dumper." For "twist" the dough is wound on a clean warmed stick, warmed to ensure that the bread is baked inside as well as out, and baked over a good fire of glowing embers.

For "dumper" a thin flat cake of dough is placed between two large leaves and inserted in the embers of a hot fire. When baked the leaves can be peeled off.

The menu could afford great variety—

Meat and Game: Rabbit, wood-pigeon, pheasant, rook and hedgehog.

Fish: Roach, dace, perch and trout.

Fruit: Blackberries, cranberries, wild raspberries and strawberries.

Eggs: Starling, woodpigeon, moorhen and plover.

Honey: From the wild bees.

Notes: Hazel, (Beech nuts, roasted and ground between stones make a splendid substitute for coffee.)

Salads: Common watercress; leaves of dandelion (eaten like watercress).

—You were placed in a well-wooded, well-watered and game-stock country, miles away from civilisation, with only:—

A Powerful air-rifle
1,000 pellets

One box of matches

A blanket

A minimum of warm clothing

A dixie, consisting of frying pan, saucepan and plate

One cwt. flour

One packet salt

A fishing rod and tackle

100 yards string

An axe

A hunting knife

and red; spiders lightening their webs.

Friendship with animals

SIGNS of fine weather: birds flying high; spiders' webs on hedges and bracken covered with dew on a misty morning; webs spun from branch to branch of trees.

The south wind brings heat; east wind, clear and cold weather. Rain comes with the south-west wind.

The death scream of a rabbit may mean a tree meal. A stout-killed rabbit is just as good to eat as one killed by the rifle, or trap.

If a man badly needed companionship, he could tame a wild creature and take it as a pet—a young rabbit, a hedgehog, a squirrel, or, best of all, a young otter. With a young otter as a friend and companion he would never feel lonely.



"With the aid of the axe and hunting knife a sound shelter can be built."

Would it be a difficult task to survive? To most people it would, but it is by no means impossible.

The means of survival are at hand. Indeed there are luxuries in the form of the rifle, fishing rod and the salt. Making good use of these advantages every man should survive for some considerable time.

Could you?

LITTLE SUMMER in WALES

by Tom Stephenson

AFTER six months' absence I returned to North Wales last week-end.

Two nights' travelling for two days on the hills may seem doubtful pleasure, but those days were worth it, and on the homeward journey I wondered at my folly in staying away so long.

It was nearing midnight when we reached Betsws-y-Coed. Everyone in the valley was asleep, and not a solitary light was visible. But the moon was rising high, flooding the hills with soft gold, streaming through the woods, and transforming the road into a river of light.

On the way to Capel Curig the River Llugwy welcomed us with sweet and varied music, enough in itself to make one thankful to be back in the hills. A deepening roar indicated we were approaching Swallow Falls. Gradually this diminished as we left the falls behind, fading to a faint murmur until we reached Ty Hyl Bridge.

A brief spell of brilliant rushing and splashing, then another diminishing and a spell of liquid whispers across

the meadows were the accompaniment to Pont Cyfyng. One more crescendo and the music subsided into the gentle strains that were to be our lullaby. Moel Siabod's conical crest made a brave show in the moonlight, but from the height on which the Guest House stands there was a yet grander prospect. The peaks of Snowdon stood out sharp and bold in the clear night air. Crisp Goch, Coradd Uchaf, Y Wyddfa and Llwydd were all in view and calling for conquest.

For a brief moment we played with the notion of a moonlight round of that "Horseshoe" of peaks. It was a tempting thought, but after a belated supper we felt in a less romantic mood and bed seemed an attractive prospect.

Next morning the hills we had seen in the moonlight had lost nothing of their glory, and Snowdon was in full view to its topmost peak, and all day long the sun played on the hills and shadowed every hollow and dimple.

A farmer we met informed us the Welsh had a name for such weather

in October. The Welsh words I could not transcribe, but we were told they meant "Little Summer."

There was indeed a summer feeling in the air, but one only needed to get in the shadow of the crags to feel the autumn nip in the air.

Trysien claimed us that day, and strange to say we had the mountain to ourselves. In mid-afternoon, satiated with climbing, we sat on the summit by the pillars of Adam and Eve and watched the shadows lengthening below us and creeping round the valley. Far below in a little patch of green grassland we could see the farm of Gwern-y-gofach and there we were eventually drawn.

In a little parlour with flowery wallpaper we were supplied with tea and home-made scones, and confronted with a Victorian picture illustrating the title "Doings of Drink."

Sunday gave us another equally delightful day on Idwal Slabs and encouraged us in the decision to return at no distant date. To make sure we have left my climbing boots and rope at Capel Curig.

"It was no good getting angry with my customers"



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NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers requiring additional space in the Saturday editions of "The Hongkong Telegraph" are requested to make their space reservations not later than noon on Thursdays.

UNITED STATES MAY REVIVE CONSTRUCTION OF DIRIGIBLES

Washington, December 1.

Inspired by Germany's success with trans-Atlantic dirigible operations, United States officials are planning legislation which will enable the United States to resume activity in dirigible enterprises.

Commerce Department officials in charge of aeronautics have formulated tentative proposals which probably will be submitted to Congress at its next session in January, so that a United States company can enter Zeppelin operating field.

The company probably will be the International Zeppelin Transport Corporation, which has been in existence seven years, but was dormant during the depression and the period of public disapproval of dirigibles that followed the disasters to the Akron, Macon and other such ships.

The most active dirigible promoters expect that the International Zeppelin Corporation will arrange to co-operate fully with the Deutsche Zeppelin Reederei service between the two countries.

The first step from the viewpoint of the American company is to get some kind of governmental subsidy, since the proposed Zeppelin operation will not be self-supporting in the early stages.

Dirigible men hope that Congress will authorize them to get the same treatment as ocean shipping lines, namely governmental aid in meeting the difference between cost of construction at home and abroad, and direct benefits for carrying mail and operating overseas.

The many successful flights of the Hindenburg between Germany and the United States this year are generally regarded as reviving interest here in dirigible. The flights went far to overcome popular distrust of dirigibles which arose when the Akron and Macon sank according to some commentators. The question was widely asked, why can not the United States accomplish in due time success measurable to that of Dr. Eckener and his aides.

Additional encouragement to try came from the Federal Aviation Commission's special report to the Department of Commerce. It suggested that "as a course of immediate action."

TO CONSTRUCT AIRSHIPS

"That the national policy toward airships should be to undertake further construction and operation of rigid airships in commercial and naval service and this policy should be immediately publicized, recognized and vigorously prosecuted."

It also recommended that "as soon as enabling legislation and adequate private and federal funds can be obtained" an east coast terminal should be constructed for use on trans-Atlantic lines; and an airship built to alternate with a foreign service.

If Congress extends the same treatment to the Zeppelin company as to shipping lines, it will enable them to get from the government, both construction and operating funds. However, it is likely that the construction would be undertaken by the Goodyear-Zeppelin company, an adjunct of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company of Akron, Ohio. That company built the Akron and Macon. It has an arrangement with the German Zeppelin company regarding patents and processes. It also has many German-trained construction experts. It is purely a construction company and would either sell or lease any airships to the International Zeppelin Corporation.

There is considerable discussion about the United States line leasing one or two dirigibles from the Germans until such time as ships could be built in the United States. Thus the International Zeppelin Corporation might lease the LZ-130 after it is placed in operation. It would alternate with a German controlled ship in flights between Germany and the United States. The difficulty with this plan is that the German line is said to need it to replace the Graf Zeppelin on contracted South American flights.

Final decision whether to submit legislation to Congress is understood to depend on the scope of activity which the International Zeppelin Corporation agrees to undertake, and partly on its success in locating a proper terminal for the proposed line. The three most prominent suggested sites so far are Morristown, New Jersey, not far from New York; Baltimore, Maryland and Alexandria, Virginia, near this city. Local governmental and trade groups are asked to help provide funds for a hangar and a final decision will not be reached until it is known which place will offer the most attractions.



He's won two cocoanuts and a bottle of squash! It's the cocoanuts' turn next. A study at the Kowloon Tong Anglican Church Garden.

Conscription For All If War Came

PLAN BEFORE GOVERNMENT

By GUY EDEN

CONSCRIPTION for every one in the country in the event of Britain being involved in war is being considered by the Government.

The plan is that, immediately on the outbreak of hostilities, every one should place himself or herself at the service of the State, and that the Government should have the right to decide whether they should go into the fighting forces or remain in industry.

Those drafted into industry would be paid on a scale to put them on an equal footing with the fighting services. Heads of businesses, ranking as, say, generals, would receive a general's pay, those below would have pay and rank graded according to position in the industry.

In other words, it is proposed to organize the whole nation into a vast machine to deal with an emergency.

The proposal, which is, I understand, already before the Committee of Imperial Defence, was put forward by the Royal Commission on the Private Manufacture of Arms, in a report presented to the Cabinet some weeks ago and issued over the week-end.

NEW RULES FOR SUB. WARFARE

MERCHANT VESSELS' PROTECTION

Representatives of Great Britain and all the Dominions, the United States, Japan, France and Italy met at the Foreign Office last month to sign the protocol relating to the rules of submarine warfare set forth in Part IV. of the 1930 Treaty of London.

The effect of this protocol is not only to prolong for an indefinite period the rules governing submarine warfare, but to bring within their scope the great Powers—France and Italy—which had not previously been bound by them.

Germany is already a party to the rules by virtue of her renunciation of "unrestricted" submarine warfare in the notes exchanged when the Anglo-German naval treaty was concluded last year.

Russia is expected to adhere in the near future, and the British Government hopes eventually to bring in all the remaining maritime Powers to give the new rules a world-wide application.

Mr. Anthony Eden, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, and Sir Samuel Hoare signed the protocol on behalf of the British Government.

EXCEPTIONAL IMPORTANCE

Both the British Government and Admiralty attach exceptional importance to the protocol, which they regard as a big step in the direction of humanising warfare at sea. The essential rules are as follows:

"In their action with regard to merchant ships, submarines must conform to the rules of International Law to which surface vessels are subject.

"In particular, except in the case of persistent refusal to stop on being duly summoned, or of active resistance to search, a warship, whether surface vessel or submarine, may not sink or render incapable of navigation a merchant vessel without having first placed passengers, crew and ship's papers in a place of safety.

"For this purpose the ships' boats are not regarded as a place of safety unless the safety of the passengers and crew is assured, in the existing sea and weather conditions, by the proximity of land, or the presence of another vessel which is in a position to take them on board."

While the value of the protocol is fully recognised in naval circles, it is pointed out that its logical counterpart is a convention forbidding aircraft attack on merchant ships. No aircraft now existing, or likely to exist in the near future, is capable of stopping and searching a merchant vessel, still less of placing those on board in safety.

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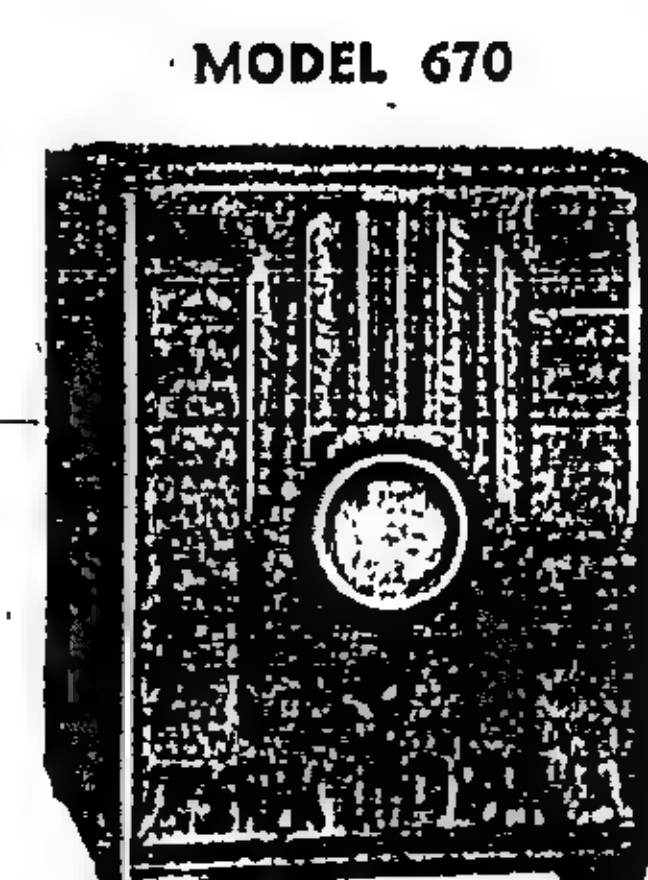
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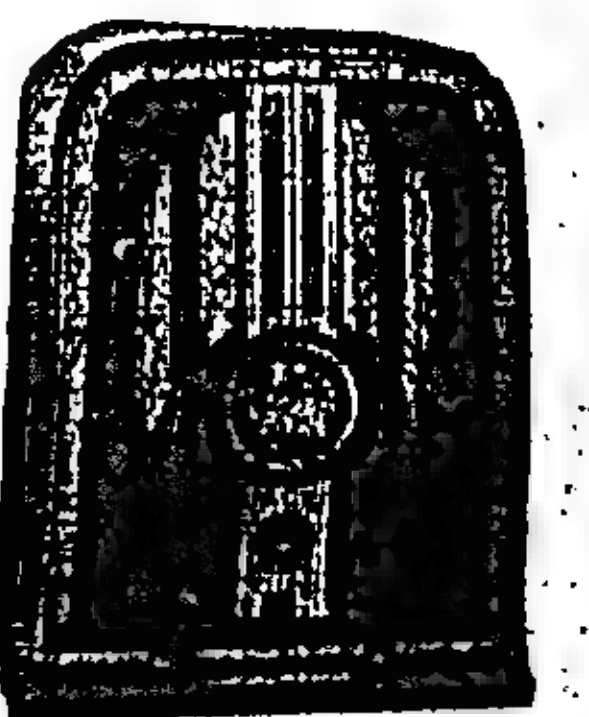


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the Canossian Institute wish to
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their generous donations to the
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their valuable contributions and
to the public for their whole-
hearted support towards their
Annual Fete.

DEATH.

CALDECOTT—At Worthing, Sussex,
on Monday, December 7, 1936,
The Rev. Andrew Caldecott, aged
83 years.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1936.

BRITAIN ALIVE TO NECESSITIES

Mr. Winston Churchill is
irrepressible. There are occa-
sions, however, when the House
of Commons gets a little tired
of his outbursts and of his in-
satiable curiosity, as when he
persisted in putting questions
after the Premier's statement on
the attitude of the Government
in the present constitutional
crisis. Although still ploughing
a lonely furrow, Mr. Churchill
every now and then figures in
the House in vigorous criticism
of the Government. He has, in
this connection, repeatedly made
charges of lack of expedition in
pushing on with national re-
armament. His motives may be
partly patriotic, but they are
also obviously decidedly political.
Recently, Mr. Baldwin gave a
detailed reply to some of these
criticisms, pointing out that
past delays in the matter of re-
arming were largely due to the
reluctance of the Government
to act in advance of public
opinion, which was strongly
pacifist in its views. It is easy
for Mr. Churchill and for others
who think along the same lines
to be wise after the event, but
nothing is to be gained at this
stage by raking up the past. It
is the future that matters. On
this aspect of the question, Mr.
Baldwin has assured Parliament
that, on the whole, British re-
armament is making good pro-
gress and that he is satisfied at
the manner in which the
Minister for Co-Ordination of
Defence is discharging his
manifold duties. Clearly, Mr.
Baldwin can speak on this issue
with a fuller knowledge of the
facts than Mr. Churchill can. In
these matters, democracies start
with a heavy handicap when
compared with dictatorships, but
the task has to be fully dis-
charged if democracy in Britain
is to survive. At the moment,
the Government does not favour
the creation of a Ministry of
Supply, but its decision on this
point is apparently not final. In
the course of time, the very
magnitude of the task may show
the desirability of a division of
labour at the head, as well as

SOME sincere disciples of en-
lightened democracy are becom-
ing a little anxious. The arresting
political phenomenon of the present
century is the challenge that free
democracies are unmistakably re-
ceiving from a form of autocratic
dictatorship as rigid and rigorous as
any that existed in what we call the
Dark Ages. The way in which some
at all events, of the democracies are
reacting to this challenge does not
inspire immense confidence in the
probable outcome of the Homeric
conflict.

It is the legitimate boast of the
people of this country that Britain
has been the cradle and remains the
citadel of the democratic idea. But
impartial observation compels one
serious comment on this claim.
Within quite recent years there has
come a profound and significant
change in the spirit of our de-
mocratic dream. The most vital of
the altered factors is not the exten-
sion of the franchise to both sexes
and every adult and reputable sane
citizen, though that in itself is of
most reconducive effect. The vital
factor is that nowadays our democracy
is tending to direct its policies as
well as select its leaders.

Formerly the working of the de-
mocratic system in this country was
roughly that the electors chose one
or other of two established schools
throughout the manufacturing
side of the Government's pro-
gramme. The nation's industrial
resources are great; there need
be little fear on that score. But
the very vastness of these re-
sources makes it urgent that
overlapping and lack of co-
ordination be prevented. These
considerations, it cannot be
doubted, are well realised by the
Government, whose critics may
rest-assured that there will be
no slackening of effort until the
final objective is reached.

Ex-Crown Prince of Spain on the "Penalty of being Royal"

by

Alfonso de Bourbon, Count of

COVADONGA

eldest son of ex-King Alfonso, now in
exile in the United States

"If only I were a
king or a prince"—
people say some-
times—"I'd be so happy!
Royalty has everything a
man could wish to have—
money, power..."

I can't help smiling at such
ideas. Commoners envy royalty,
and yet we royalty quite often
envy commoners! Why is it
that we human beings can never
be satisfied with what we
actually have?

Being born a member of
royalty has many number of ad-
vantages, true, but then, do
people ever stop to think of all
we have to give up and put up
with just because of our birth?

I don't need to look far for
an example. I simply take my
own self.

Born Crown Prince of Spain,
I was brought up strictly, as
befits a man who some day was
to be the ruler of 25 million
people. It was not until 1931,
when revolution ousted me from
my country, that I thought I
would be able to face life as
other men do.

I had always liked people of
all kinds, wanted to mix with

them, be their friend. I had
wanted to do the things they
did, share their thoughts, their
ideals.

And yet the station of my
birth didn't allow me to do that.
Heir to the throne, for the sake
of my own people's dignity and
prestige I had to keep a Crown
Prince's attitude. I couldn't
afford to be a mere man.

I was when my
duty to my people
was ended by their own wish in
1931 that I thought I could
enjoy an average man's life.
But no; even in exile I had to
face what some people might
call "the penalty" of being
royal.

My sickness, which in spite of
being called by the papers "the
Bourbon curse" is nothing but
an unfortunate inheritance, was
widely publicised.

Had I been just the son of a
commoner, my sufferings would
have been endured just by my
family and myself. But even
that I had to share with the
world because I was royalty.

I fell in love. After all,
whether royal or commoner, we
are all human, and I have the
right to love like other men.
However, my romance had to
make the headlines in the news-
papers all over the world; again,
just because I was royalty.

I TRAVELED, and then a private citizen would be,
wherever I went, just because I happen to be his
reporters immediately approach- son, and because I am expected
ed me, asked me all sorts of to see that he attends to pay-
questions about every possible ing up my obligations.

That is unfair! My life is
just my own. My problems
should not be forced upon my
family; it is my duty to face
them alone and to try to handle
them as best I can.

Both father and mother have
done a great deal for me, and I
will never impose on them to do
more than they have done. I
am a man, a grown-up man,
ready to work and to earn my-
self a man's position in this
world. Why can't I be given a
fair chance?

There seems to be no privacy
of any kind. It is like living in
a glass house.

I want to be human, honest,
sincere, like other men, and
yet I cannot do it without
giving the wrong impression.

I have been called extrava-
gant, crazy, madcap; but what
have I done that is not done
daily by hundreds of thousands
all over the world? But I was
royal, and my life, it seems, was
not my own to do with as I
pleased.

I HAVE met girls in
my life. All men
do. And I would have liked to
think many a time that those
who seemed to like me did so
because of myself personally,
not because of who I was. I
felt that were I just a man
maybe they would not have
bothered to be nice to me.

It is an awful sensation of
inferiority that this feeling
gives a man. He can never be
sure of the sincerity of people
approaching him.

And then, even in financial
questions. People all over have
their tight moments. There are
instances in life when even the
richest man has to face a dif-
ficult situation.

I am not rich, and I am a
man. My father, very kindly,
gives me an allowance. He
does not have to do it, and it
is only his kindness that
prompts him to do so. He does
as much as he can, and I appre-
ciate it very deeply.

Yet, when I have to pay
alimony, I am charged higher

than a private citizen would be,
just because I happen to be his
son, and because I am expected
to see that he attends to pay-
ing up my obligations.

That is unfair! My life is
just my own. My problems
should not be forced upon my
family; it is my duty to face
them alone and to try to handle
them as best I can.

Both father and mother have
done a great deal for me, and I
will never impose on them to do
more than they have done. I
am a man, a grown-up man,
ready to work and to earn my-
self a man's position in this
world. Why can't I be given a
fair chance?

PEOPLE have often
wondered what
happened to the crown jewels
so widely publicised in the
papers. Why haven't I sold
them?

Well, the crown jewels exist,
undoubtedly. And I have them.
I have not sold them because
I have not the right to sell what
is not mine. The Toison de
Oro, for instance, is mine as
long as I live, but at my death
it will return to my father. I
have it as if in trust.

These jewels helped me raise
some money which I needed at a
given moment; they were the
security I offered the friend
whose signature backed me in a
bank loan.

Many people do that time and
time again, and yet no one
even bothers to talk privately
about it. However, I am not
one of them, and so I cannot
live my life like them in privacy.
I am royal, hence "public pro-
perty."

Young boys and young girls
may dream of what they call
the happiness of being royal,
may dream of being a "hand-
some prince" or a "beautiful
princess." But they should
realise that all the glitter and
glamour of royalty's life hides
quite often the suffering of men
and women who, yearning to be
human, are obliged to face the
"penalty of being royal."

DEMOCRACY IN DANGER

Leaders Who Do Not Always Lead

By "An Old Slager"

of political thought, each with its
accredited spokesmen and chief
apostles, and, once an election was
completed, the latter had the shaping
of their party's policy and the direc-
tion of the national affairs.

Orders From Below

Through the House of Commons
the voting democracy could still
retain some measure of control over
these leaders, but the inspiration of
policy came, not from below, but
from above.

The epoch of Gladstone and Dis-
raeli marked the zenith of this
period. Outstanding statesmen gave
a lead to the country, and once their
outlook had been endorsed, were
almost autocrats of democracy.

All that has very largely changed
in our time. Whether because there
are fewer outstanding leaders of
political thought, or because there
are immensurably more electors, the
process has almost been reversed.
It is now the tendency for the
electors to dictate policy, and for the
leaders of democracy merely to
carry out instructions.

Nobody would go the length of
admitting the Laval-Hore peace
terms as an equitable settlement of
Abyssinia's ravished territories. But
international politics is not founded
on human equity, and by now it
must be obvious, even to the most
emotional and fanatical supporter of
the League of Nations Union, that in
destroying that peace possibility we
have hurled the unfortunate Abyssinians out of the frying pan into the
furnace.

It may have been a very gratifying
gesture of moral equity on our part,
but it amounted to a crucifixion of
the material interests of those on
whose behalf it was supposed to be
made. Or, if we had larger interests

than merely the future of Ethiopia
in mind, we must ask ourselves how
far we may be justified in sacrificing
a brave but primitive people on the
altar of European security.

Mob Rule

To dispassionate onlookers it may
seem that we deliberately drove the
nails into Abyssinia in panic fear
that later on we might ourselves be
nailed to a military cross. But this
is rather beside the point at the
moment, which is the changing atti-
tude of our enfranchised heritage of
free democracy.

What is apparent in this country
the home of Western democracy, is
that the influence of leadership
weakens whilst the weight of popu-
lar sentiment gathers momentum.
The old so-called "governing
classes," equally divided between
the instinct to conserve and the
ambition to progress, have practically
disappeared. They no longer exer-
cise the old controlling decision in
the shaping of democratic policies.

In fact, the episode of the rejected
peace terms might not unfairly be
described as a surrender to mob rule.
In this instance the mob was very
likely right in its emotional reactions,
but it was demonstrably futile in its
logic. We had no right to turn down
any peace proposals unless we were
really prepared to do something
more to help Abyssinia than express
our deep moral sympathy and pas-
sionate but ineffectual resolutions.

The real issue was that of peace
or war. We had either to fight the
European aggressors in East Africa,
or do our utmost to secure for a de-
luded Abyssinia better terms than
now appear likely to be offered to
those unfortunate people. We were
morally criminal if we made them
a pawn in the struggle for inter-
national disarmament, which is very
much what we are doing.

German Efficiency

Macaulay's gibe at the Puritans,
who put down bear-baiting not be-
cause it gave pain to the bear, but

because it caused pleasure to the
spectators, comes oppositely to mind.
Was the moral indignation that re-
jected those peace proposals really
inspired by horror of the pain they
might inflict on the Abyssinians, or
by a fear that their acceptance might
weaken the bulwark, against a
future emergency in which we our-
selves might be involved?

I leave the League of Nations
Union emotionalists to answer that
question.

The important question is how
far dictatorships open challenge to
free democracy can be successfully
countered by a leadership that chops
and changes in the currents of popu-
lar agitation. If the control and
direction of the democracies is less
efficient than that of the dictator-
ships, the answer must be tragically
certain.

Efficiency will be the final test
in this struggle. And only an ostrich
could pretend, by assuming a gro-
tesque attitude, that at present the
democratic States are displaying the
more genuine efficiency in grappling
with the special problems of the
epoch.

Even observers who hate and de-
test the tyranny and the outlook of
Nazi Germany are forced to admit
that the Germans are showing far
better results in dealing with their
unemployed youth than we are.

Young Germany, whilst our youth
being drilled in pure academic
pacifism, is being trained to healthy
open-air life and taught supreme
patriotism.

How is this going to affect things
in the future? And when it comes to a practical
test of the two systems?

On the one hand we have young
Oxford, by no means chanting a solo
theme, assuring us it will not fight in
any circumstances whatever, and
neither for King nor country. On
the other we see a virile young Ger-
many, exulting in its health and
strength, and dedicated to the de-
fence, and even the aggrandisement,
of the newly-modelled German Em-
pire. There may be two opinions as
to the better of these two contrasting
attitudes in human ethics, but there
can be only one as to the result if
ever the two come to the test of
(Continued on Page 4.)

Four Hongkong Artists

THEY CATCH THE BEAUTY OF OUR COLONY

By E. M. BARRETT

DURING the last three months an opportunity has been given to the Hongkong public to see the work of several young Chinese artists who are working here in Hongkong.

But for the encouragement and help given by the Working Artists' Guild it is possible that none of these exhibitions would have been held, and it is certain also that the genuine and very kindly interest taken by H.E. the Governor has helped enormously in making them a success.

Several one-man shows have been held, and though the attendance has not been very large at any of them, those who did visit them were astonished at the quality and charm of the exhibits, and those among the visitors who had any claim to be themselves artists were, I believe, humbled to think that they had been unaware that such excellent work was being done here in Hongkong and still more that two at least of the exhibitors are entirely self-taught and three of them without the means which would enable them to give anything beyond their spare time to their art.

And yet one wonders: If Luis Chan for instance had been able to give all his time to painting would he have done so well?

There is a certain fierceness and defiance in his work which lends a glamour to everything that he produces. Here is a man who will paint, whatever the conditions of his life. Whatever hardship it may entail he will find the time and the money to put paint on canvas. He paints like a knight going into battle. He does not, one feels, love painting, but he loves to live.

You would not say of Luis Chan that he painted over his canvas like a lover but that he used his brush or his palette knife like a rapier or a broadsword; cut, thrust and slash, carving out the beauty and colour that he will, despite all odds, cut for himself from life.

If a good fairy lifted Luis Chan's pockets so that he could go to Europe to study, what would happen?

Impossible to say. He might achieve greatness or in discovering that thinking he had nearly reached the mountain top he was in reality still climbing the lower slopes, he might fall into despair and go no further. But I believe that he would make good. Because I believe that every canvas he paints is a battlefield. Disillusionment regarding his own genius would, if it came, be just one more of the forces which he has been fighting all his life in the service of his art. It is not hardship that, if one is an admirer of his art, one must fear for Luis Chan but too much praise which may weaken the fierceness of his attack. Nearly everything that he does is vivid and arresting. Much of it is poor, some of it astonishingly good. He draws with vigour and assurance, colours boldly and attacks any subject which interests him without consideration of its technical difficulties.

"Luis Chan" purchased now may possibly be an investment that will bring in a good return. It will certainly be a picture to which you will turn your eyes again.

And in contrast there was an exhibition of water colours by Mr. Lee Byng. There is strength and vitality too in Mr. Lee Byng's work, but it is expressed in a very different way.

Each brush stroke has been made with deliberation and restraint. Mr. Lee Byng suggests what Mr. Luis Chan proclaims, and because there is not a stroke which has not been considered, and which falls to express what he had in his mind, his suggestion carries weight.

I once heard someone say: "I don't like poetry, it makes me feel sick. I don't mean Kipling or Macaulay of course, they are different." There are people who might make the same distinction between the work of Luis Chan and Lee Byng, but there are few, I believe, who could fail to be moved by the charm of the latter's delicate water colours, the pictures of spars and sails appearing out of the mist, of clouds heavy with rain, and of pale sunshine filtering down upon the water.

Would the purchase of one of Lee Byng's water colours be an investment? I do not know, but I am sure that unless you are one of the people whom poetry makes feel sick you will have one hanging on your wall as a lasting and increasing pleasure.

These two young artists, the one ardent, defiant and self-taught, making experiments in every medium; the other thoughtful and restrained, painting with delicate and his flower studies with delicate and loving care, and having as a foundation a training at the Ontario College of Art where he made no small success, have both of them their feet set on the road to success. Which will get there first or which will go the furthest it is impossible to say.

Both of them are working in the time that they can spare from the daily task of earning a living, both



LUIS CHAN

JAPANESE GIRLS VOTE AGAINST LOVE!

Tokyo, Nov. 24.

A stout and gentle man of modest income is the heart's desire of the composite Japanese bride, as judged from the responses to a questionnaire here. And she is willing to live with her husband's parents, bear him three children and be content with three movies a month.

Schools at which Japanese girls are taught how to deport themselves as wives. The instruction goes into such things as house-keeping, cooking, sewing and the intimate matters of personal relationship.

DIVIDED ON INFIDELITY

The answers to the questionnaire revealed the girls at a "brides' school" here were equally divided on the question of what to do if the husband continued to associate with other women after marriage.

Most of the girls would try to reform him, but if that failed, half of them would tolerate the husband's infidelities while the other half would leave him.

A large majority of the girls wanted their marriages arranged through go-betweens and did not care to be wooed. A minority voted for love matches.

PREFER CITY LIFE

A majority preferred stout men, men who liked sports, men on definite salaries, a home with the husband's parents, life in the city instead of the country. A few spoke up for virile men, or men who liked music.

REFUSED TO RUN ARMS, LOST JOBS

—SEAMEN'S CHARGE

British seamen are being dismissed from British ships for refusing to work in vessels carrying arms from foreign ports to Spain, according to evidence collected by the National Union of Seamen.

Mr. W. R. Spence, general secretary of the union, made startling revelations from evidence in his possession.

He quoted the allegations of 25 seamen who had landed at South Shields a few days ago, having been sent back from Danzig. They had gone there in a ship carrying a general cargo.

After unloading they were ordered to load a cargo of munitions for Spain.

Without inquiring whether the arms were for the Government or the rebels, the crew decided not to work.

They were immediately "paid off" and given their fares home. Officers and engineers decided to remain with the ship, and it is stated that a foreign crew was signed on.

Union officials have collected a mass of other evidence, and Mr. Spence hopes to have his case ready this week-end, when it will be handed to an M.P. who will raise the matter in the House.

The Government will be asked whether British seamen should be penalised because, in a foreign port, they remained loyal to declared British policy and refused to handle arms for either side in Spain.

are deserving of help and encouragement, and both, in return, are giving in their paintings something for which we should be grateful; pictures which are not only pleasing in themselves but which, because they are painted here in Hongkong, can teach us to see beauty in very many places where, perhaps, we had never looked to find it.

(To be Continued.)

EARTH'S CRUST IS COOLING

FROM THE INSIDE OUT
SCIENTIST EXPLAINS

Washington, Dec. 1.

The earth's crust actually may have started cooling from the inside out instead of from the surface inward, according to a theory explained by Dr. L. H. Adams, physical chemist of the Carnegie Institution.

This theory upsets the popularly held belief that the earth was once a molten ball, that it gradually cooled from the outside downward and that millions of years in the future it will be "cold."

In a talk on "The earth's interior: its nature and composition," Dr. Adams indicated that originally the earth was a well mixed molten mass. Gradually, he explained, the iron began to fall away from the silicate layer which then began to crystallize at the bottom.

If this conclusion is true, then the earth was solid some hundreds of miles below the surface long before it was crystallized at the top.

"One of the most cogent reasons for believing that the earth is crystalline is that in no other way can we easily account for the fact that the crust differs so markedly from the interior," Dr. Adams reported.

"Granting that the earth was once molten and well-stirred, we apparently must admit that the separation into zones on so large a scale took place either by the falling of a heavy insoluble liquid to the bottom (thus producing the iron core) or by the resumption of a process of crystallization, this resumption becoming the crust."

2,000 MILLION YEARS

Dr. Adams estimated that the initial solidification took place some 2,000,000,000 years ago. His prediction was based on the finding of minerals which had progressed at least 1,500,000,000 years along the shift schedule from radium to lead.

The chemist said that the temperatures found below 200 miles from the earth's surface probably were nearly the same as those found there originally. He believes that "the greater part of the earth is now as hot as it was when solidification first took place."

At the centre of the earth is the core. The scientist concluded that it had a diameter somewhat more than half that of the earth, consisted of a very heavy substance, probably metallic iron or nickel iron and was plastic rather than rigid.

Because it is non-magnetic, this molten metal has no appreciable influence on the earth's magnetism, Dr. Adams explained.

The centre of the core has a pressure of more than 47,000,000 pounds to the square inch, the least estimated. While the temperature estimates show some differences of opinion, Dr. Adams said that many scientists placed the temperature of the earth's core as high as 5,000 degrees.

DAY BY DAY NEWS IN BRIEF

BE BUT SELF-POSSESSED—THAT IS THE ONLY ART OF LIFE.—Goethe.

Liu Kwai, aged 50, a widow, was fined \$5, or seven days' imprisonment, for the possession of 49 cutlery for ten days by Mr. J. A. Fraser at the Central Magistracy this morning.

Chau Wah, 45, earth-carrying coolie, charged with another not in custody, with armed robbery of Mr. and Mrs. Pencock at Ngan Shiu Wan, again appeared before the magistrate at Kowloon this morning, and was again remanded in custody.

An 80-year-old widow, Chan Sze, failed to appear before Mr. K. Keen at the Central Magistracy this morning on a charge of having begged at Queen's Road Central yesterday. Her bail of \$4.30 was forfeited.

For having in his possession a quantity of dutiable tobacco, Lan Choi-sang, 27, unemployed, was ordered to pay fine of \$5 or go to gaol for ten days by Mr. K. Keen at the Central Magistracy this morning.

Another man, Kwai Lee, was sentenced to a fine of \$15, or one month's hard labour, for a similar offence.

Appearing on remand before Mr. K. Keen at the Central Magistracy this morning, Cheung Kwai, 30, unemployed, was sentenced to four months' hard labour for having snatched a handbag from a Chinese woman in Connaught Road Central near Rumsey Street on Monday.

Defendant was remanded for 24 hours yesterday to see if he was fit for birching. He is not.

The following forthcoming weddings are announced: Lieut. Ronald Harrison Senior, R.N.S. Medway, and Miss Peggy Isobel Murray, of 7 Humphreys Buildings; Dr. Yeung Saw-che, of Tsan Yuk Hospital, and Dr. Cissy Wong, of St. Jude's Farm, Hammer Hill, Ngau Chi Wan, Kowloon.

Yu Kam, 22-year-old unemployed, who was charged with assaulting Ng Lap, aged 30, a watchman, with a small knife at the Tai Hing Wharf, they were bound in the sum of \$25 to be of good behaviour for six months when he appeared on remand before Mr. J. A. Fraser at the Central Magistracy this morning.

Defendant was alleged to have struck the watchman when ordered to move away from the wharf. The wound was not serious.

The wedding took place at the Registry this morning of Mr. Soo Chong-yaw, Manager of the Kwong Cheong Wah, general exporters, and Miss Chiu Yuk-tong, Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith, Registrar of Marriages, officiated and the witnesses were Messrs. Chiu Tsun-ki, and Chiu Yung-sung.

A misunderstanding between brothers led to Chung Yan-chi, clerk, of the Standard Oil Company, summoning his brother Chung Pui, odd job cooler, for the theft of a bicycle at Kowloon. It was noted that another clerk saw the defendant riding off and pursued him. The complainant agreed that he had often lent the bicycle to his brother and the magistrate dismissed defendant with an admonition not to borrow in future without permission.

An application was made before Mr. J. A. Fraser at the Central Magistracy this morning by Detective-Sergeant C. Downman for the confiscation of a revolver and four rounds of ammunition. Sergeant Downman said that Dr. Li Sung, residing at No. 2 Wing Lok Street, Happy Valley, reported to the police last Sunday that he had found the revolver and ammunition among a box of toys belonging to his children. He could not account for it being there, and did not claim it. The application was granted.

A 19-year-old painter, Li Chi, was brought before Mr. J. A. Fraser at the Central Magistracy this morning, charged with damaging the public footpath at Wong Nei Chung Road yesterday. Det.-Sgt. H. N. Moran said he saw defendant digging up the footpath with a trowel, and then throw the sand into a bucket he hid with him. Defendant said he wanted the sand to mend a brick in a stone wall. He was remanded for 24 hours in police custody. Mr. T. Bolt, of the Public Works Department, was present in Court.

Sentence of six weeks' hard labour was imposed on Kwong Wing, aged 30, unemployed, when he appeared before Mr. J. A. Fraser at the Central Magistracy this morning, charged with the theft of three iron boilers from No. 111 Belcher Street, second floor, Inspector M. H. Hourihan said the complainant, Fung Chi-lap, a student, was taking a prospective tenant to see the flat, which was vacant, and saw the door open. Defendant was found in the house, and had the three iron boilers wrapped up in a cloth.

RADIO BROADCAST

Violoncello Recital By Susan Jones
A VOCAL RECITAL

Radio Programme Broadcast by Z. B. W. on a wavelength of 355 metres (845 k.c.s.), 31.49 metres (9.52 megacycles).

4-7 p.m. Chinese Programme.
7 p.m. Hawaiian Melodies.
Mauna Loa... Kanul and Lulu; Samson Love Song... Andy Iona and His Islanders; Lei Gardenia; Song of the Islands. Royal Hawaiian Band; On the Dreamy Moana Shore; Tropical Hulas... South Sea Islanders.

7-10 p.m. Three Songs by the Boswell Sisters.
Why don't you practice what you preach; I met my Waterloo; Lullaby of Broadway.

7-10 p.m. Closing Local Stock Quotations and Hongkong Exchange Market Report.

7-10 p.m. Alfredo Campoli and His Concert Orchestra.
Wedding Dance Waltz (Lincke); Magyar Melodies (Vilmos, arr. Piercy); Cava Mia (Sievier and Prisker); Old Bohemian Town (Ascher and Kennedy); Your heart called mine (Edgar-Lewinski-Hinyon); Vienna in Springtime (Leon-Dominic Pelosi); Obstinat (Fontenailles, arr. Crook); Tango Habanera (Payan, arr. Hartley).

8 p.m. Time Weather and Announcements.

8-10 p.m. From the Studio. A Recital by Albert A. Barton (Baritone) and Violet McGowan (Soprano).

Soprano Solos—"The Mikado"—Yum Yum (Gilbert and Sullivan); "Patience"—Patience (Gilbert and Sullivan); Baritone Solos—"She is far from the land" (Frank Lambert); "Rings" (Easthope Martin); Soprano Solos—"On Erisley Love Lift" (Kennedy-Fraser); Silent Noon (Vaughan Williams); Rise up and reach the stars (Eric Coates); Baritone Solos—"Tosses of Peardy" (Haydn Wood); Somewhere a voice is calling (Arthur F. Tate).

8-10 p.m. Two Strauss Waltzes. Duetters: When the lemons bloom... Johann Strauss and Symphony Orchestra.

8-10 p.m. From the Studio. A Violoncello Recital by Susan Jones, A.R.C.M.

De Haughe Mel Contredances—Old Dutch Folk Tunes and Dances (arr. Julius Tongen); Andalusia (Granados); Requiebro (Gaspar Cassado).

9 p.m. London News and Announcements.

9-10 p.m. Variety Items.
Vocal—Sing Gipsy Sing... Arona Winn; Saxophone Solo—Schon Rosmarin... Marcel Mule; Accordion Solo—Czardas... Giletto Castoncelli; Vocal—A Broken Rosary... James Melton (Tenor); Instrumental—Wedding Chimes... The Brothers Bertini; Vocal—When did you leave heaven?... Francis Langford; Instrumental—La Javi du Ratuk... Prof. Giuseppe Gargano (Mandolin).

9-10 p.m. From the Studio. A Pianoforte Recital by Lillian Quinn.

Fantasia Impromptu (Chopin); Valse (Mitscha-Levitzki); Juba (Nathanial Dett); The two larks (Lechetsky).

10 p.m. London Big Ben. Dance Music.

11 p.m. Close Down.

DAVENTRY PROGRAMMES

The following wavelength and frequencies are observed by Daventry:

Sign Frequency Wavelength
GSA 4,250 k.c. 49.2 metres
GSA 4,210 k.c. 50.1 metres
GSC 9,385 k.c. 31.9 metres
GSD 11,750 k.c. 25.5 metres
GSE 11,865 k.c. 25.2 metres
GSF 15,140 k.c. 19.8 metres
GSG 17,750 k.c. 16.9 metres
GSH 21,670 k.c. 13.8 metres
GSI 25,240 k.c. 11.9 metres
GSJ 29,160 k.c. 10.3 metres
GSL 33,110 k.c. 9.0 metres

Transmission 1
(G.S.B., G.S.O.)
4.30 p.m. Big Ben, Oxford v. Cambridge.
4.35 p.m. Chamber Music.
4.40 p.m. "Imperial Affairs".
4.45 p.m. "Empire Magazine", No. 17.
4.50 p.m. The News and Announcements.
Greenwich Time Signal at 4.55 p.m.

Transmission 2
(G.S.F., G.S.O., G.S.H.)
7 p.m. Big Ben. Quentin Maclean, at the Organ of the Truro Cathedral. Elephant and Castle, London.

7.15 p.m. "Imperial Affairs".
7.20 p.m. Victor and his Orchestra.
7.25 p.m. "Straight Crooks".
7.30 p.m. Henry Hall's Music-Makers.
7.35 p.m. The News and Announcements.
Greenwich Time Signal at 7.40 p.m.

7.40 p.m. Songs and Dialect Stories of the West.
Transmission 3
(G.S.B., G.S.F., G.S.H.)
10 p.m. Big Ben. The B.B.C. Welsh Orchestra.

11 p.m. "The Palace of the King".
11.15 p.m. "A Thieves' Kitchen".
11.20 p.m. Oxford v. Cambridge.
11.25 p.m. Old-fashioned Dances.
11.30 a.m. The News and Announcements.
Greenwich Time Signal at 11.35 a.m.
11.35 a.m. Old-fashioned Dances (cont'd).

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CLOSES

11TH. DECEMBER

8.30 a.m.

(Registered letters 5.00 p.m., 10th December)

IMPERIAL AIRWAYS' R.M.A. 'DORADO' WILL LEAVE ON THE 11TH CARRYING XMAS MAIL FOR GREAT BRITAIN, EUROPE, AFRICA, THE NEAR EAST, PALESTINE, IRAQ, AUSTRALIA.

GENEROUS GIFTS TO NATION

£200,000 DONATED TO LEEDS UNIVERSITY

London, Dec. 8.

Two benefactions are announced to-day in the Midlands. Mr. Frank Parkinson, Chairman of Crumpton Park, Ltd., has given £200,000 to Leeds University for new

buildings. Mr. Parkinson, who is an old student of Leeds University, recently instituted a special scholarship fund with a gift of £50,000 for the cause of education in Yorkshire. The new gift of £200,000 will be used to build a central block to provide the main architectural feature of the whole of the university building scheme.

In Birmingham, an offer has been received from the chocolate firm of Cadbury's to provide £20,000 towards an estimated cost of £24,000 for a scheme to provide open spaces in that city.—British Wireless.



Dear Santa,

"—and please don't forget to bring me a pair of nice comfy slippers — I like red."

GORDON'S, of course, have them
(in three colours).



I like 'Mansion'
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ONE of the most pleasing things about 'MANSION' is the quickness with which it gives such a brilliant polish. It has reduced the need of rubbing to a minimum—in a few seconds a hard, lasting brilliancy to floors and furniture is obtained. And as it gives its beautiful finish 'MANSION' leaves a fresh, clean, germ-free surface that means a brighter and healthier home.

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THE KING WITH THE FLEET



THE KING LEAVING THE SUBMARINE NARWHAL.

"G. K. C." Sums Up His Friends

Mr. H. G. Wells A "Permanent Reactionary"

G.B.S. 'GENERALLY WRONG'

Interesting passages in the late G. K. Chesterton's "Autobiography," are those in which he sums up some of the notable men with whom he came in contact. Here are some of his impressions:—

KING GEORGE V

"I only met him once myself, at the house of the late Lord Burnham, where he was shooting. . . . He certainly did strike me as about as genuine a person as I ever met. But he was genuine in a rather unexpected way.

"He was not only honest, but frank, and so free and easy in his likes and dislikes that he might have been called indiscreet. 'G. B. S.' said truly of his public talks that they were indeed the King's English, but the private were also decidedly plain English.

"He was anything but the supreme permanent official many eulogies implied; he was not like some reliable solicitor in whom family secrets are locked up, or some doctor congested with the silence of professional confidences; he was much more like a little sea captain who keeps a certain silence and etiquette on his quarter deck, but plenty of anecdotes, not to say anathemas, in his cabin."

MR. H. G. WELLS

"What I have always liked about Wells is his vigorous and unaffected readiness for a lark . . . but I have always thought that he reacted too swiftly to everything, possibly as a part of the swiftness of his natural genius.

"I have never ceased to admire and sympathise, but I think he has always been too much in a state of reaction. To use the name which would probably annoy him most, I think he is a permanent reactionary."

MR. G. B. SHAW

"My principal experience, from first to last has been in argument with him. . . . I have learned to have a warmer admiration and affection out of all that argument than most people get out of agreement.

"Bernard Shaw . . . is seen at his best when he is antagonistic. I might say that he is seen at his best when he is wrong. I might also add that he is generally wrong. Or rather, everything is wrong about him except himself."

MR. RAMSAY MACDONALD

"When I knew him slightly in my youth, in the days when we were all Socialists, he had the name of being rather a cold and scientific exponent of Socialism; the more expansive and emotional sort of eloquence seems to have developed late in life. . . .

"When he was still counted a revolutionary Labour leader with a red tie I heard Balfour refer to him in Parliament with respectful regret, 'confessing myself an admirer of the Parliamentary style of the hon. gentleman,' and somehow when I heard those words I think I knew that the man with the red tie was destined for a National Ministry. Even then, at least, he looked much more like an aristocrat than most aristocrats do."

SIR J. M. BARRIE

"There is something in his own humorous self-effacement that seems to create round him a silence like his own."



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KING GEORGE V MEMORIAL FUND

A FINAL APPEAL

Christmas is approaching with its numerous calls for generosity, and it seems desirable to close the King George V. Memorial Fund before it becomes one of too many claims on our charity. I therefore propose to close the subscription lists on Saturday, December 19th, and I ask every citizen of Victoria and Kowloon to put to himself the following questions:

(1) Have I fully appreciated the nature of the Memorial, which is that the thank-offerings of those who prospered under the late reign will be devoted to the recreation of poor people in crowded areas; so that Hongkong's monument to King George will not be a lifeless statue of him but a living and permanent realisation of his desire for the health and happiness of his poorest subjects?

(2) Are the ninety thousand dollars that have already been raised the most that Hongkong can do?

(3) If not, can I add to the amount, even though my contribution be small?

(4) Or, having already given, can I give more?

A. CALDECOTT,
GOVERNOR.

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The Belgian post stamps with the profile of Queen Astrid which were sold for the fight against tuberculosis and which became so popular, will be replaced this year by a stamp with a picture of Crown Prince Baudouin.

Where Men Work Day and Night

ENGLAND AS SEEN BY EGYPTIANS

Lively Old Ladies Of 90

Cairo, Dec. 1.
English people are learning some startling facts about their own country from some of the Egyptian journalists who recently visited London for the signing of the Anglo-Egyptian treaty.

English people have to work day and night in order to make a living are given to understand by the Egyptian correspondent. He came to the conclusion that the cost of living in England was three times what it is in Egypt. The English labourer, he noticed, is a spendthrift.

"He may spend all his wages on such things as liquor, tea, and tobacco. Although this habit of extravagance is harmful to the labourer himself, yet it benefits commerce and lessens the effects of the crisis."

The correspondent reached London just when the school terms were opening. "London is now as if it were in continual festivities. Students welcome the return to their school, and they meet each other with joyful exclamations."

In the country, the correspondent noticed that "there are hotels and bars in every village. Beside, one finds in the English villages all sorts of recreations. They have cinemas and theatres, gardens and sports grounds and bank branches. Indeed, I found a bank branch in a village that consists of seven houses only."

KIDNAPPING SONGS

The most important preoccupation of the London police last September was "the discovery of the kidnapping gangs which kidnap not only boys and girls, but men too, and only agree to free them after their relatives have paid certain sums of money. Before the ingenuity of these kidnapping gangs, the London police stands helpless."

The Forces is also occupied with tracing the aliens who migrate into London and mix with the inhabitants. According to English law, anyone who lives in England for a period of five years becomes entitled to the English nationality. Many Egyptians, having resided longer in London, have been offered the English nationality, but they refused to accept this status despite its many privileges.

MARRIED WOMEN LIKE GIRLS

The Englishwoman in particular made a striking effect on the correspondent.

"Many Englishwomen appear as if they were still girls even those who have married and have children. The fact is that the Englishwoman takes a lively interest in her health, to such an extent that many live in good health up to their eighties and nineties. I have seen many of the latter in parks. I listened to their conversation, admired their apt remarks, and marvelled at their good memories."

"In the middle and upper classes, they are the ideal of simplicity. They direct the home and family affairs. They teach their children and supervise the course of their education. Poor or rich, the Englishwoman is cultured."

"In her clothes, however, the Englishwoman is a spendthrift. A rich woman may buy an overcoat for 100, 150, or even 200 pounds. A society woman or the wife of a well known personality may go to any shop and buy what she likes, sometimes for thousands of pounds, and none will ask her for the money. The goods will be delivered safely at home and the bill sent later to the husband. This custom has caused many disputes."

The writer concludes feelingly: "A visitor to London needs to squander much money in backshishes (tips) in order to be called a cultured gentleman."

Kingfisher's Birthday As Holiday

Chicago Votes To Turn Back Clocks

Chicago, Nov. 30.
Chicago's millions may turn their clocks back one hour. North Dakotans may get their first legal liquor, and Aug. 30—Ilcey Long's birthday—will be a legal holiday in Louisiana next year, as a result of three of the many referenda in the general elections.

Proposals varying from use of slot machines in Florida to issuance of \$33,000,000 worth of power bonds in Washington were accepted and rejected.

Florida voters barred slot machines in 37 of their 65 counties, but authorized them in at least two. Floridians also voted for statepaid old age pensions.

Washington's power bond proposal was rejected, along with a \$15,000,000 flood control bonds issue, and an authorization of a state income tax.

Chicago, which became an island of eastern standard time in the middle west last spring, may return to its former system because a popular vote approved central time for seven months and "daylight saving" time for the summer.

North Dakota, dry since statehood although surrounded by wet states, voted to permit legal sale of liquor. Texas and Oklahoma defeated proposals to give their state governments a monopoly on liquor sales.

Besides establishing the late Senator Long's birthday as a legal holiday, the Louisiana political machine boasted of having put through 33 other constitutional amendments permitting legislators to increase their own salaries or take the jobs they create, permitting Louisiana citizens to register by mail from other states, authorizing the governor to make laws effective as soon as they are passed, and approving state-federal co-operation under Social Security laws.

California voters decided not to repeal the state income tax law, not to tax oleomargarine, not to tax chain stores, not to grant local option in liquor sales.

New York City voted to install proportional representation giving minor parties a share in the city government, and to inaugurate a new city charter tightening administration machinery and eliminating many political prizes.

The city of Detroit refused to abandon its commission form of government for a ward council.

AIR INFANTRY FOR FRANCE PARACHUTE CORPS

Paris, Dec. 1.
France is to follow the example of Russia and form a parachute corps. M. Cot, the Air Minister, who is responsible for its formation, is a great admirer of the Soviet Air Force, which he recently inspected.

The communiqué issued by the Air Ministry states that "the general programme of reorganising the air force comprises the creation of air infantry units."

"These new units," the communiqué continues, "will comprise two groups of officers who, in the event of war, will be able to surprise the enemy by rear attack. They will be stationed respectively at Rheims and Algiers."

"The groups will comprise a company of riflemen and a transport squadron able to assure the disembarkation of the infantry either by parachute or by landing."

The communiqué concludes, "In agreement with the Ministers of Defence, War and Marine, the Air Minister proposes, besides, to provide our air force in the immediate future with certain indispensable auxiliary services."

REFUSED TO MAKE MUSTARD GAS PROFESSOR'S STORY.

Prof. William Cramp, Professor of Electrical Engineering at Birmingham University, related to members of the technical group of the Forum Club at dinner in honour of the British Association at Grosvenor place, S.W., recently, how he refused during the war to assist in the manufacture of mustard gas.

At the time, he said, he was working on the manufacture of dyes. "I was approached to put in plant for the making of mustard gas," he added. "I said 'No. I will have nothing to do with it.'"

Goering Collects Toothpaste Tubes

Berlin, Nov. 30.
Collection boxes for silver paper and old toothpaste tubes are being put up in public places all over Berlin.

This is just one detail of General Goering's drive to allow nothing to go to waste and to make Germany independent of foreign imports in four years' time.

MADDENING THOUGHTS

New York, November 25.
An expert's report to the New York Psychiatric Institute declares that—
Bachelors are three times as likely as married men to become insane.
Single women are twice as likely as wives to lose their reason.



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OPENING SATURDAY 12TH DEC.

THRILLING OXFORD-CAMBRIDGE RUGGER MATCH

Clubhouse Chatter

By "Veritas"

Navy Losing Several Fine Footballers Next Week

SHANGHAI PRESS BEGINS TO NOMINATE INTERPORT SOCCER TEAMS

NAVY football supporters go into mourning next week. When H.M.S. Bruce steams out of the harbour on Tuesday, December 15, she will carry with her no less than six first division footballers; and they are going home. From the Navy soccer ranks will be missing Baxter, versatile winger who is just as much at home on the left as on the right, Bowers, clever, intelligent and debonair centre-half, Cannell, foraging, goal-scoring centre-forward, Gardner, hard-working left half, Hills, resolute right back, Wearmouth, former first team inside forward. Wratten and Shaw, two second division stalwarts. The departure of these players is an awful blow to the Navy, who had the makings of a first-rate outfit. I am told that at the moment Navy aren't quite certain how they are going to fill these vacancies.

Tamar On Top

THOUGH little is heard of it, one of the most flourishing and interesting football competitions in Hongkong is the China Fleet League, which is divided into two sections, the respective leaders of which play off divisional final for the championship. H.M.S. Tamar, always prominent in this league, is to-day heading the Small Ships section, having played and won six matches. On Thursday they play their last game, against the Dolphin, but whatever the result they are practically assured of competing in the divisional final. On Monday H.M.S. Bruce beat H.M.S. Sandwich in this competition, winning by three nil. Cannell (2) and Shaw netted the goals, the Bruce leading by one-nil at half time.

Interport Aho!

SHANGHAI press scribbles are losing no time in getting down to Interport football issues, and already C. W. Tombs, in collaboration with his Shanghai Times colleagues has suggested a team worthy to represent Shanghai against the Colony next February. There is a hint that this initial effort is not to be taken too seriously, but that it is more in the nature of an attempt to beat the Shanghai Football Association in a little game of "first to nominate the Interport team." Explains Mr. Tombs in a comment preceding the announcement of his team: "This winter, I understand, the Association is going to make some attempt to beat the Press gangs which usually start booming morosely about two weeks before the match, and an announcement about the much more expected from the S.F.A. at an early date." After which Mr. Tombs and his confederates set about beating the Association to it.

Suggested Teams

ALTHOUGH I say it is shouldn't, Hongkong is, of course, in no different to newspaper nominations of Interport teams, so that I here-with quote the proposed team, together with reserves, suggested by the Shanghai Times. The majority of the players are well known to Colony followers of the game and include at least players who have played here before in Interport. Here is the team:—Y. Z. Chang (Tung Hwa); L. Marcal (A.S.F.) and N. Lee (Tung Hwa); Remedios (S.R.C.), Symons (S.R.C.) and P. Bell (A.S.F.); Alderger (S.R.C.), S. Greenberg (S.R.C.), Robsonoff (A.S.F.), Sun Kan-shun (Tung Hwa) and Jimmy Ward (A.S.F.). The suggested reserve side is:—Bolsazon (A.S.F.); H. Madar (S.R.C.); Neubourg (S.R.C.); Collett (A.S.F.); Bulleath (S.F.K.); Cochran (S.R.C.); Taylor (Loyals); Sharples (Loyals); Collico (Loyals); Bossuet (S.F.F.); Van (Tung Hwa).

No Need To Panic

PRESUMING that Shanghai finally selects a team from these 22 players, Hongkong can regard the prospect without getting into a panic. It seems fair to believe that anything will be done to half a dozen of the players who visited Hongkong in 1935 will be here again next February. And we won't that 1935 match by seven goals to one! My own feeling is, even at this early stage, that no matter whom Shanghai sends down, Hongkong can turn out a team



Bossuet, who has played previously in a football Interport in Hongkong, is nominated as a likely member of Shanghai's team for this season.

good enough to win. But if the Shanghai press is prepared to devote space at this time to Interports prospects, it shows that up North they are pretty keen on doing something big this next time. Keenness, however, is one thing, and intelligent application of that enthusiasm is another. The real test of the Shanghai selectors will be this winter point. It has been demonstrated time and again that it is not sufficient merely to stage a succession of Interport trials, which finally have practically no bearing on the ultimate selection of the team. Furthermore it would seem expedient for Shanghai to try and avoid at all costs a repetition of the experiences of 1935, when they chose a team before ascertaining whether all the players could make the trip. The upshot was that three of the selected had to cry off at the last minute.

Hongkong Starts

"INTERPORT" was also an item on the F.A. Council agenda on Monday, when, after hearing a letter

from Shanghai accepting the invitation to send a team down next February, the Council proceeded to elect a sub-committee to make all arrangements. When asked who their powers would be, Major Munners replied that they were complete. The task of the sub-committee would be to select a team, make all arrangements for the accommodation and entertaining of the Shanghai team, arrange proper transport, fix the grounds on which the various matches are to be played; in short to look after everything pertaining to the Interport. The sub-committee will have the right to co-opt anybody they may desire, including the grounds sub-committee. Those following were elected to constitute the Interport committee:—Messrs. W. Pryde, Wong Sik-ko, G. H. Warren, C.M.S. Alves, J. McKelvie, W. E. Hollands and Captain G.W.P. Kham, with, of course, the President, Chairman and hon. secretary as ex-officio members.

SYDNEY BARRACKER LOSES HIS VOICE

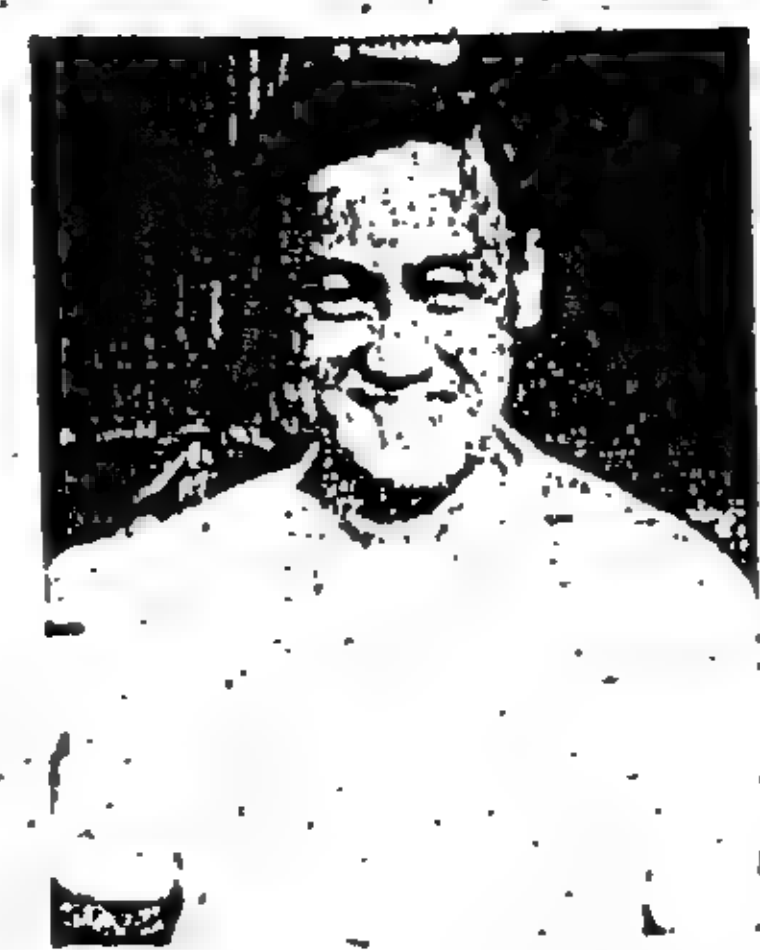
"Tragedy" On The Hill

Sydney. The M.C.C. team fielded practically all day here against New South Wales, but on the famous "hill" were kind.

The champion barracker lost his voice, and this was a minor tragedy. This voice has been heard for years, and it is doubtful if Larwood or Tate will ever forget it.

After nicknaming Copson "Blucy" and warning Fishlock to throw in straight and save Ames' lambing, muffled tones said, "It's terrible; I've waited years for this tour. Now it's Friday the 13th, and my voice has gone."

"Decent chaps, these Englishmen; wouldn't offend them for worlds," the voice added.



Suen Kam-shun, former Colony footballer, who is suggested as a probable member of the Shanghai Interport team to play here next February.

ENGLISH WOMEN'S HOCKEY "TITLE"

Undefeated Record In Unofficial World League Series

London. England retained her unbeaten record in the women's international hockey tournament at Philadelphia, defeating Australia in the last match by 6-3.

England thus, unofficially, won the tournament with 12 points, her nearest rival being the United States with four victories; South Africa, Scotland and Australia each won three matches.

South Africa and Scotland were each a point ahead of Australia by virtue of drawing one of their matches.

Wales went through the tournament without a win, but managed to achieve a 1-1 draw with South Africa.

Miss Dickinson, England's chief scorer, registered 24 goals during the tournament, her record being 0, 1, 7, 7, 3. The only match in which she failed to score was in the first when England beat South Africa by two goals to one.

The final unofficial placings were as follows:—

	P	W	L	D	F	A	Pts
England	6	0	0	0	41	9	12
U.S.A.	6	4	2	0	27	15	8
S. Africa	6	3	2	1	23	14	7
Scotland	6	3	2	1	18	14	7
Australia	6	3	3	0	27	30	6
Ireland	6	2	3	1	17	24	5
Electoras	6	1	5	0	4	34	2
Wales	6	0	5	1	8	26	1

—Reuter.

BLACKPOOL-SWANSEA ARGUMENT

Question Of Law Concerning A Free Kick

London, Nov. 10. A position which may affect the Second Division promotion or relegation issues has arisen over the Blackpool-Swansea match at Blackpool on October 31. The facts as reported were as follows:—

A free kick for an offence from which a goal cannot be scored direct was awarded to Blackpool in the penalty area and less than ten yards from goal. At free kicks, opponents may not stand within ten yards of the ball "unless they are standing on their own goal line between the goal posts."

Swansea say their players desired to cover their goal by standing on the goal line, but the referee refused to allow them to do so. The free kick was taken with only the goal-keeper in front of the ball. Hampson of Blackpool, touched the ball sideways to Hill, who passed it forward, and Hampson drove it in the net.

This was the winning goal, and it arrived thirteen minutes from the end. Blackpool won 3-2. A protest may now be lodged by Swansea because a referee's decision to cover their goal by standing on the goal line, but the referee refused to allow them to do so. The free kick was taken with only the goal-keeper in front of the ball. Hampson of Blackpool, touched the ball sideways to Hill, who passed it forward, and Hampson drove it in the net.

Mr. Brown told the Evening Dispatch that he did not know whether or not the match would be cancelled. "It is a great tragedy," he added. "Doug Lowe was an exceptionally fine fellow and he will be greatly missed."

Mr. Brown said he did not know whether or not Mr. Lowe's sudden death was due to an injury on the Rugby field.

HOCKEY MATCH CANCELLED

Club Unable To Raise Team

It was announced this morning that the hockey match which should have been played at 4.30 p.m. to-day between the Hongkong Hockey Club and the Navy has been cancelled. Four of the Club forwards cannot turn out, while Rodger, full back, is on the sick list.

BRILLIANT PLAY UNDER DIFFICULT CONDITIONS

"DOUG" LOWE DEAD

Popular Captain Of Heriot's Rugby TO HAVE MARRIED IN JANUARY

Edinburgh, Nov. 7. A well-known Edinburgh Rugby Internationalist, J. D. Lowe, who captained Heriot's F. F. Rugby team, died of blood poisoning in an Edinburgh nursing home this morning.

Mr. Lowe, who was about 29 years of age, was in perfect health up to last Sunday, when he complained of a slight pain in his arm.

Up to Wednesday his illness was not regarded as a serious one, but by Wednesday evening his condition grew gradually worse, and on the advice of a Professor he was removed to a nursing home in Edinburgh.

His parents were sent for yesterday afternoon, and when it appeared that he was a little better they went home. He had a relapse about six o'clock this morning, and died an hour afterwards.

Both Mr. Lowe and his brother, A. G. R. Lowe, played for Heriot's (F.F.) against Glasgow High School at Goldenacre last Saturday. A. G. R. was to have travelled to Dublin, but did not do so owing to the grave turn his brother's illness took towards the end of the week.

Mr. Lowe was the son of Provost David Lowe and Mrs. Lowe, Musselburgh. He was educated at Musselburgh Grammar School and then George Heriot's, where he learned his Rugby. He played for Scotland against Wales as a forward in season 1933-34, and he turned out for the Edinburgh side in the Inter-City matches of 1933 and 1934, besides playing for the City against New Zealand last season.

He fulfilled the important role of Town Champion at the historic festival of the Ridding of Marches at Musselburgh in the summer.

Parings the most tragic circumstance of Mr. Lowe's death, is the fact that he was to have been married to Miss Catherine Kennedy, of Edinburgh, in January. He was to have taken over a farm in the business of David Lowe & Sons (Ld.), market gardeners, of which he along with his father and other brothers, was a director.

He was a past president of Portobello Lawn Tennis Club.

A curious coincidence about Mr. Lowe's death is that a younger brother, Robert, aged nine, died on November 7, 1918.

"A GREAT TRAGEDY"

The news of Mr. Lowe's death has been received with profound regret in Heriot circles.

When Mr. H. Brown, the treasurer of the Heriot (F.F.) Rugby Club, heard the news he consulted Mr. D. S. Kerr, the president, and it was agreed to send a wire to the team which is due to play against Lansdowne at Dublin this afternoon.

The telegram, which was addressed to Mr. D. M. Clark, secretary, who is travelling with the team, said:—"Doug, Lowe died this morning."

Mr. Brown told the Evening Dispatch that he did not know whether or not the match would be cancelled. "It is a great tragedy," he added. "Doug Lowe was an exceptionally fine fellow and he will be greatly missed."

Mr. Brown said he did not know whether or not Mr. Lowe's sudden death was due to an injury on the Rugby field.

BEST CREW FOR ENDEAVOUR II.

Mr. Sopwith's Choice

Portsmouth. The pick of the crews of British J-class cutters will probably be available for Mr. T. O. M. Sopwith when he chooses those who will sail his Endeavour II, the challenger in the America's Cup races in July.

As reported in The Daily Telegraph his former yacht, Endeavour I, now owned by Mr. H. A. Andrews, will act as a trial horse for Endeavour II, during the final trials in United States waters.

Mr. Andrews has lent Endeavour I to Mr. P. Hill and Mr. F. Sigrist, members of the Royal Thames Yacht Club. Mr. Sopwith, himself is concerned in a syndicate which will bear the whole expense of fitting out the yacht and sailing her to America.

Of Britain's J-class cutters, Britannia has gone, Shamrock V, and Candida have been in the sale list for some time, and in the circumstances it is almost certain that Mr. W. L. Stephenson's Velsheda and Mr. H. H. Paul's Astra will not be fitted out.

Mr. Sopwith, therefore, is expected to have a wide choice for his crew for Endeavour II. Mr. Paul has already offered the services of his skipper, Capt. Edward Heard, to sail Endeavour II.

Oxford Did Most Of The Attacking

WONDERFUL KICKING BY FREAKES

London, Dec. 8.

A crowd of 25,000 which invaded Twickenham to-day watched one of the most thrilling Oxford v. Cambridge inter-Varsity rugby matches in the history of these encounters.

Cambridge won a grand game by six points to five. It was the 61st encounter between the Universities, and this was Cambridge's 23rd victory. Oxford have won 27 times and there have been eleven drawn matches.

Rain and a heavy ground appeared to be all in favour of Oxford, especially when they attacked hotly from the start, displaying fine control over a greasy ball.

Their fast footwork carried them well into Cambridge territory, and a score seemed inevitable when the Oxford men got clean away. But Roos dropped a short pass and missed a golden opportunity.

A spasmodic Cambridge onslaught followed during which the ball was taken up to within a couple of yards of the Oxford line. Then MacDonald fell when everybody was ready to cheer a score.

OXFORD SCORE FIRST

Oxford recovered and went back to a sustained attack which finally resulted in Downes fumbling the ball and Renwick picking up to cross the line. Brett easily converted.

Cambridge fought back brilliantly and twice got within five yards of their objective, but found the Oxford defence in magnificent form.

However Roden, who played a wonderful game throughout, eventually sent over a long reverse pass when being tackled and Wilton, securing a bullet-like pass, went over the line. Forrest did not convert.

After a free kick MacDonald received in his own half and made a dash for the line. He was caught by Freakes on the wrong foot, but managed to go over for a try. Forrest again failed with the kick.

At half time Cambridge led 6-5.

In the early stages of the second half Percy was through when he was checked by Forrest and Downes, but Oxford continued to attack, a wonderful kick by Freakes putting them a yard from the line.

Freakes' kicking was tremendous, and if Oxford had not been penalised so often, would probably have scored many tries.

Cambridge were allowed little breathing space, but the forwards, with the ball at their feet, allowed During a rush Inglis hurt his knee and retired for a few minutes.

There was a terrific struggle in the closing stages, the last thrills being when the Cambridge backs and forwards went the whole length of the field only to fail, and when a penalty kick by Brett of Oxford dropped a

foot short, Roden picking up the ball on the line.

There was no further scoring and Cambridge won a grand game by 6-5.

GAME SUMMED UP

London, Dec. 8. Summing up the game, Reuter in a special message, says that Oxford had a greater share of the exchanges but Cambridge were better opportunists.

Cambridge backs combined better. The Oxford backs kicked much too often and got into offside positions after making leading movements.

The wet and heavy conditions should have suited Oxford, who pack was the heaviest for many years, but although they were superior in the scrum and loose, the backs lacked finishing power.

Prince Obolensky was very much missed.

WELSH RUGBY UNDER A CLOUD

"Rough Stuff" Introduced More Than Once

Welsh Rugby is under a cloud as a result of happenings on Welsh grounds, beginning with the Richmond-Swansea match and culminating in the Swansea-Llanelli affair and the ordering off of two players.

Apart from the actual incidents, the decision to cancel fixtures between the clubs is a serious matter, and cannot pass without official notice, as there appears little likelihood of the clubs meeting again.

Throughout the season there has been a tendency in some first class and second class matches to introduce "rough stuff" into the play, and the probability now is that the governing body will instruct their referees to act promptly and drastically in future against any players who gave the least indication of kicking over the traces.

The East Glamorgan Rugby Union are to take the first step to deal with rough play, at a conference. Urgent steps, they say, are needed to maintain the good name of the game in East Glamorgan.

It is reported that fists have been flying at other grounds than Swansea and there has been a general tendency of players to "inch on" when the referee orders a free kick. Immediately he turns his back on the players standing on the spot indicated as the point of offence, they scuffle forward. At most the gain is only a few yards, but it is irritating to opponents, and unfair.

WON £500, FOUND OUT, SUSPENDED

English Football Official And Betting Pools

Wolverton (Bucks). Because he won £500 for a penny in a football pool it was discovered that Mr. James W. Gee, 33 years on Berke and Bucks Football Association Council, was taking part in football pool betting, and he has been suspended for life under Football Association rules.

Mr. Gee said in an interview: "It is bad luck. Only by chance did any one get to know about it. I am not ashamed in the least. I think it is just a case of being found out. There are others doing the same thing."

"I have been taking part in these pools for years, but always under my late wife's name. When I won the prize five weeks ago I was sent a cheque in her name and I endorsed it in her name."

"My wife had died last July, and the signature could not therefore be correct, and I was found out."

"The Berke and Bucks Association had to see the matter through and were given no alternative but to ask me to resign. Unfortunately their letter asking me to resign went to my old address, and I was unable to answer before they suspended me, and the whole matter became public."

"I admire the Football Association for trying to keep the game clean, and I have no grudge against any of its officials, but I do think it is a grandiosely policy to object to pool betting."

"I won my prize by getting 14 results right out of 15 in the penny line. As I had only six tries it cost me only 6d. I do not see how the integrity of football can be endangered by that sort of harmless betting."

Mr. Gee is 60 years old, looks 40. He was to have presided at the North Bucks Football League, with silver plate.

"I shall not be able to do that now," he said. "I must even resign from my vice-presidency of the LMS Works Club. I am finished with football for the rest of my life."

"But I am £500 richer and quite unashamed. The money will let me buy my house and leave £200 to help me when I retire in five years' time."

Mr. Gee is a millwright at the LMS carriage works, Wolverton. Rule 43 of the Football Association says:—

"An official of an association or club, referee, linesman or player, proved to have taken part in coupon football betting shall be permanently suspended from taking any part in football or football management. In the case of a breach of this rule, any player, official, or spectator may be removed from any ground, and such force used as may be necessary for the purpose of effecting such removal."

A high-contrast, black and white photograph of a mechanical device, possibly a clock or meter, with a circular face and a rectangular label above it. The image is heavily textured with noise.

A black and white photograph showing a man and a woman standing in front of a building. The man, on the right, is wearing a light-colored shirt, a dark tie, and a wide-brimmed hat. He is holding a book or a folder. The woman, on the left, is wearing a dark dress and holding a large, light-colored parasol. The building in the background has a balcony with a railing. The image is grainy and has a high-contrast, vintage feel.

KING'S

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

HAIL HAIL THE GANG'S ALL HERE!... And so is the grandest film howl of the month!

WE WENT TO COLLEGE

CHARLES BUTTERWORTH
WALTER ABEL
HUGH HERBERT
UNA MERKEL
EDITH ATWATER

Directed by HARRY RAY
The old grade set back—and how they let themselves go! Romance again, campus high-larks, picture circle—as a great cast of funsters leads the length parade!



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A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

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The wrath of a city rises against the shame of a nation... mob control!

FRED STONE
GRAND JURY

Owen Davis, Jr.
Louise Latimer
Directed by ALBERT S. ROYAL
RADIO PICTURE



ALSO: March of Time & Colour Cartoon

FRIDAY : GINGER ROGERS & FRED ASTAIRE in "SWING TIME"

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A GRAND COMEDY MYSTERY PICTURE!

ONE HOUR THEY COULDN'T ACCOUNT FOR... cast a shadow of the past... a mystery of the present... across their love!

LORETTA
You
FRANCHOT
Tone
a film full of laughs and hits!
The UNGUARDED HOUR

with **LEWIS STONE** **ROLAND YOUNG**
JESSIE RALPH **DUDLEY DIGGES**

"CEILING ZERO" James Cagney Fat O'Brien

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WHEN AT HOME

The Hongkong Telegraph
MAY BE PURCHASED AT
SELFRIDGE'S

PARIS TO TUNIS ON FIRST HOP

PERAUD AND DENIS SET FAST PACE
HEADING FOR TOKYO

Tunis, Dec. 8. On a sky-trail few have flown, which leads them from Paris to Tokyo, Jean Peraud and Gilbert Denis, two brilliant French pilots, arrived here from Paris to-day, having completed this first leg of their long flight in something less than seven hours.

Starting from Paris at 9.38 a.m., they set a powerful machine down in this African city at 3.15 p.m. the same day.

They are attempting to lower the record for the flight and thus qualify for the prize of 400,000 francs which the Ministry of Transport is offering. The daring young aviator, Japy, who arrived at Hongkong recently on his ill-fated race to Tokyo from Le Bourget, was alone on his adventure. He scarcely slept at all during his flight—which probably accounted for the fact of his flying into a mountain-side when nearing his goal in Japan. But Peraud and Denis are both competent at the controls, and while one rests the other can still drive their roaring plane along the course prescribed.—Reuter.

MERMOZ STILL MISSING

Paris, Dec. 8. Germany has ordered the aircraft carrier Dorn to join in the search for the French flier Mermoz, missing over the Atlantic on a mail route test flight. The freighters Cipton and Jean Louis Dreyfuss have also sent wireless reports that they are searching for the lost airman.—United Press.

40 PERISH AS BUILDING COLLAPSES

Women, Children Chief Victims

Lisbon, Dec. 8. Forty people were killed and over a hundred injured at a meeting of a Catholic society at Leiria, when a school building collapsed, owing to overcrowding. Most of the victims are women and children.—Reuter.

Girl Guilty In "Dope" Trial

MARIA WENDT FACES LONG PRISON TERM

Los Angeles, Dec. 8. A Federal Court jury has found Maria Wendt, pretty Shanghai girl, guilty of smuggling \$100,000 worth of narcotics into the United States, cleverly concealed in the compartments of trunks.

The girl was arrested in San Pedro aboard a Japanese ship, and though it is known she had accomplices, she alone was taken. It was suggested in defence that she was merely the innocent tool of unscrupulous "dope" runners.

Since she has been in custody, Maria Wendt has twice attempted to take her own life, the last time by swallowing poison.

She faces a long prison term.—United Press.

Big Output Of Aircraft

CHINA IS AMERICA'S BEST CUSTOMER

Washington, Dec. 8. The Bureau of Air Commerce reported to-day that American manufacturers had produced 2,197 planes in the first nine months of 1936, an increase of 68 per cent. compared with last year's output. Of the total, 573 were military machines.

China is America's biggest customer in the aeroplane market, taking 112 planes since the beginning of 1936. The Argentine has purchased 41, Mexico 33, Canada 27, Japan 15, and Russia and Spain one each.—United Press.

Appearing on remand before Mr. J. A. Fraser at the Central Magistracy this morning on a charge of possession of 100 heroin pills at Ko Shing Street on November 26, a 19-year-old youth, Li Hui, was sentenced to three months' hard labour. Defendant said that a seaman of the steamer Chakrang gave him the pills. Inspector Hourihan said defendant was taken on board the steamer, but no one on board knew him.

THREE ON MYSTERY FLIGHT

HURRY TO CANNES FROM CROYDON USING KING'S PLANE?

London, Dec. 8. Much curiosity is being exhibited here regarding a mysterious aeroplane which left Croydon this morning for Cannes. After an hour's delay, owing to bad weather conditions, the aeroplane flew on from Le Bourget, Paris, despite the storm, which was still undiminished.

The occupants are stated to be three men. One report says they are Home Office officials. A cordon of gendarmes guarded the aerodrome, both at Le Bourget and at Lyons, where the plane was expected to refuel. Nobody was allowed to approach the landing fields.—Reuter.

Off For Marseilles

Lyons, Dec. 8. The mystery plane from Croydon, en route to Cannes, departed for Marseilles after refueling here.—Reuter.

Passengers Identified

Marseilles, Dec. 8. A plane from Croydon, England, carrying three passengers, landed here to-day. Its occupants are expected to remain here until tomorrow. The passengers are reported to be a Dr. Kirkwood, Mr. Theodore Goddard, Mrs. Ernest Simpson's solicitor, and a clerk.

While the pilot and wireless operator of the plane remained at the airport, the three passengers drove to Marseilles proper by taxi. The plane is remaining at the airport until tomorrow.

Leave For Cannes

The three passengers of the plane from Croydon, it was announced later, after dining at a local hotel, left by motor car for Cannes.—Reuter.

Mrs. Simpson Well

Cannes, Dec. 8. Lord Brownlow, who is Lord-in-Waiting to His Majesty the King, and who yesterday issued on Mrs. Ernest Simpson's behalf a statement which has been interpreted in the London press as a renunciation of that lady's love for His Majesty, to-day issued a further announcement. Mrs. Simpson, he said, would remain at Cannes over Christmas. He added that Mrs. Simpson was keeping well.—Reuter.

King's Plane?

Paris, Dec. 8. A mysterious plane, believed to belong to King Edward, passed through Paris en route to Cannes from Croydon to-day, piloted by Capt. C. J. Almon and carrying three passengers, including two members of the law firm of Theodore Goddard and Company, which represented Mrs. Simpson in her recent divorce suit.

The presence of the solicitors caused considerable speculation as it is recalled that in English law it is not necessary to wait for the prescribed six months before divorce decree nisi can be made final, providing the court can be shown good reason adequate reason might be the necessity of the complainant remaining abroad for a protracted period, it is thought.—United Press.

Solicitor Arrives

Cannes, Dec. 8. Lord Brownlow stated this evening that Mrs. Simpson's solicitor, who has arrived at Marseilles by aeroplane, is coming to Cannes at his own suggestion to discuss details with regard to the disposal of Mrs. Simpson's town house, as she has no intention of returning to London for a considerable time.—Reuter.

Attorneys Arrive

Cannes, Dec. 8. Mr. Theodore Goddard and Mr. Sydney Barron, Mrs. Simpson's attorneys, have arrived here, together with her physician, Dr. Douglas Kirkwood.—United Press.

Frost Disrupts London Traffic

MANY ACCIDENTS ON SLIPPERY ROADS

London, Dec. 8. Serious disruption of early morning traffic occurred in all parts of Greater London as the result of sharp frost, following rain.

Conductor rails were frozen, preventing the operation of the electric-train service on several routes. Road traffic was brought to a standstill in many places, especially at both ends of major hills—and there were many minor accidents.

Pedestrians also found footways almost unusable, and hundreds of cases of injuries from falls were treated in the hospital.—British Wireless.

FLOODS RAVAGE ANATOLIA

OVER 300 PERISH; THOUSANDS STARVE
50,000 LEFT HOMELESS

Istanbul, Dec. 8. Over 300 persons have been drowned in a flood disaster at Odana, South Anatolia, thousands are injured and 50,000 are suffering from cold and starvation, and are wandering aimlessly about, practically unclothed.

The whole of the cotton and orange plantations of the once fertile area are destroyed.—Reuter Bulletin Service.

"BOY" STEALS JEWELLERY

RESTITUTION ORDER AND GAOL

A 21-year-old Chinese "boy" who betrayed a trust, appeared before Mr. Macdwyen at Kowloon Magistrate's this morning charged with the larceny of two rings and a pair of gold cuff links, valued at \$170 in all. Defendant was Cheung Hon, of No. 11, Cheungshawan Road, who admitted the jewellery from Mr. Rhamat Khan's house at No. 82, Un Chau Street, on November 15, when he was left in charge.

It was stated that defendant once worked for complainant, and, after he was dismissed, was in the habit of visiting the house to take tea. One day he was in charge and the jewellery was later missed. When accused, he admitted the theft and revealed where he had pawned the rings for \$60 and sold the cuff links for \$43.

The Magistrate sentenced defendant to three months' imprisonment and ordered him to pay \$70 amends to complainant or serve another six weeks. The rings were to be redeemed for half the price for which they were pawned.

PEAK LADY CHARGED

DANGEROUS DOG SUMMONS FAILS

Mrs. D. G. McAvoy, of 502 The Peak, was summoned before Mr. K. Keen at the Central Magistracy this morning on a charge of having kept a dangerous dog and failing to keep it under proper control at 4.30 p.m. on November 10. She pleaded not guilty.

Sub-Inspector McEwen said the summons was taken out on the instructions of the Postmaster General as on November 10 a postman had been bitten at defendant's address.

Explaining, Mrs. McAvoy said that on the day in question she was talking to her servant in the pantry. Her dog was barking and the postman entered the pantry without her knowing it and touched her with a parcel of letters. Her dog then began barking and when the postman started running it made a snap at the man's legs, scratching him slightly. There was no blood from the scratch. She treated the man, after which he left. There was no necessity of the man entering the house at all.

Mr. Keen remarked that he did not consider the dog to be dangerous, and Inspector McEwen agreed. Dismissing the case, Mr. Keen said: "It seems to me that the dog was more or less protecting its mistress."

MUI-TSAI CASE

CHANGE OF ADDRESS NOT NOTIFIED

A widow, Chan Li-ze, aged 60, appeared before Mr. J. A. Fraser at the Central Magistracy this morning, summoned with failing to report the change of address of her registered mui-tai Li Ho, aged 15, from No. 355 Wellington Street, third floor, to No. 37 Staunton Street, first floor. Inspector H. W. Fraser, attached to the Secretariat of Chinese Affairs, said that on November 9 last, a lady inspector visited No. 355 Wellington Street, for the purpose of seeing the girl. She was informed by neighbours that defendant had removed to another address. A few days later, a report was made by defendant's daughter that defendant was about to take the girl to the country, and it was then discovered that she had removed to Staunton Street. Defendant had been warned once before by the S. C. A. for failing to report the change of address of her mui-tai.

The girl was exceptionally well treated, and had very little work to do in the house. There were so many girls missing that, through the publicity of the press, it was hoped to keep the fact before the public.

Defendant said she fell ill after returning from the country, and was unable to report to the S. C. A. Remarkable that there were extenuating circumstances, his Worship imposed a fine of \$10.

The St. Francis Home for Street Sleepers acknowledges collections by Inter-Panchnal Committee at St. Joseph's Church on Sunday amounting to \$107.

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FRIDAY & SATURDAY
FRED ASTAIRE & GINGER ROGERS in "SWING TIME"

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A CHARMING MUSICAL COMEDY!
"LA VIE PARISIENNE"

(PARISIENNE LIFE)

A UNITED ARTISTS BRITISH PICTURE

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